ANNEXURE A

Bachelor of Computer Applications / Bachelor of Computer Applications (Honours)

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)

- **PSO1.** Explore concepts & processes of computer applications (logic & programming, software development, data analytics etc.) and experience a conducive environment in cultivating skills for thriving professional career and higher studies.
- **PSO2.** Develop, evaluate and propose ideas and computer application solutions to real computing problems, culminating into a modern, easy to use tool, by a larger section of the society with longevity.
- **PSO3.** Adapt to rapid changes in tools, technology & work environment with an understanding of societal responsibilities, professional ethics, and good interpersonal skills as an individual & team leader, relevant to computer application professionals.
- **PSO4.** Pursue higher studies, undertake research, take up professional careers in the IT & ITeS sector, or become Entrepreneurs.

Goa University Programme Structure for Semester I to VIII Under Graduate Programme - Computer Applications (Revised)

Semester	Major -Core	Minor	МС	AEC	SEC	I	D	VAC	Total Credits	Exit
I	Major- 1 CSA-100 (Problem Solving and	Minor -1 CSA-111 (Computer System Fundamentals) (4T) OR CSA-112	MC-1 CSA-131 (E-Commerce) (3T) OR	One course to be opted from the available ability enhancement courses approved by the Board of Studies in English	SEC-1 CSA- 141 (Office Automation and PC Troubleshooti ng) (1T + 2P) OR CSA-142 (Python Programming) (1T + 2P)			Two courses to be opted from the available common value added courses approved by the respective Board of Studies.	20	
II	Programming) (3T+ 1P)	(Open Source Software) (4T)	MC-2 CSA-132 (Green Computing) (3T)	One course to be opted from the available ability enhancement courses approved by the Board of Studies in English	SEC-2 CSA- 143 (Data Analytics using Spreadsheets) (1T + 2P) OR CSA-144 (2D Animation) (1T + 2P)			Two courses to be opted from the available common value added courses approved by the respective Board of Studies.	20	EXT-1 CSA- 161 (PC Troublesho oting & Networkin g) (2T + 2P)

111	Major- 2 CSA-200 (Data Structures) (3T+1P) Major- 3 CSA-201 (Database Management Systems) (3T+1P)	Minor -3 CSA-211 (Reasoning Techniques) (3T + 1 Tutorial) OR CSA-212 (Techpreunership Development) (3T + 1 Tutorial) OR CSA-213 (Computer Organization & Architecture Fundamentals) (3T + 1P)	MC-3 CSA-231 (Cyber Law and Ethics) (3T) OR CSA-232 (Digital Ecosystem) (3T) OR CSA-233 (Website Design) (2T+1P) OR CSA-234 (ERP) (2T+1P) OR CSA-235 (Latex) (2T+1P) OR CSA-235 (Latex) (2T+1P)	One course to be opted from the available ability enhancement courses approved by the concerned Board of Studies	SEC-3 CSA- 241 (Multimedia Applications) (1T + 2P) OR CSA-242 (Search Engine Optimization) (1T + 2P) OR CSA-243 (3D Animation) (1T + 2P)		20	
IV	Major-4 CSA-202 (Web App Development) (3P + 1Tutorial) Major-5 CSA-203 (Agile Methodologies) (3T+1P) Major-6 CSA-204 (Object Oriented Concepts) (3T+1P) Major-7 CSA-205 (Web Technology) (2T)	Minor-4 VET CSA-221 (Digital Marketing Fundamentals) (3T + 1P) OR CSA-222 (Data Analysis) (3T + 1P) OR CSA-223 (Advanced JavaScript) (3T + 1 P)	(2T+1P)	One course to be opted from the available ability enhancement courses approved by the concerned Board of Studies			20	EXT-2 CSA- 261 (Digital Media Marketing & Analytics) (2T + 2P)

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	Major-8 CSA-300	Minor VET -5			CSA-361		20	
	(UI- UX Design)	CSA-321			Summer			
	(3T+1P)	(Internship)			Internsh			
		(4)			ір			
	Major- 9 CSA-301				(2)			
	, (Full Stack							
	Development)							
	(3P + 1Tutorial)							
v	Major- 10 CSA-302							
	(Cloud Computing)							
	(3T + 1P)							
	Major- 11 CSA-303							
	(Internet							
	Technologies)							
	(2T)							
	Major-12 CSA-304	Minor VET-6 CSA-					20	
	(Cyber Security)	323 (Social						
	(3T + 1P)	Media Marketing						
		& Analytics)						
	Major- 13 CSA-305	(3T + 1P)						
	(Mobile App	OR						
	Development)	CSA-324 (E-						
	(3P + 1 Tutorial)	Commerce						
VI		Applications)						
	Major- 14 CSA-306	(3T + 1P)						
	(Machine	OR						
	Learning)	CSA-325 (Modern						
	(3T + 1P)	Frameworks)						
	· · · · · ·	(3T + 1P)						
	Major- 15 CSA-307							
	(Project)							
	(4)							
	1 17							

					20	
	Major-16 CSA-400	Minor -7 CSA-411			20	
	(Statistical Tools)	(Project				
	(3T + 1P)	Management)				
		(3T + 1P)				
	Major- 17 CSA-401	OR				
	(DevOps)	CSA-412				
	(3P + 1 Tutorial)	(Dashboard				
		Development)				
VII	Major- 18 CSA-402	(3T + 1P)				
	(Software Design	OR				
	Patterns)	CSA-413				
	(3T + 1P)	(Introduction to				
		Quantum				
	Major- 19 CSA-403	Computing)				
	(NLP Applications)	(3T + 1P)				
	(3T + 1P)					
	Major-20 CSA-404	Minor-8 CSA-414			20	
	(Introduction to	(Interactive				
	Functional	Media)				
	Programming)	(3T + 1P)				
	(3T + 1P)	OR				
		CSA-415 (Game				
	Major-21 CSA-405	Design)				
	(Information	(3T + 1P)				
	Systems Audit)	OR				
VIII	(3T + 1 Tutorial)	CSA-416				
VIII		(Educational				
	Major- 22 CSA-406	Technology)				
	(Internet of Things)	(3T + 1P)				
	(3T + 1P)	OR				
		CSA-417				
	Major- 23 CSA-407	(Blockchain				
	(Research	Technology)				
	Methodology)	(3T + 1P)				
	(3T + 1P)					
	(

First Year - Semester I and Semester II

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-100 Title of the Course: Problem-Solving and Programming Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the	None	
Course Course Objectives:	 To understand the concepts and techniques of problem-solving To analyze, understand, and build logic to solve basic problems To design Algorithms and flowcharts for better understanding and documentation for accurate implementation of the problem To code and implement a well-structured, robust programming suitable programming language. 	n.
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T+30P)
	 Introduction to Problem Solving Problem-Solving Life Cycle — Understanding the Problem Statement, Analyzing the Problem, using Hierarchy charts, and Expressing Program logic using flowcharts / Pseudocode. Structured Programming concept Modular Programming-Top-Down Design, Bottom-Up Design, Stepwise Refinement Understanding basic Problem Solving Tools Algorithms: Definition and Attributes, Algorithm Constructs, Statements: Input-Output, Decision-making, and Looping, Examples Flowchart: Definition and its attributes, symbols, Statements: Input-Output, Decision-Making & Looping, Module representation, Drawing conventions and standards, Examples. Pseudo-code: Definition and its attributes, constructs, and 	15
	 Fiscado code: Definition and its attributes, constructs, and Examples Basic Program Structures Data and its types (Integer, Floating-point, Character, String), Constants and variables, scope, instructions, and their types, how the computer stores data, Operators (Arithmetic, Assignment, 	

 Relational, Logical, etc), Expressions and Equations, Evaluation of expressions, and keywords. Local and Global Variables, Parameters, return values, naming conventions and standards, Understanding literals, syntax and semantics, functions, and modules. 	
 Basic Sequential Instructions Sequential statements using operators, constants, variables, operands, expressions, and equations. Activity: Apply the concepts learn to design the algorithms of at least 2 basic problems. Represent it using flowchart and pseudo-code. Debugging & Documentation Definition, Types, Need, and how to do it. Problem-solving with Decisions The Decision Logic Structure, Multiple If/Then/Else 	15
 Inc. Decision Logic Structure, Multiple II/Inch/Lisc Instructions, Using Straight-Through Logic, Using Positive and Negative Logic, Logic Conversion, Decision Tables, and Case Logic Structure. Activity: Apply the concepts learned to design the algorithms for at least 4 basic problems. Represent it using flowchart and pseudo-code. 	
 Problem Solving with Loops The Loop Logic Structure, Incrementing, Accumulating, While/While End, Repeat/Until, Automatic-Counter Loop, Nested Loops, Indicators (flags). Iterating, accessing, and modifying array elements. Activity: Apply the concepts learnt to design the algorithms of at least 3 basic problems. Represent it using flowchart and pseudo-code. 	15
 Problem Solving with Arrays Arrays Concepts: One-dimensional Arrays, Creating, Concept of Strings, String as an array of characters. Activity: Apply the concepts learnt to design the algorithms of at least 3 basic problems. Represent it using flowchart and pseudo-code. Understanding functions Functions: Definition and its need and constructs, designing 	

	 simpler functions, function communication using arguments, and return statements. scope of functions, function declaration and prototype, call by Value, and Call by reference. Concept of Recursive functions: why, when, and how. Designing recursive functions and recursive calls. Basecase and recursive case. 	
	 Apply the concepts learnt to design the algorithms of at least three basic problems. Represent it using flowchart and pseudo code 	
IV	pseudo-code. Practical work	Practical
	Using any suitable programming language like C, the concepts learned in the units from I to III are required to be implemented practically. The broad area of practical problems is mentioned/ suggested below.	Hours(30)
Week 1 & 2	1. For each of the following tasks, write a set of numbered, step-by-	04
[These practical's should be done using pen, paper,and using buddy learning	step instructions (a solution) so complete that another person can perform the task without asking questions. Define the knowledge base of this person by listing what you expect the person to know to follow your directions. For example, for task "a" (below), make a cup of cocoa, the knowledge base might include such things as knowledge of milk or water, a refrigerator,	
strategy]	 pan, spoon, cocoa, cup, range top or microwave, and so forth. a. Make a cup of cocoa. b. Sharpen a pencil. c. Walk from the classroom to the student lounge, your dorm, or the cafeteria. d. Start a car(include directions regarding what to do if the car doesn't start). e. Get a glass of water from your kitchen. 	
	 f. Start your computer. 2. Test your solution in problem 1 by giving your instructions to another person to see whether he or she can accomplish the task without your help. If they can't, modify your solution so that the person can accomplish the task. Check the solution again by Giving the instructions to another person. 	
Week3 &4	 3. Basic Program Structures At least 10 basic programming problems related to Module II to be completed during the practical sessions. More programs may be given to the learners to complete and practice as part of their Practice Work. 	04

Week5 &6	4. Basic Sequential Instructions	04
Weeks &o	• At least 08 programming problems to be completed during the	04
	practical sessions.	
	• More programs may be given to the learners to complete and	
	practice as part of their Practice Work.	
	5. Debugging & Documentation	
	• Debug & Document at-least 02 problems.	
	• More programs may be given to the learners to complete and	
	practice as part of their Practice Work.	
Week7, 8&9	6. Problem Solving with Decisions	06
	• At least 08 programming problems to be completed during the	
	practical sessions.	
	 Debug & Document at least 02 problems. 	
	 More programs may be given to the learners to complete and 	
	practice as part of their Practice Work.	
Week10 &11	6. Problem Solving with Loops	04
	• At least 08 programming problems to be completed during the	
	practical sessions.	
	 Debug & Document at least 02 problems. 	
	 More programs may be given to the learners to complete and 	
	practice as part of their Practice Work.	
Week12 &13	7. Understanding functions	04
	 At least 08 programming problems to be completed during the 	
	practical sessions.	
	• Debug & Document at least 02 problems.	
	 More programs may be given to the learners to complete and practice as part of their Practice Work. 	
	· · ·	04
Week14 &15	8. Problem Solving with Arrays	04
	• At least 08 programming problems to be completed during the	
	practical sessions.	
	Debug & Document at least 02 problems.	
	 More programs may be given to the learners to complete and practice as part of their Practice Work. 	
Pedagogy:	Suggestedstrategiesforusetoacceleratetheattainmentofthevarious	course
	outcomes.	
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture meth	
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to atta	ain the
	outcomes. You may use	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.	
	 Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the which promotes critical thinking 	class,
	which promotes critical thinking.	

	 Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design,
	evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world when that's
	possible, it helps improve the student's understanding
	7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment (equivalent to 50%
	assignment weightage) where they can complete one MOOCs (certificate or
	equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through
	quizzes or presentations.
References/	Main Reading:
Readings:	1. Forouzan, B.A., & Gilberg, R.F. (2007). <i>A Structured Programming</i>
	Approach Using C. Cengage Learning India.
	2. Kuppuswamy, S., Malliga, S., Kanimozhi Selvi, C.S., & Kousalya, K. (2019).
	Problem Solving and Programming. Tata McGraw Hill.
	3. Sprankle, M., & Hubbard, J.(2013). <i>Problem-solving and Programming</i>
	Concepts. Pearson Education India.
	Additional Reading:
	1. K. N. King (2008). C Programming: A Modern Approach, 2nd Edition
	2nd Edition, W. W. Norton & Company
	2. Perry Greg, Miller Dean (2013). C Programming Absolute Beginner's
	Guide 3rd Edition, Kindle Edition. Que Publishing.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember the basic concepts and terminologies of problem-solving,
	algorithms, flowcharts, pseudo-code, language syntax, and debugging.
	CO2. Understand basic computing concepts, algorithm design, flowchart design,
	pseudo-code, programming constructs, and debugging.
	CO3. Apply problem-solving and programming concepts and design solutions to
	simpler problems using algorithms, flowcharts, and pseudocode.
	CO4. Code, debug, and analyze well-structured programming logic using suitable
	Programming language/s.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-111 Title of the Course: Computer System Fundamentals Number of Credits: 4T Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites	Nil	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 To remember the basics of computers, Computer Organization, Number Systems, process management, memory management, I/O Management File management concepts. To understand the concepts of process management, memory system devices, and File Management Systems To apply the concepts of process management in handling deadlock s To analyze the appropriate type of memory for a given scenario. 	ent, and ns, I/O
Units	Content	No of hours 60
	 Fundamentals of Computer Evolution of Computer Operating Systems – Definition, Introduction to Major Functions/Services, OS Structure, Relationship between Kernel, OS, Hardware, Block Diagram of computer, Evolution of Computers - Computer Generations Computer Organization: Input Unit, Output Unit, Structure and functions of Central Processing Unit, Arithmetic Logic Unit, and Control Unit, Von Neumann Machine Architecture, Computer Function – Top Level View, Instruction Cycle with and without interrupts (State diagram), Classes of Interrupts, Multiple interrupts, Interconnection structures, Bus Interconnection. Number System Conversion(Binary, Decimal, Octal, Hexa-Decimal), Data Representation, Binary Arithmetic, One's and Two's Complement. 	15
11	 Processes & Process Management Process Definition, Process Control Block, Process States, Operations on Process. Threads	15

	Introduction, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms.	
	Concurrency/Process Coordination	
	Synchronization Principles, Mutual Exclusion, The Critical-Section	
	Problem, Peterson's Solution	
	Deadlock	
	Principles, Deadlock Handling Methods, Deadlock Prevention,	
	Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, Recovery from	
	Deadlock	
	Memory Management	15
	 Memory Management Concepts 	
	Memory Partitioning (Fixed and dynamic), Swapping, Paging, and	
	Segmentation.	
	Virtual Memory	
	Introduction, Demand Paging, Page Replacement- Algorithms,	
	Thrashing.	
	Cache Memory	
	Characteristics of Memory Systems, Memory Hierarchy, Cache	
	Memory Principles.	
	Internal Memory	
	Semiconductor main memory–SRAM, DRAM, Types of ROM.	
	External Memory	
	Magnetic Disk, SSD, Optical memory, Magnetic Tape	
IV	Input/Output and File Management	15
IV	Input/Output and File Management I/O Management 	15
IV		15
IV	• I/O Management	15
IV	 I/O Management I/O devices, Organization of I/O (programmed, interrupt driven and 	15
IV	 I/O Management I/O devices, Organization of I/O (programmed, interrupt driven and DMA), I/O Buffering, Disk Scheduling- Algorithms, RAID. 	15
IV	 I/O Management I/O devices, Organization of I/O (programmed, interrupt driven and DMA), I/O Buffering, Disk Scheduling- Algorithms, RAID. File Management Overview–File and File Systems, File Structure, File Management System, File Organization and Access, File Directories, Directory 	15
	 I/O Management I/O devices, Organization of I/O (programmed, interrupt driven and DMA), I/O Buffering, Disk Scheduling- Algorithms, RAID. File Management Overview–File and File Systems, File Structure, File Management System, File Organization and Access, File Directories, Directory Structure, File Sharing, 	
IV Pedagogy:	 I/O Management I/O devices, Organization of I/O (programmed, interrupt driven and DMA), I/O Buffering, Disk Scheduling- Algorithms, RAID. File Management Overview–File and File Systems, File Structure, File Management System, File Organization and Access, File Directories, Directory Structure, File Sharing, Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various comparison of the various comparison	
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Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course code: CSA-112 Title of the Course: Open-Source Software Number of Credits: 4T Effective from AY:2024-25

Prerequisite	None	
for the		
Course:		
Course Objectives:	 To remember the significance of Open-Source software practices and guidelines To understand the Open-Source ecosystem, its use, impact, and impo To apply open-source methodologies, &case studies with real-life exa To collaborate and contribute to Open-Source Projects 	rtance.
Unit	Content	No of Hours 60
I	 Introduction to Open-Source Software Open Source, Free Software, Free Software vs. Open-Source Software, Public Domain Software, FOSS does not mean no cost. History: BSD, The Free Software Foundation, and the GNU Project. Methodologies Open-Source History, Initiatives, Principles, and methodologies. Philosophy: Software Freedom, Open Source Development Model Licenses and Patents: What Is A License, Important FOSS Licenses (Apache, BSD, GPL, LGPL), copyrights and copy lefts, Patents Economics of FOSS: Zero Marginal Cost, Income-generation opportunities, Problems with traditional commercial software, Internationalization. 	15
I	 Social Impact Open source vs. closed source, Open-source government, Open-source ethics. Social and financial impacts of open-source technology, Shared software, Shared source, and Open Source in Government. Case studies Example Projects: Apache web server, GNU/Linux, Android, Mozilla (Firefox), Wikipedia, Drupal, WordPress, GCC, GDB, GitHub, Open Office. Study: Understanding the developmental models, licensing, mode of funding, and commercial/non-commercial use. Open-source Hardware, Open-Source Design, Open-Source Teaching. Open-source media. 	15

III	Collaboration, Community, and Communication Contributing to Open-	15
	Source Projects	
	• Introduction to Git Hub, interacting with the community on Git	
	Hub, Communication and etiquette, testing open-source code,	
	reporting issues, and contributing code.	
	 Introduction to Wikipedia, contributing to Wikipedia, or 	
	contributing	
	to any prominent open-source project of the student's choice.	
	 Starting and Maintaining own Open-Source Project 	
IV	Understanding Open-Source Ecosystem	15
	• Open-Source Operating Systems: GNU/Linux, Android, Free BSD,	
	Open Solaris. Open-source hardware, Virtualization Technologies,	
	Containerization Technologies: Docker, Development tools, IDEs,	
	debuggers, Programming languages, LAMP, Open Source database	
	technologies	
Pedagogy:	1. Course delivery pattern, evaluation scheme, and prerequisite shall be dis	scussed
	at the beginning.	
	2. Lectures preferably to be conducted with the aid of a multi-media project	ctor,
	blackboard, group activities, charts, cases, etc.	,
	3. One internal written exam would be conducted as a part of the internal f	theory
	evaluation.	7
	4. One assignment based on the course content may be given to the studer	nts to
	evaluate how the learning of objectives was achieved.	
References:	Main Reading:	
	1. Fogel, K. (2009). The Open Source Way: Openness and Collaboration	
	Principles for Life. O'Reilly Media.	
	2. Fogel, K. (2005). Producing Open Source Software: How to Run a Succe	essful
	Free Software Project. O'Reilly Media.	
	3. Hassan, N. A. (2018). Open Source Intelligence Methods and Tools: A	
	Practical Guide to Online Intelligence. Apress.	
	4. Raymond, E. S. (1999). The Cathedral & the Bazaar: Musings on Linux a	ind
	Open Source by an Accidental Revolutionary. O'Reilly Media.	
	Additional Reading:	
	1. Das, S. (2017).UNIX: Concepts and Applications. Tata McGraw Hill Educ	ation.
	2. DiBona, C., Cooper, D., & Stone, M. (Eds.). (2005). Open Sources 2.0: Tl	
	Continuing Evolution. O'Reilly Media.	
	3. Helmke, M., Joseph , E.K., Rey, J.A., Ballew, P., & Hill, B.M. (2014). The Of	ficial
	Ubuntu Book. Prentice Hall.	
	4. Whitehurst, J. (2015). The Open Organization: Igniting Passion and	
	Performance. Harvard Business Review Press.	

Learning	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember the significance of Open-Source software practices and guidelines.
	CO2. Understand the Open-Source ecosystem, its use, impact, and importance.
	CO3. Apply Open-Source methodologies, and case studies with real-life examples.
	CO4.Collaborate and contribute to Open-Source Projects

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-131 Title of the Course: E-Commerce Number of Credits: 3T Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites	None	
for the		
Course:		
Course	1. To give a fundamental understanding of e-commerce and online ma	arketing
Objectives:	2. To instill ideas of Search Engine Optimization and Marketing, Applic	ations of
	e-commerce and digital payments	
	3. To identify, define and differentiate the e-commerce models and ris	sks of
	electronic commerce.	
		No. of
Units	Content	Hours
		45
I	Introduction to Electronic Commerce: Meaning, Nature, and scope of	15
	e-commerce, History of e-commerce, Business applications of e-	
	commerce, E-Commerce Models(B2B, B2C, C2C, B2G), Advantages	
	and Disadvantages of e-commerce, Applications of M-Commerce.	
	E-Commerce Web-sites: Websites as a marketplace, Role of the	
	website in B2C e-commerce, Website design principles, Alternative	
	methods of customer communication such as e-mail, Email etiquette,	
	and e-mail security.	
	Online Marketing: Online marketing and advertising, Push and pull	
	approaches, Web counters, Web advertisements, Content marketing,	
	Need of Digital Marketing for an e-commerce Business.	
II	Search Engine Optimization: Search Engine Optimization (SEO),	15
	Search Engine Marketing (SEM), Social Media Marketing (SMM), Web	
	Analytics.	
	Applications of E-commerce: Applications of e-commerce to Supply	
	chain management Applications of e-commerce to Customer	
	Relationship Management, Product and service digitization, Remote	
	servicing.	
	Electronic Payment System: Types of payment systems, credit cards,	
	debit cards, mobile, etc., Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT), Operational	
	credit and legal risk of e-payment, and Risk management options for	
	e-payment systems.	

	 Business to Consumer E-Commerce: Cataloguing, Order planning and order generation, Cost estimation and pricing, Order receipt and accounting, Order selection and prioritization, Order scheduling, Order fulfilling, Order delivery, Order billing, Post sales service. Business-to-Business E-Commerce: Need and Models of B2B e-commerce, Using public and private computer networks for B2B trading; EDI and paperless trading, Characteristic features of EDI service arrangement, EDI architecture, and standards. Security Issues in E-Commerce: Risks of e-commerce, Types and sources of threats; Security tools, Risk management approaches. 	15
Pedagogy:	1. PowerPoint, Tutorials, Hybrid learning.	
References/ Readings:	 Main Reading: 1. Kalakota, Ravi, Andrew Whinston(2015). Frontiers of Electronic Commerce. Pearson Education. 2. P.T.Joseph(2015).E-Commerce: An Indian Perspective Paperback. Learning. 3. V.Rajaraman(2015). Essentials of E-Commerce Technology. PHI Le Additional Reading: 1. C.S.V.Murthy (2015). E-Commerce - Concepts, Models and Strateg Himalaya Publishing House. 	earning.
Course Outcomes:	 At the end of the course, students will be able to: CO1.Understand the foundation of e-commerce, e-commerce websites Marketing and Security Issues CO2.Explain the importance of Search Engine Optimization, Application commerce and Electronic Payment Systems. CO3.Compare B2B and B2C e-commerce models. 	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-132 Title of the Course: Green Computing Number of Credits: 3T Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites	None	
for the		
Course:		
Course	1. To remember the fundamentals of Green Computing and Green	Т
Objectives:	2. To understand Green Hardware/Software and green Data Center	s.
	3. To devise a Green IT Strategy for an organization.	
	4. To implement Green IT initiatives.	
Units	Content	No of hours
		45
I	Trends and Reasons to Go Green	15
	 Overview and Issues 	
	 Current Initiatives and Standards 	
	 Consumption Issues-Minimizing Power Usage, Cooling 	
	Introduction to Green IT	
	Green IT	
	 Holistic Approach to Greening IT 	
	 Awareness to Implementation 	
	Green IT Trends	
	Green Engineering	
	Greening by IT	
	 Using RFID for Environmental 	
	Sustainability	
	Smart Grids	
	Smart Buildings and Homes	
	Green Supply Chain and Logistics	
	 Enterprise-Wide Environmental Sustainability Green Hardware and Software 	
	GreenHardware	
	 Introduction 	
	 Life Cycle of a Device or Hardware 	
	 Reuse, Recycle, and Dispose 	
	• Green Software	
	Introduction	
	 Energy-Saving Software Techniques 	
11	Green Data Centres and Storage Green	
	Data Centres	15
	Data Centre IT Infrastructure	
	 Data Centre Facility Infrastructure: Implications 	

	for operate officiency	
	for energy efficiency	
	IT Infrastructure Management Crean Data Control Matrice	
	Green Data Centre Metrics Green Data Storage	
	Green Data Storage	
	Introduction Storage Madia Devuer Characteristics	
	Storage Media Power Characteristics	
	Energy Management Techniques for Hard Disks	
	System-Level Energy Management	
	Green Networks and Communications	
	Introduction	
	Objectives of Green Network Protocols	
	Green Network Protocols and Standards	
	Enterprise Green IT Strategy	
	Introduction	
	Approaching Green IT strategies	
	 Business Drivers of Green IT Strategy 	
	 Business Dimensions for Green IT Transformation 	
	 Organizational Considerations in a Green IT Strategy 	
	 Steps in Developing a Green IT Strategy 	
	 Metrics and Measurements in Green Strategies 	
	 Organizational and Enterprise Greening 	
	 Greening the Enterprise: IT Usage and Hardware 	
	Managing and Regulating Green IT	15
		15
111	Managing and Regulating Green IT	15
111	Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT	15
III	Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green 	15
III	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives 	15
111	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT 	15
III	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance 	15
III	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media 	15
111	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT 	15
III	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction 	15
111	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers 	15
III	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives 	15
III	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives Industry Associations and Standards Bodies 	15
111	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives Industry Associations and Standards Bodies Green Building Standards 	15
III	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives Industry Associations and Standards Bodies Green Building Standards Green Data Centres 	15
111	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives Industry Associations and Standards Bodies Green Building Standards Green Data Centres Social Movements and Greenpeace 	15
111	Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives Industry Associations and Standards Bodies Green Building Standards Green Data Centres Social Movements and Greenpeace The Future of Green IT	15
111	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives Industry Associations and Standards Bodies Green Building Standards Green Data Centres Social Movements and Greenpeace The Future of Green IT Green Computing and the Future 	15
	 Managing and Regulating Green IT Managing Green IT Introduction and Approaches to Green Strategizing Green Initiatives Implementation of Green IT Information Assurance Communication and Social Media Regulating Green IT Introduction The Regulatory Environment and IT Manufacturers Non-regulatory Government Initiatives Industry Associations and Standards Bodies Green Building Standards Green Data Centres Social Movements and Greenpeace The Future of Green IT Green Computing and the Future Mega trends for Green Computing 	15

Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course
	outcomes.
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the
	outcomes.
	You may use
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.
	 Ask at least three HOT(Higher-Order Thinking)questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
	3. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills,
	and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate,
	generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
	Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
	Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with creative ways to solve them.
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's
	possible, it helps improve the students' understanding
	7. To promote self-learning give at least one assignment (equivalent to 50%
	assignment weightage) where they can complete one MOOCs (certificate or
	equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through
	quizzes or presentations.
References/	Main Reading:
Readings:	1. San Murugesan, G.R.Gangadharan(2013).Harnessing Green IT: Principles and
	Practices. Wiley.
	2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte (2008). <i>Green IT: Reduce Your Information System's</i> Environmental Impact While Adding to the Bottom Line. McGraw Hill Education.
	Additional Reading:
	 BudE. Smith(2013). Green Computing- Tools and Techniques for saving energy, money and resources. Auerbach Publications.
	2. MarkG. O'Neill(2011).Green IT for Sustainable Business Practice. BCS, The
	Chartered Institute for IT.
	3. Mike Ebbers, Alvin Galea (2008). The Green Data Center: Steps for the Journey.
	International Business Machines Corporation 2008.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1: Recall the fundamental concepts of Green Computing and Green IT
	CO2: UnderstandfundamentalsofGreenComputingandGreenITanditsregulation.
	CO3: Apply Green IT Strategies for an organization.
	CO4: Analyze Green IT/Computing regulation and strategies.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-141 Title of the Course: Office Automation and PC Troubleshooting Number of Credits: 3 (1T + 2P) EffectivefromAY:2024-25

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Pre-requisites for the course:	Nil	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the basics of office automation software and its applications. To develop proficiency in using wordprocessing, spreadsheet, and presentation software. To diagnoseandtroubleshootcommonPCissuesandoptimizingthe of a PC. 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (15T+60P)
1	Introduction to Office Automation Understanding office automation software and its applications, Types of office automation software, Microsoft Office Suite, Google Workspace	15
	Word Processing Introduction to Microsoft Word, creating and formatting documents, working with templates, Mail merge and labels, Collaboration tools	
	Spreadsheets Introduction to Microsoft Excel, creating and formatting spreadsheets, working with formulas and functions, Charts and graphs, Collaboration tools	
	Presentation Software Introduction to Microsoft PowerPoint, creating and formatting presentations, working with images, videos, and animations, Collaboration tools	
	Email management & Internet and Web Browsers Introduction to Email, setting up and configuring email accounts, composing and sending emails, Managing Email Accounts Introduction to the Internet, Web browsers, searching the Internet, configuring web browser settings PC Troubleshooting	
	Hardware Troubleshooting: Basic hardware components of a PC, Common hardware issues and their solutions, maintenance, and optimization of hardware	

	Software Troubleshooting: Common software issues and their solutions, Malware and virus removal, System recovery and	
	backups, Network Troubleshooting	
II	Practical: list of suggested practical's	60
Week 1&2	1. Study of Google Workspace and its collaboration tools	08
	Create a Google form to build a questionnaire and collect	
	responses.	
	 Use the tool to take surveys and generate reports on 	
	them.	
Week 3&4	2. Experiments based on Word processing	08
	• To create a document and apply basic formatting, creating a	
	bulleted and numbered ist, applying headers and footers to	
	the document, and page	
	numbering.	
	• To study the creation of tables in MS Word and apply	
	formatting to the table	
	• To insert pictures, shapes, and clipart in a document	
	• Prepare a bio-data in MS word using templates.	
Week 5	3. Experiments based on Mail Merge	04
	Using Mail Merge to prepare letters, email messages,	
	envelopes, and labels.	
	 Prepare ease-to-field trip notices using mail merge 	
Week 6to8	4. Practical on Spreadsheet	10
	• Create a worksheet and perform basic formatting of cells,	
	rows, and columns.	
	Create a Student Mark Statement in MS Excel	
	and calculate total, average, and percentage using Auto sum.	
	• Apply conditional formatting to the mark statement.	
	Working with an advanced formulae	
	 Presenting data with charts 	
Week 8 to10	5. Practical Presentation software	10
	 Usage of text, images, and animation for presentation 	
	 Adding slide transition, custom animation, and setup show. 	
	• Creating graphs in presentation.	
	 Design an advertisement in MS PowerPoint 	
Week 11	6. Email Management	08
	• Experiment to setup and configure the email account	
	Composeandsendanemailtoatleast5email addresses	
	To manage the Email Accounts	
	7. Practical Internet browsing, downloading files, knowing secure	04

Week14 &15	8. PC troubleshooting	08
	 Understanding PC components and PC assembling, 	
	formatting, fragmentation and installation of Operating	
	systems and configuration of different types of software.	
	 To install different hardware devices, configure printers 	
	 Identifying issues with hardware devices and 	
	troubleshooting.	
	 Network setup of two or more PCs. 	
	 To install an antivirus software and understand the 	
	working of the firewall	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies to use to accelerate the attainment of the vari outcomes.	ous course
	1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture method, b	ut
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain	
	outcomes. You may use	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc.	
		class,
	which promotes creative thinking.	·
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning(PBL), which fosters	
	students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as th	e ability to
	design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than	-
	recall it.	
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage	ge the
	students to come up with creative ways to solve them.	
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and	when
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding	
	7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they	' can
	complete atleast one MOOCs(certificateor equivalent) course out	of
	lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or present	ations.
	8. Activity/ Practical Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)	
	a.Real-world problem solving using group discussion. E.g., desigr	ning
	posters for road safety etc.,	
	b.Demonstration of solution to a problem through design.	
	9. Demonstration of simple projects and motivating the students to e	develop
	similar type of projects.	

References/ Readings:	 Andrews,J. (2019).A+ Guide to IT Technical Support (MindTap Course List). Cengage Learning. Shelly,G.B.,& Vermaat,M.E.(2017). Microsoft Office365 & Office2016: Introductory. Cengage Learning Vermaat,M.E.(2022).Discovering Computer: Digital Technology, Data, and Devices. Course Technology Inc.
Course Outcomes:	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Understand the basics of office automation software CO2. Demonstrate proficiency in creating and formatting documents, spreadsheets, and presentation CO3. Analyze the basic software and hardware issues & troubleshoot them.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-142 Title of the course: Python Programming Number of Credits: 3 (1T +2P) Effective from AY: 2024- 25

Prerequisite for the course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To understand Python programming concepts. To acquire proficiency in utilizing Python library functions and structures. To gain fundamental understanding of object-oriented progr (OOPS) concepts in Python. 	
Units	Content	No of Hours 75 (15T+60P)
Ι	 Introduction to Python Python interpreter/shell, indentation; identifiers and keywords; literals, numbers, and strings; operators(arithmetic operator, relational operator, Boolean operator, assignment, operator, ternary operator and bitwise operator) and expressions. Program Flow Control Input and output statements, defining functions, control statements (conditional statements, loop control statements, break, continue and pass, exit function.), default arguments, errors, and exceptions. List, Tuple and Dictionary Lists creation, traversal, slicing and splitting operations, passing list to a function. Tuple and Dictionaries. OOPS Concepts Introduction to Classes, Objects and Methods, Standard Libraries, File handling through libraries. 	15
II	Practical Work -I Using any suitable python IDE or Interpreter.	Practical Hours(28)

Week1	 Write a Python program to find the area and perimeter of a circle. 	4
	2. Write a Python program to generate the Fibonacci series.	
	3. Write a Python program to compute the GCD of two numbers.	
	4. Write a Python program to generate the first prime numbers.	
	5. Write a Python program to find the sum of squares of	
	n natural numbers.	
Week2 &	6. Program palindrome or not	6
week3	Write a Python program to store strings in a list and print them.	
	 Write a Python program to find the length of a list, reverse it, copy it, and then clear it. 	
	Write a Python program to print the squares of numbers from 1 to 10 using loop control.	
	10. Write a Python program to count the number of even and odd numbers from a series of numbers.	
	Sample numbers: numbers=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9)	
	Expected Output:	
	Number of even numbers: 5	
	Number of odd numbers: 4	
Week4 & week5	11. Write a Python program that prints all the numbers from 0 to 6 except 3 and 6	8
WEEKJ	Note: Use the' continue' statement.	
	Expected Output: 0 1 2 4 5	
	12. Print the following pattern	
	1	
	12	
	123	
	123	
	1234	
	12545 13. Display numbers from -10to-1 using for loop	
	14. Print the following pattern	
	*	
	* *	
	* * *	
	* * * *	
	15. Write a Python function to sum all the numbers in a list	
	Sample List: (8, 2, 3, 0, 7)	
	Expected Output: 20	
Week6 & week7		10

	Expected Output: "dcba4321"	
	 Write a Python function to calculate the factorial of a number (a non-negative integer). The function accepts the number as an argument 	
	18. Write a Python program to print the even numbers from a given list.	
	Sample List:[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]	
	Expected Result:[2,4, 6,8]	
	 19. Write a Python program to calculate the length of a string 20. Write a Python program to get a string from a given string where all occurrences of its first char have been changed to '\$', except the first char itself. 	
	Practical Work -II	Practical Hours (32)
Week8 & week9	21. Write a Python program to change a given string to a new string where the first and last chars have been exchanged.	10
	22. Write a Python program to count the occurrences of each word in a given sentence	
	23. Write a program to find the first and the last occurrence of the letter 'E' and character',' in "NEP IMPLEMENTATION, FOR BCA ".	
	24. Write a program to check if the word 'open' is present in the "This is open-source software".	
	25. Write a program to check if the letter 'e' is present in the word 'Welcome'.	
Week10 & week11	26. Write a program in Python to delete first and last elements from a list	6
	27. Write a Python program to check a list is empty or not	
	28. Write a Python program to remove duplicates from a list	
	29. Write a Python program to find the second smallest number in a list	
	30. Write a Python program to find common items from two lists	
	31. Let list=['a','b','c','d','e','f']. Find a)list[1:3]b)t[:4]c)t[3:]	
	 Write a Python program to create a tuple with different data types. 	
Week12 &	33. Write a Python program to unpack a tuple in several variables	6
week13	34. Write a Python program to read an entire text file	
	35. Write a Python program to append text to a file and display the text	
	36. Write a Python program to count the number of lines in a text file	
	37. Write a Python program to write a list to a file	
	38. Write a Python program to extract characters from various text files and puts them into a list	

Week14 &	39. Write a function that reads a file file1 and copies only	10
week15	alternative lines to another file file2. Alternative lines	
	copied should be the odd-numbered lines.	
	40. Write a function that reads a file file 1 and displays the number of words and the number of vowels in the file.	
	41. Consider a showroom of electronic products, where there are	
	various salesmen. Each salesman is given a commission of 5%,	
	depending on the sales made per month. In case the sale	
	done is less than 50000, then the salesman is not given any commission. Write a function to calculate total sales of a	
	salesman in a month, commission and remarks for the	
	salesman. Sales done by each salesman per week is to be	
	provided as input. Assign remarks according to the following	
	criteria:	
	Excellent:Sales>=80000	
	Good:Sales>=60000and<80000	
	Average:Sales>=40000and<60000 Work	
	Hard: Sales < 40000	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies to use to accelerate the attainment of the	various course
	outcomes:	
	1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture method	
	effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the out	comes. You may
	use	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc.	
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the which promotes critical thinking.	class,
	3. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' A	nalytical skills.
	and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design,	•
	generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.	
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encour	age the
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve then	-
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real-world-and	
	possible, it helps improve the students' understanding	
	To promote self-learning give at least one assignment where th	ey can
	complete at least one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course	-
	hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentation	
	8. One internal practical exam will be conducted as a part of intern	
	1 of the internal practical exam will be conducted us a part of intern	
	9. Practical shall be performed in the laboratory as indicated in the	
		e syllabus.

References:	Main Reading:
	 Balagurusamy, E. (2017). Introduction to Problem Solving with Python. McGraw Hill Education India Private Limited.
	 Nageshwara Rao, R. (2018). Core Python Programming. Dreamtech Press.
	 Sedgewick, R., Wayne, K., & Dondero, R. (2016). Introduction to Programming in Python: An Interdisciplinary Approach. Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd.
	4. Yates, J. (2019). <i>Python Practical Python Programming For Beginners and Experts</i> . Packt Publishing.
	Additional Books
	 Dawson, M. (2020). Python Programming for the Absolute Beginner. No Starch Press.
	2. Kumar, T. (2018). Python Programming. Wiley
	3. Hoskins, A. (2017). <i>The Python Book: The ultimate guide to coding with Python</i> . Future Publishing Limited
	4. Shovik, J. (2019). <i>Python All-In-One for Dummies</i> . For Dummies.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes	CO1. Remember the basics of Python Programming
	CO2. Understand the concepts and constructs of Python programming.
	CO3. Apply Python library functions and data structures.
	CO4. Analyze the implementation of Python Programming

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-143 Title of the Course: Data Analytics using Spreadsheets Number of Credits: 3P(1T +2P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites	None	
for the		
Course:		
Course	1. Remember basic and advanced functions in spreadsheets.	
Objectives:	2. Understand data analysis and data visualization with charts and p	ivot tables.
	3. Implement dataanalysis tools and functions.	
Unit	Content	No of
		Hours
		75
		(15T+60P)
I	Introduction to spreadsheets	15
	 Introduction to spreadsheets, understanding spreadsheet environment, cell addressing, cell references, absolute and relative cell references, named ranges, formatting using paste special, Data filters and sorting, worksheet and workbook protection 	
	Formulas and Functions, Advanced Functions	
	 Sum, Average, Min, Max, count, IF, nested IF, using IF with AND OR formulas, COUNTIF, SUMIF, AVERAGEIF formulas, TEXT functions 	
	 Vlookup function, match function, index function, date and time functions, maths functions, financial functions 	
	Data Analysis, Charts and Visualization	
	• Conditional formatting, What if analysis using data table, Goal	
	 seek, scenario manager, Linear regression Data storytelling tips, Introduction to charts, types of charts, uses and benefits, 	
	 Understanding Pivot tables, Pivot table tips and tricks 	
	 Power Query Power query tips, Introduction to power pivot, Apply DAX in power pivot for analysis, introduction to types of joins in power query, full outerjoin and innerjoin in powerquery, left outer join and right outer join in power query, Left antijoin and right antijoin in power query 	

	Dashboard reporting and Data Analysis tools	
	 Understanding how to create a dashboard in spreadsheets, a Sales Analytical Dashboard using Data Analysis Expressions (DAX) & Visualization, creating a simplified GANTT chart with AND function ANOVA, Correlation, Covariance, regression, sampling, t-test, z- 	
	test and histograms PRACTICALS	60 hours
UNIT II	List of suggested practicals	28
Week1	Practical on introduction to a spreadsheet using simple tabular data and	4
WEEKI	formatting using paste special, absolute, and relative cell references, calculating sum, average, min, max, count, and percentage.	4
Week2	Practical using IF, NESTEDIF, SUMFIF, AVERAGEIF, COUNTIF	4
Week 3 &4	Practical on advanced functions	8
Week5	Practical on conditional formatting, what-if analysis using Goal seek, scenario manager and linear regression	4
Week 6 &7	Practical on different types of charts and pivot table with suitable examples	8
UNIT III	List of suggested practicals:	32
Week8 to10	Practical on Powerquery, DAX, and different types of joins with suitable data.	12
Week 11 & 12	Creatingdashboardandganttchartinspreadsheetusingsuitableexamples	8
Week13to15	Excel data analysis Toolpak add-in covering ANOVA, Correlation, Covariance, Descriptive Statistical analysis, random number generation analysis, rank and percentile analysis, regression analysis, T-test, Z-test, Histogram	12
Pedagogy	 Suggestedstrategiestousetoacceleratetheattainmentofthevariouscours e outcomes. 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. 2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 3. Adopt Problem-Based Learning(PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with creative ways to solve them. 6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world-and 	

	 when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding 7. To promote self-learning give at least one assignment where they can complete at least one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. 8. One assignment in the form of a mini-project collecting data and using analytic tools may be given to the students.
References	Main Reading:
	1. D.Whigham(2007).Business Data Analysis using Excel. New York:
	Oxford University Press.
	2. Michael Alexander, Richard Kusleika, John Walkenbach. (2018).
	Excel 2019 Bible Paperback. Wiley
	3. Stephen L. Nelson, Elizabeth C.Nelson, (January 2018). Microsoft
	Excel Data Analysis for Dummies. Wiley. 3ed
Course	CO1. Demonstrate basic and advanced functions in spreadsheet
Outcomes	applications.
	CO2. Apply data analysis techniques and create visualizations using
	charts and pivot tables.
	CO3. Implement data analysis tools and functions for practical
	applications.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-144 Title of the Course:2DAnimation Number of Credits: 3 (1T + 2P) Effective from AY:2024-25

Pre-requisites fortheCourse:	None	
Course Objectives:	 Familiarize with various approaches, methods and techniques of Animal Study the Basics of Color Theory and Graphics. Implement traditional & digital tools to produce still and moving in Develop expertise in life drawing and related techniques. 	
Units	Content	No. of hours 75 (45T+30P)
1	 Introduction to Animation: Terms used in Animation, Types of Animation-Cel(Celluloid) Animation, 2D Animation, 3D Animation, Motion Graphics, Stop Motion. Animation Techniques used in 2D Animation: Hand-drawn animation, Cut-out animation, Model animation or Stop motion animation, Computer animation, or computer-generated imagery. Equipment required for animation-Pentablet, Graphic tablet, Artist glove, Ergo stand, Flex arm. 	15
	 Principles of Animation: Disney's twelve basic principles of animation- Squash and stretch, Anticipation, Staging, Straight ahead action and pose to pose, Follow through and overlapping action, Slow in and slow out, Arc, Secondary action, Timing, Exaggeration, Solid drawing, Appeal 	
	 Fundamentals of Drawing and Design Basic Shapes and Drawing techniques Concepts of Visualization-Perspective drawing, Illustration, Shading, and Sketching techniques 	
	 Color Theory and Graphics Color fundamentals-primary colors, secondary colors, Tertiary Colors Properties of color-Hue, Reflective Value, Tints, And Shades, Saturation, Color tone – Intensity 	

	 Additive Color System (RGB)-Subtractive Color System (CMYK). Vector and Raster graphics 	
	2D Animation tools processing 2D animation software paradigms- scripting & Story boarding, Usage of tools for Digital Painting and vector drawings, developing a character and background creation.	
II	Practical Work Suggested list of Animation Tools: Pencil2d, Adobe Animate, Synfig studio, OpenToonz	Practical Hours (60)
Week1	Flipbook(on paper) Drawing simple flipbook with minimum 10 pages Flip Book (Digital) Create simple flipbook with minimum 10 frames	(4)
Week 2&3	Frame by frame animation Creating simple frame by frame animation for a short animation, demonstrating the concept of layering and onion skinning(maximum 20sec with color drawings and background.)	(8)
Week 4&5	 Tween Create simple animations, using concepts of Grouping layers to create artwork, import images and apply tweening, Preview, and Render the animation in suitable format a classic Tweening: Create an E-card animation Motion tweening: Creating animation: Draw, Give Rotation effect, 	(8)
	 Shape tweening: Demonstrate the animation 	
Week 6&7	Ball animation Drawing the ball with gradient color, Creating key frames for the animation sequence, Creating stretch and squash for the ball animation, Giving tween to the sequence of ball animation by connecting to path, duplicating waypoints,work with background image in the developed scene	(8)
Week 8&9	Character Animation Drawing simple character, Preparing the character for animation, dividing each body parts into symbol and creating motion	(8)
Week 10to12	Human/Animal walk cycle Drawing cycle sheet for an human/animal walk cycle, Creating four different types of walk cycle(jump,run,tip toe, crawl)	(12)

Week 13 to15	Mini project	(12)	
	Prepare a storyboard and create short animation film using the		
	concepts learnt in previous weeks		
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various	course	
	outcomes.		
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outo You may use		
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.		
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc.	alace which	
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the promotes critical thinking.	ciass, which	
	 Adopt Problem-Based Learning(PBL), which fosters students' Anal and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 	•	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage t to come up with creative ways to solve them.	he students	
	6. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they can complete		
	at least one MOOCs(certificate or equivalent)course out of lecture hour. Test		
	their understanding through quizzes or presentations.		
	7. Mini-Project may be given as a part of the assessment		
References/	Main Reading:		
Readings:			
	3. Richard Williams (2012). The Animator's Survival Kit: A Manual of Methods,		
	Principles, and Formulas for Classical, Computer, Games, Stop Motic	on, and	
	Internet Animators. Farrar, Straus and Giroux.		
	4. Tony White(1988). The Animator's Workbook. Watson-Guptill		
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:		
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember terminologies and aspects of computer animation.		
	CO2. Apply the different principles of animation to produce still and mages.	oving	
	CO3. Demonstrate and develop 2D animations using different tools.		
	CO4. Integrate the concepts of drawing and color theory in animation.		
Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-161 Title of the Course: PC Troubleshooting and Networking [Exit Internship Course] Number of Credits: 4 (2T + 2P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Knowledge of Personal Computer and Programming	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the PC troubleshooting techniques. To learn the basic concepts of networking. To apply the PC troubleshooting techniques and networking cor To analyze the cases of existing network setup and apply it. 	cepts.
Units	Content	No. of Hours 90 (30T + 60P)
I	PC Troubleshooting	10
	 Hardware overview - CPU, RAM, Motherboard, storage devices, etc. 	
	 Peripherals overview - Monitors, Keyboards, Mouse, Printers, etc. 	,
	 OS overview - OS environments: Windows and Unix / Linux, basic operations and navigation 	
	4. Troubleshooting Fundamentals	
	 a. Identifying common PC issues: slow performance, hardware failures, software glitches, etc. b. Introduction to troubleshooting methodologies: isolation 	
	testing, observation	,
	5. Software Troubleshooting	
	 a. Diagnostic tools: Task Manager, Event Viewer, Resource Monitor, etc. b. Software installation and removal 	
	c. Managing updates and patches	
	d. Web Browser Management	
	e. Firewall & Anti-Virus	
	6. Hardware Troubleshooting	
	 a) Identifying hardware issues: RAM failures, hard drive errors, overheating, printers etc. 	
	 b) Basic hardware maintenance: cleaning, replacing components 	Ţ
	c) Introduction to BIOS/UEFI settings	
II	Networking	20
	1. Introduction to Networking Basics	

a) Overview of computer networks and their importance
b) Introduction to networking terminology and concepts
c) Understanding the TCP/IP models
2. Setting Up a Home Network
a) Setting up a basic network environment using consumer-grade
routers and switches
b) Configuring IP addresses, subnet masks, and default gateways
c) Connecting devices to the network (e.g., computers,
smartphones, printers)
3. Introduction to Network Protocols
a) Hands-on experience with common networking protocols
(e.g., TCP, UDP, IP)
b) Using packet sniffing tools to analyze network traffic
c) Understanding the purpose and structure of Ethernet frames
and IP packets
4. Wireless Networking Basics
a) Configuring and securing Wi-Fi networks
b) Understanding different wireless encryption methods (WEP,
WPA, WPA2)
c) Troubleshooting common Wi-Fi connectivity issues
5. Network Services Configuration
a) Setting up and configuring network services such as DHCP,
DNS, and FTP
b) Configuring port forwarding and NAT (Network Address
Translation)
c) Implementing basic firewall rules to control network traffic
6. LAN Design and Troubleshooting
a) Designing and implementing a small local area network (LAN)
b) Troubleshooting common LAN connectivity issues (e.g., cable
faults, IP conflicts)
c) Using network diagnostic tools (e.g., ping, traceroute) to
identify and resolve network problems
7. Introduction to Network Security
a) Basic network security principles and best practices
b) Securing network devices with strong passwords and access
controls
c) Implementing basic security measures such as MAC filtering

	and disabling SSID broadcast	
	8. Network Monitoring and Management	
	a) Introduction to network monitoring tools (e.g., Wireshark,	
	Nagios)	
	b) Monitoring network performance metrics (e.g., bandwidth	
	utilization, packet loss)	
	c) Performing basic network troubleshooting and maintenance	
	tasks	
	9. Introduction to Virtualization and Cloud Computing	
	a) Setting up virtual networks using virtualization platforms (e.g.,	
	VMware, VirtualBox)	
	b) Understanding cloud networking concepts and services (e.g.,	
	AWS, Azure)	
III	Practical Activities - To be carried out along in sync with the	40
	concepts mentioned in Unit I & II respectively.	
	PC Troubleshooting	
	1) Boot Failure	
	Identify common causes of boot failure, such as hardware	
	issues, corrupted system files, or misconfigured BIOS settings.	
	Troubleshoot boot failure by checking hardware connections,	
	performing hardware diagnostics, and accessing BIOS settings	
	to verify boot order and configuration.	
	2) Blue Screen of Death (BSOD)	
	Understand common causes of BSOD errors, including driver	
	issues, hardware failures, and software conflicts.	
	Troubleshoot BSOD errors by analyzing error codes, checking	
	device drivers, and performing memory and disk diagnostics.	
	3) Slow Performance	
	 3) Slow Performance Identify factors contributing to slow PC performance, such as 	
	insufficient RAM, high CPU usage, or disk fragmentation.	
	 Troubleshoot slow performance by checking resource usage in 	
	Task Manager, disabling unnecessary startup programs, and	
	optimizing disk performance with disk cleanup and	
	defragmentation.	
	() Internet Connectivity Issues	
	4) Internet Connectivity Issues	
	 Troubleshoot network connectivity issues by checking physical connections, varifying network sattings, and testing 	
	connections, verifying network settings, and testing connectivity with other devices.	

•	Use command-line tools like ipconfig and ping to diagnose network problems and resolve issues with DNS resolution or IP address conflicts.	
5)	Hardware Malfunctions	
•	Identify common hardware malfunctions such as overheating, noisy fans, or malfunctioning peripherals (e.g., keyboard, mouse).	
•	Troubleshoot hardware issues by checking for loose	
	connections, cleaning dust buildup, and replacing faulty	
	components if necessary.	
6)	Software Errors	
•	Troubleshoot software errors such as application crashes,	
	freezes, or errors messages.	
•	Use Event Viewer to analyze error logs, update software	
	applications and drivers, and perform malware scans to detect	
	and remove viruses or malware.	
7)	Peripheral Device Issues	
•	Troubleshoot issues with peripheral devices such as printers,	
	scanners, or external drives.	
•	Check device connections, update drivers, and verify	
	compatibility with the operating system.	
8)	Data Backup and Recovery	
•	Develop a backup strategy to protect important data from loss due to hardware failure, software errors, or accidental deletion.	
•	Practice data recovery techniques using backup software, file recovery tools, and cloud storage services.	
9)	System Maintenance	
•	Perform routine system maintenance tasks to optimize PC	
	performance and prevent issues.	
•	Schedule regular updates for the operating system, antivirus	
	software, and device drivers, and perform disk cleanup and	
	defragmentation to maintain disk health.	
Bas	sic Networking	
10)) Setting Up a Home Network	
•	Configure a home router: Set up a router with DHCP enabled	
	and configure wireless security.	
	Connect devices: Connect computers, smartphones, and	

• Connect devices: Connect computers, smartphones, and

	printers to the network and ensure they can communicate
	with each other.
	11) Introduction to Network Protocols
	 Packet sniffing with Wireshark: Capture and analyze network
	traffic to understand protocols like TCP, UDP, and IP.
	Ethernet frame analysis: Use Wireshark to examine the
	structure of Ethernet frames and identify source and
	destination MAC addresses.
	12) Wireless Networking Basics
	Wi-Fi setup and security: Configure a Wi-Fi network with
	WPA2 encryption and a strong passphrase. Test connectivity with various devices.
	Troubleshoot Wi-Fi issues: Troubleshoot common Wi-Fi
	problems such as signal interference or connectivity issues.
	13) Network Services Configuration
	DHCP setup: Configure a DHCP server on a router or server
	and verify that clients receive IP addresses dynamically.
	 DNS configuration: Set up a DNS server and configure DNS
	resolution for local and external domain names.
	14) LAN Design and Troubleshooting
	LAN setup: Design and implement a small LAN with multiple
	devices connected through switches.
	Troubleshooting scenarios: Simulate LAN connectivity issues
	such as cable faults, misconfigured IP addresses, or DNS
	resolution problems.
	15) Introduction to Network Security
	 Password policies: Implement strong password policies on
	network devices and user accounts.
	Firewall setup: Configure basic firewall rules on a router or
	firewall appliance to control inbound and outbound traffic.
	16) Network Monitoring and Management
	Bandwidth monitoring: Use network monitoring tools to
	measure bandwidth utilization and identify bandwidth-
	intensive applications.
	Network troubleshooting: Troubleshoot network issues using
	diagnostic tools like ping, traceroute, and netstat.

IV	Case Studies	20
	1. Study the performance of any PC of the College lab, analyze and	
	improve its performance.	
	2. Analyze any real-world existing networking scenario and case	
	studies, like existing networking of your college labs.	
	Mini - Project	
	Scenario: You have been hired as a network administrator for a	
	small business with approximately 15 employees. The company	
	operates in a single office location and requires a reliable and	
	secure network infrastructure to support its day-to-day operations.	
	Develop a network design and implementation plan for a real-	
	world scenario mentioned above, incorporating all aspects learned	
	throughout the course. Simulate the above plan using a suitable	
	free and open-source simulator like "GNS3" (Graphical Network	
	Simulator-3) OR CISCO Packet Tracer	
	Optional - Prepare for industry-recognized certification (e.g.,	
	CompTIA Network+, Cisco CCNA) to enhance employability. Practice	
	exams and hands-on labs to reinforce learning and prepare for	
	certification exams	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the variou	s course
	outcomes.	
	 A plan is to be developed by the student/s in consultation with incharge and to be approved. 	the teacher
	2. One or methods mentioned below may be used for learning purpose	es.
	 a. Intensive training / teaching b. Online or offline training (approved by the college or instructor). 	
	c. Approved MOOCS Courses	
	d. Workshops - on-campus or off-campus	
	e. Self-learning means & methods f. Enquiry-based learning	
	3. A work diary to be maintained where all the learning & work carried	out to
	maintained and certified by the teacher incharges.	
		on and
	assessillelits.	
	 d. Workshops - on-campus or off-campus e. Self-learning means & methods f. Enquiry-based learning 3. A work diary to be maintained where all the learning & work carried 	

References/	Main Reading:
Readings:	 Gookin, D. (2021). <i>Troubleshooting and Maintaining Your PC All-in-One For</i> <i>Dummies</i> (4th edition). For Dummies. Kurose, J. F., & Ross, K. W. (2021). <i>Computer Networking: A Top-Down</i> <i>Approach</i> (8th ed.). Pearson Education Ltd. Lowe, D. (2021). <i>Networking All-in-One For Dummies</i>(8th ed.). Wiley. Meyers, M. (2019). <i>CompTIA A+ Certification All-in-One Exam Guide</i> (10th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
	 Additional Reading: Beasley, J. S., & Nilkaew, P. (2020). Networking Essentials. Pearson. Donahue, G. A. (2015). Network Warrior (2nd ed.). O'Reilly Media. Mueller, S. (2022). Upgrading and Repairing PCs (10th ed.). Que Publishing Stevens, W. R. (1994). TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 1: The Protocols(2nd ed.). Addison-Wesley.
Course	On completion of the course, student will be able to
Outcomes:	 CO1. Understand the concepts and techniques of PC troubleshooting and basic networking. CO2. Apply troubleshooting and networking concepts & strategies and improve the performances. CO3. Analyze the performances of PCs and existing networks. CO4. Develop a network design for a small group of computers successfully.

Second Year - Semester III

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications

Course Code: CSA - 200

Title of the Course: Data Structures

Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P)

Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course:	Knowledge of C programming language	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the concept of Algorithms. To discuss linear and non-linear data structure To implement data structure concepts 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
I	Algorithm Basics – Algorithms and Data Structures, Pseudocode, Algorithm Features.	15
	Data Structures: Basic concepts, concepts of Linear and Non-Linear data structures, Array as data structure. Concept of ADT.	
	Searching and Sorting using array: Searching (Linear & Binary) Sorting (Bubble Sort, Selection Sort & Insertion Sort).	
11	 Stacks and Queues (Using Arrays) Definition, Structure, Examples, Applications, and Basic Operations. Linked Lists (Linear and Doubly) Definition, Structure, Examples, Applications, and Basic Operations. Stacks and Queues using Linked List 	15
Ш	Trees: Basic, Binary Tree and Binary Search Tree. Graphs – Graph Terminology, Representation, Traversals,	15
IV	Practical Work	Practical
	Using C programming language, data structure concepts to be covered in practicals are mentioned below.	Hours (30)
Week 1 and 2	Implement programs : Array implementation - Creation, insertion, deletion	04

Week 3 to 5	Searching and Sorting:	06	
Week 5 to 5	Searching (Linear & Binary)	00	
	Sorting (Bubble Sort, Selection Sort & Insertion Sort).		
Week 6 to 8	Stack & Queue data structure using arrays.	06	
Week 9 to 12	Linked List data structure, Stack & Queue using linked list.	08	
Week 13 to 15	Binary Search Tree.	06	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but		
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use		
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.		
	 Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 		
	 Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 		
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their creative ways to solve them.		
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding	- and when	
	assignment weightage) where they can complete one MOOCs	o promote self-learning, give at least one assignment (equivalent to 50% ssignment weightage) where they can complete one MOOCs (certificate r equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding hrough quizzes or presentations.	
References/	Main Reading :		
Readings:	 E. Balagurusamy.(2017). Data Structures using C. McGraw Hill Education. Firs Edition. 		
	2. Yashavant Kanetkar(2019). Data Structures through C. BPB. Thir	d Edition.	
	Additional Reading:		
	1. Prabhakar Gupta (2011).Data Structures using C. Laxmi Publicat	ions.	
Course Outcomes:	On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1: Remember the basic concepts of Data Structure. CO2: Understand the concept of linear and non-linear data structures. CO3: Analyze various data structures types and its implementation.		

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-201 Title of the Course: Database Management Systems Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P)

Effective from AY: 2023-24

Prerequisites for the	None	
Course Course Objectives:	 To understand the basic concepts of database management syst the process of database design using ERD, Schema design, and r table design. To learn normalization concepts, basic relational operations and processing and concurrency control concepts. To learn To define and manipulate the relational databases in SC suitable RDBMS system. 	elational / I transaction
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
	 Introduction to DBMS Data, Database, Database system, Database Management System, File oriented systems and its limitations; Three schema, levels of Data Abstraction, Database Architecture (Internal, Conceptual, View) and Data Independence Database Languages: Data Definition Language (DDL), Data Manipulation Language (DML), Data Control Language (DCL), Transaction Control Language (TCL) Database Users, DBMS functions, Advantages and Disadvantages Database Administration and Control: Functions Brief overview of Hierarchical, Network, Relational, Object- relational and Object-oriented data models E-R Model ER Diagram Concepts & Terminologies Concept and Types of Entities, attributes, and relationship sets Key attribute, and domain of an attribute. Degree of a relationship set, cardinalities, Total and partial participation Generalization, specialization, aggregation integrity constraint, Referential integrity constraint and Key constraint. 	15

	Activity: Apply the concepts learned to design the ERD of at least 3 to 4 basic and different types of applications.	
	Relational Data ModelRelational model concepts. Characteristics of relations; Types ofkeys-super key, candidate key, primary key, and foreign keyRelational model constraints: Domain constraints, key constraints,primary and foreign key constraints, integrity constraints, and nullvalues; Mapping Conceptual model into a normalized relationalschemaActivity: Apply the concepts learned and convert the ERD designedin the previous Unit into a relational schema.Relational OperationsBasic/Fundamental Operations: Concept and Examples• Select (σ)• Project (Π)• Union (U)• Set Difference (-)• Cartesian product (X)• Rename (ρ)Derived Operations: Concept and Examples• Natural Join (\cong)• Left, Right, Full outer join ($\bowtie, \Join, \Join)$ • Intersection (\cap)• Division (\div)Basic Concepts of Triggers, Views, and Procedures	15
111	NormalizationAnomalies in a databaseFunctional dependencies• Armstrong's axioms/properties of functional dependencies• Types of Functional dependenciesNormalization Rules - 1NF,2NF, 3NF and Higher NFFirst Normal Form:1NF, Why convert to 1NF, Conversion to 1NFSecond Normal Form: 2NF Functional Dependency and FullyFunctional Dependency Why convert to 2NF, Conversion to 2NFThird Normal Form: 3NF Transitive Dependency why convert to3NF, Conversion to 3NFBoyce- Codd NF, Convert to BCNFNormalization considerations: Good and bad decompositionActivity: Apply the concepts learnt to show the step-wisenormalization process of tables from 1NF till BCNF by outliningappropriate reasoning of at least 3 basic and different types of	15

	Transaction processing concepts	
	 Concept and state Diagram of Transactions 	
	ACID Properties	
	Serializability: Conflict & View	
	Schedule: Serial & Non- Serial	
	Lock-based concurrency control	
	 Two-Phase Locking Protocol 	
	 Transaction Recovery (log based) 	
IV	List of Practicals To be done using any suitable RDBMS software like MYSQL	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1 & 2	1. Introduction and installation of DBMS Software	04
	2. Database creation, alteration and deletion	
	3. Table creation, alteration, and Deletion	
	4. Identify and add appropriate data types to the fields	
	5. Add primary key and domain constraints to the table	
	6. Inserting data in the created tables	
	7. Data Manipulation language: Simple select query, Select with where clause	
Week 3 to 7	8. Add Foreign key constraints to the table	10
Week 5 to 7	 9. Creating tables along with the primary key, foreign key, 	10
	check, and other column constraints	
	10. To add rows in created tables, updating column(s) and	
	performing deletions using truncate and delete should	
	be done.	
	11. Group function and having clause	
	12. Operators	
	13. Aggregate Functions	
	14. Set operations	
	15. Sorting data	
Week 8 to 10	16. Write SQL statements to perform operations using sub-	06
	queries for the following:	
	• Returning single-row	
	 Returning multiple rows 	
	 Returning more than one column 	
	Correlated subquery	
Week 11 to 13	17. Write SQL statements to implement the following types	06
	of SQL joins	
	INNER JOIN	
	LEFT OUTER JOIN	
	RIGHT OUTER JOIN	
	FULL OUTER JOIN	

	Complex Queries using Joins, Aggregate Function and Correlated	
	subqueries using set sub-queries & exist clause.	
	18. Write an SQL statement to show how VIEW can be	
	created, altered, and dropped.	
Week 14 &	19. Demonstration and understanding on the following	04
15	a. SQL statements to create simple triggers & stored	
	procedures	
	b. SQL statements to start a transaction, commit,	
	rollback and define various save points in the queries.	
	c. SQL statements to lock tables in read or write mode	
	and also to perform unlock on the tables.	
	d. SQL statements to assign and revoke privileges	
	to/from users and user roles.	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the va	rious cours
	outcomes.	
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture	method, bu
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted t	o attain the
	outcomes. You may use	
	a) Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b) Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc.	
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions	in the class
	which promotes critical thinking.	
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters student	s' Analytica
	skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design	gn, evaluate
	generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall i	t.
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and en	courage the
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve the	em.
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world	- and when
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding	
	7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment whe	ere they ca
	complete at least one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) co	ourse out o
	lecture hour.	
	8. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.	
References /	Main Reading	
Readings:	1. Elmasri, R., & Navathe, S. B. (2015). Fundamentals of Database.	Systems (7tl
	ed.). Pearson Education.	, (
	2. Silberschatz, A., Korth, H., & Sudarshan, S. (2013). Datak	nace Suster
	Concepts (6th ed.). McGraw Hill.	Juse System
	Additional Reading	
	 An Introduction to Database systems, C.J. Date, A.Kannan, S.Sw. Pearson, Eight Edition 	ami Nadhan
	 Ramakrishnan, R., & Gehrke, J. (2002). Database Management. ed.). McGraw Hill. 	Systems (6tl

Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember the basic concepts and terminologies of DBMS, ERD, Normalization, and Transaction Processing.
	CO2. Understand ER diagrams, Normalization, relational schema design, Relational Operations, Transaction Processing, and SQL concepts.
	CO3. Apply & discuss the concepts of ER Diagram, Relational Model and Normalization.
	CO4. Design relational database and formulate queries on the database and data using different SQL constructs mentioned in the syllabus.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications

Course Code: CSA-211

Title of the Course: Reasoning Techniques

Number of Credits: 4 (3T+1 Tutorial)

Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisite for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To assess problem statement and make logical decisions To interpret given data and derive conclusions To understand Data interpretation and Data sufficiency To solve problems using mathematical logic 	
Units	Content	No of Hours 60 (45T + 15 Tutorial)
Tutorial Session Instruct ions	 Tutorial lecture of 1 hour duration to be conducted each week. Suggestive concepts/exercises needed to be discussed during tu every week are mentioned after Unit III. These sessions may also be utilized for the doubt clearance 	torial hours
1	 Statements & Arguments, Decision Making Logic, Statements, Arguments, and Assumptions, Statements and Course of Action, Logical Venn Diagrams, Statements and Conclusions, Syllogism Seating Arrangement, Ranking & Time Sequence Test, Blood Relations, Direction Sense Test, Conditions & Grouping, Simple & Coded Inequality, Decision Making, Clocks and Calendar, Situation Reaction Test 	15
11	 Data interpretation Decision-making, Judgement, Problem-solving, Analogies, Analysis, Differences, Discrimination Arithmetic series, Similarities, Verbal & figure classification, Space visualization, Observation Simple Problems on Data interpretation and Data sufficiency 	15
111	 Logic Building Introduction, Statements, Logical Connectives and Compound Statements: Negation, Conjunction, Disjunction, Implication, Converse and Inverse, logical Equivalence, Tautologies: Contradiction, Contingency, Algebra of Propositions, Argument, Predicate and Quantifiers. Mathematical induction, deduction, proof by contradiction, program correctness. 	15

Tutorial	List of suggested Tutorial Activities to be conducted in 15 weeks.	15
	 Solve Problems to be able to distinguish between Strong and Weak arguments. (Statement and Argument) 	
	 Problems to assess a given statement and decide which of the given assumptions is implicit in the statement. (Statement and Assumptions) 	
	 Problems to find out which of the conclusions definitely follow from a given statement. (Statement and Conclusions) 	
	 Problem to analyse the statement and decide course of action. (Statement and Course of Action) 	
	 Problem to analyse relation and decipher the relationship. (Blood Relations) 	
	 Problems to ascertain the final direction or distance between two points (Direction Sense Test) 	
	 Problems to analyse a given situation and choose the best response. (Situation Reaction Test) 	
	 Problems to relate a given group of items and illustrate it diagrammatically. (Logical Venn Diagram) 	
	 Problems on Data Interpretation, Data Sufficiency. (Data Interpretation) 	
	 Problems based on fragmentation of a figure into sample parts, pattern rearrangement. (Data Interpretation) 	
	 Problems on Induction, Deduction, Constructing and Understanding Truth Tables. (Mathematical Logic) 	
Pedagogy:	 Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning, give atleast one assignment where they can complete at least one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. 	
References/ Readings:	Main Reading	
กรอนเทยง.	 A.K. Gupta, Logical and Analytical Reasoning. Ramesh Public 34th edition Arun Sharma. How to Prepare for Logical Reasoning for the C Hill Education (India) Private Ltd. 8th edition 	-

	Addit	ional Reading
	1.	Peeyush Bhardwaj. Analytical & Logical Reasoning for CAT & Other Management Entrance Tests. Arihant Publications. 4th edition
Course	On co	mpletion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1	Remember basics rules of logic and reasoning
	CO2	Understand various logic and reasoning concepts & techniques.
	CO3	Apply the suitable reasoning techniques to solve real world problems
	CO4	Analyze the obtained solution with suitable and relevant logic /
		reasoning.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-212 Title of the Course: Techpreunership Development Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1 Tutorial) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites	None			
for the				
Course:				
Course	1. To understand the basic concepts of Technopreneurship and experience			
Objectives:	the entrepreneurial process from the generation of creative ideas.			
-	 To understand the market needs or provide a solution to a key problem. 			
	3. To discuss Intellectual Property strategy to protect inve			
	innovations of new ventures.			
	4. To create and present a business plan for a technology idea.			
Units	Content	No of		
		hours 60		
		(45T+15		
		Tutorials)		
1	a. Introduction to Techpreunership	15		
	Concept of Technopreneurship			
	Technopreneur Vs Entrepreneur			
	 Traits and characteristics of Technopreneur 			
	Importance of Technopreneurship			
	 Successful Global and Local Technopreneurs 			
	Challenges in Technopreneurship			
	b. Idea, Innovation & Creativity			
	 Opportunity identification and idea generation – Case 			
	studies, Case scenarios			
	 Basic concepts in Idea, Innovation & Creativity 			
	 Characteristics of an Innovative or a Creative Individual 			
	 Principles of Innovation 			
	 Types of innovation: Product, Process, and Business model 			
	 Importance of Creativity and Innovation 			
	 Factors that impact Innovation and Creativity 			
II	Introduction to Intellectual Property	15		
	Needs of Intellectual Property			
	Types of Intellectual Property			
	Procedure to register			
	 Intellectual Property of a product 			
	 Importance of Intellectual Property in business 			
	 Copyright & trademarks regulations 			
	 Patents, trade secrets, contracts, non -disclosure and non 			
	-compete agreements			

		4-
	Market Research & Customers Identification	15
	Customer Needs, Pain Points and Demographics	
	Market Research and Validation	
	 The Decision-Making Process (Rational Decision 	
	Making)	
	 Customer Profiling – STP (Segmentation, Targeting 	
	and Processes)	
	Planning IT Business & Execution	
	 Principles and concepts of business ownership 	
	Types of business ownership	
	 Factors that influence in starting a new entrepreneurial 	
	venture	
	 Roadmap for research, development, and production 	
	 Develop IT Business Plan 	
	 Importance of a Business Plan 	
	Criteria of a good Business Plan	
	Determine business plan outline	
IV	Tutorial (case studies)	15 hours
	Tutorial lecture of 1 hour duration to be conducted each week.	
Week 1 & 2	Case studies on successful Technopreneurs of Goa	2
	 Analyze a specific case study(s) on successful 	
	technopreneurs, examining the key decisions, innovations,	
	and challenges they faced.	
	• Evaluate the impact of their entrepreneurial ventures on the	
	technological landscape and the broader economy of the	
	country.	
Week 3 to 6	Group Activities	4
	• Imagine you are a founder of a tech startup, and you're	
	facing a common challenge in the industry. Your team is	
	tasked with coming up with an innovative solution. Discuss	
	and outline a step-by-step process you would follow to	
	encourage creative thinking and generate unique ideas within your startup environment.	
	 Be sure to include specific methods, tools, or techniques 	
	you would employ, and explain how you would foster a	
	culture of continuous innovation within your team.	
	 Additionally, consider potential obstacles and how you 	
	would address them in the pursuit of turning innovative	
	ideas into successful implementations.	

Week 7 & 8	Report- How can emerging tech startups effectively utilize	2
	market research techniques/methods to gain a competitive edge and understand customer needs	
	 Provide a detailed exploration of practical strategies, tools, and methodologies that tech startups can employ in their market research efforts to inform product development, target audience identification, and overall business strategy. 	
Week 9 & 10	IPR Patent Filing Process Report:	2
	 Provide a detailed exploration of the practical aspects involved, including documentation requirements, legal considerations, potential challenges, and strategies for a successful patent filing 	
Week 11 & 12	Case studies on India Government policies towards supporting entrepreneurship	2
	 Using a specific case study(s), analyze the effects of these policies on the development, challenges, and opportunities for entrepreneurs, highlighting key strategies and outcomes. 	
Week 13 to	Business Plan Creation- Create a business plan for an IT	3
15	company with the following key considerations.	
	• Develop a comprehensive guide outlining the essential	
	components, market analysis, financial projections, and strategic planning necessary to establish a robust business	
	plan tailored to the specific needs and goals of the	
Pedagogy	imaginary IT company of your choice." 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture m	nethod, but
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to	attain the
	outcomes. You may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.	
	Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real worl that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.	d - and when
	3. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters stude	
	skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the abil evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simplements of the set o	
	4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encou	-
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve the 5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real worl	
	that's possible, it helps improve the student's understanding.	

References/	Main Reading
Readings:	 Arya Kumar (2012). Entrepreneurship Creating And Leading An Entrepreneurial Organization. PEARSON INDIA. Mathur, C. A. (2021). Taxmann's Entrepreneurship – Simple, Systematic Explanations along-with Comprehensive Coverage of the Concept & Theories). Taxmann Publications Private Limited.
	Additional Reading
	1. Bruce R. Barringer, R.Duane Ireland (2020). Entrepreneurship: Successfully Launching New Ventures, Pearson Education.
	 Dr. Rakesh Kumar Singh, Arunabha Banerjee (2022). Intellectual Property Rights - A Textbook on IPR (Intellectual Property Rights).
	3. Ramakrishna B & Anil Kumar H.S (2017). Fundamentals of Intellectual Property Rights : For Students, Industrialist and Patent Lawyers.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Understand the importance of idea, innovation and requirements in starting a business
	CO2. Explain the concepts of Intellectual Property Rights (IPR).
	CO3. Analyze the Opportunities of a potential scalable business through market research.
	CO4. Develop a business plan and implement their planning skills.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Application Course Code: CSA-213 Title of the Course: Computer Organization & Architecture Fundamentals No. of credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 Conceptualize the basics of Computer Organizational and Archit and classify the computers based on performance and machine Learn various data transfer techniques and the I/O interfaces Estimate and compare performances of various classes of memory Understand the basics of ALU implementation, hardwired programmed control units, pipelining and parallel architectures 	instructions. Dry
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
	Data representation: Data Type Representation, Number System, Signed number, fixed, floating point, character representation, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication - Shift and Add, Booth's Algorithm, Division Pseudo-code: Definition and its attributes, constructs, and Examples Introduction to Computer Architecture: Introduction to Computer Architecture, Flynn's Classification of Computers, Performance Metrics (like Latency, throughput), Fundamental Blocks of Computer (like CPU, I/O subsystems, memory, control unit), computer function, interconnection structures, Bus interconnections	15
II	 Memory Hierarchy: Hierarchical memory organization, Types of Memory-internal and external, Cache memory, Memory interleaving, Peripheral devices: Types of Peripheral Devices, I/O subsystem, programmed I/O, Interrupt-driven I/O, DMA, I/O channels and processors 	15
111	Instruction Set Architecture (ISA): Introduction to Instruction Set, Types of ISA; RISC, CISC; Processor Organization, Registers organization, Instruction Execution Cycle, Instruction formats, Addressing Modes; Register Transfer Language (RTL), Assembly Language Programming, X86-Architecture, ARM Architecture	15
IV	Practical Work Writing assembly language programs in 8086 using MASM or compatible assembler either in Windows or Linux.	Practical Hours (30)

Week 1 & 2	1. Introduction to 8086 architecture and instruction set	04
	2. Find the sum of 1 + 2 + 3 ++ n	
Week 3 & 4	3. Display the multiplication table of a number	04
	4. Store and retrieve numbers from memory	
		04
Week 5 & 6	5. Block Transfer	04
	6. Block Transfer in reverse order	
Week 7, 8 & 9	7. Sort the numbers stored in the memory(Any two methods)	06
	8. Searching methods	
Week 10 & 11	9. Masking of bits	04
	10. Counting of number of bits	
Week 12 & 13	11. Count the number of even or odd numbers from a given set of	04
	numbers	
	12. Check if the number is a palindrome	
Week 14 & 15	13. Count the number of positive and negative numbers from a	04
	given set of numbers	
	14. Generate a series like 1,3,5,7, up to n terms	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the vari	ous course
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the vari outcomes.	ous course
Pedagogy:		
	outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment	
References/	outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading	ts
	outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading 1. William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch	ts
References/	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading 1. William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. 	ts hitecture:
References/	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading 1. William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. 2. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arch 	ts hitecture:
References/	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading 1. William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. 	ts hitecture:
References/ Readings:	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading 1. William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. 2. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. 	ts hitecture:
References/ Readings: Course	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. On completion of the course, students will be able to: 	ts hitecture: chitecture: A
References/ Readings:	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Recall the basic concepts & terminologies of Computer Organ 	ts hitecture: chitecture: A isation.
References/ Readings: Course	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Recall the basic concepts & terminologies of Computer Organ CO2. Understand the concepts of data representation, computer & Basic Concepts of data representation. 	ts hitecture: chitecture: A isation.
References/ Readings: Course	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Recall the basic concepts & terminologies of Computer Organ CO2. Understand the concepts of data representation, computer & set architecture, memory hierarchy, and peripheral devices. 	ts hitecture: chitecture: A isation. & instruction
References/ Readings: Course	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. On completion of the course, students will be able to: C01. Recall the basic concepts & terminologies of Computer Organ C02. Understand the concepts of data representation, computer & set architecture, memory hierarchy, and peripheral devices. C03. Apply the concepts of data representation, Assembly Laboration 	ts hitecture: chitecture: A isation. & instruction
References/ Readings: Course	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. On completion of the course, students will be able to: C01. Recall the basic concepts & terminologies of Computer Organ C02. Understand the concepts of data representation, computer & set architecture, memory hierarchy, and peripheral devices. C03. Apply the concepts of data representation, Assembly Laperformance matrices in solving basic problems. 	ts hitecture: chitecture: A isation. & instruction anguage, and
References/ Readings: Course	 outcomes. Lectures, Tutorials, Collaborative/peer learning, Hands-on assignment Main Reading William Stallings. (9th Edition). Computer Organization and Arch Designing for performance. Prentice Hall of India. John L. Hennessy & David Patterson. (5th Edition). Computer Arc Quantitative Approach. Morgan Kaufmann. On completion of the course, students will be able to: C01. Recall the basic concepts & terminologies of Computer Organ C02. Understand the concepts of data representation, computer & set architecture, memory hierarchy, and peripheral devices. C03. Apply the concepts of data representation, Assembly Laboration 	ts hitecture: chitecture: A isation. & instruction anguage, and d basic design

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 231 Title of the Course: Cyber Law and Ethics Number of Credits: 3T Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the basic concepts of cyber law, cyber seconeed for privacy protection and intellectual property protect To comprehend the importance of ethics for IT profession organizations. 	ion.
Units	Content	No of hours 45
	Overview of Ethics, Ethics for IT Workers and IT Users Ethics, Ethics in the Business World; Corporate Social Responsibility; Fostering Corporate Social Responsibility and Good Business Ethics; Improving Business Ethics; Ethical Considerations in Decision Making; Ethics in Information Technology; Managing IT Worker Relationship; Encouraging Professionalism of IT Workers — Professional Codes of Ethics, Professional Organizations, Certifications and Licensing; Encouraging Ethical Use of IT Resources among Users. Ethical Decision in Software Development and Ethics of IT Organizations: Software Quality and its Importance; Strategies for Developing Quality Software; Use of Contingent Workers; H-IB Workers; Outsourcing; Whistle-Blowing.	15
II	Cyberattacks, Cybersecurity, and Cyber Law: Threat Landscape — Computer Incidents, Types of Exploits; CIA Security Triad; Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability, Implementing CIA at Organizational, Network, Application, and End-User Level; Response to Cyber Attack — Incident Notification Protection of Evidence and Activity Logs Incident Containment Eradication Incident Follow-Up Using an MSSP, and Computer Forensics; Cyber Law; Provision of Cyber, Overview of IT Act 2000, Code of conduct for computer professionals, Amendments and Limitations of IT Act.	15
111	Privacy, Freedom of Expression, Intellectual Property and Organizational Ethics: Privacy Protection and the Law – Information Privacy, Privacy Laws, Applications, and Court Rulings; Key Privacy and Anonymity Issues Consumer Profiling, Electronic Discovery,	15

	1 1 1
	Workplace Monitoring, Surveillance; First Amendment Rights; Freedom Expressions: Key Issues; Social Networking Ethical Issues.
	Intellectual Property: Intellectual Property, Copyright; Patent; Trade Secrets; Intellectual Property Issues: Plagiarism, Reverse Engineering, Open Source Code, Competitive Intelligence, Trademark Infringement, and Cybersquatting.
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. 2. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 3. Show the different ways to analyze cyber laws and crimes. 4. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding
References/ Readings:	 Main Reading 1. George W. Reynolds,(2012) Sixth Edition. Ethics in Information Technology. Course Technology, Cengage Learning 2. Herman T. Tavani, John Wiley and Sons, Fifth Edition, 2016. Ethics and Technology: Controversies, Questions, and Strategies for Ethical Computing. Wiley
	 Additional Reading 1. Michael J. Quinn, Pearson, (2015) Eighth Edition. Ethics for Information Age. Pearson
Course Outcomes:	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1: Understand the concepts of Cyber Law, Intellectual Property, and issues emerging in Cyberspace and the importance of Information Technology Act.
	CO2: Apply knowledge in implementing IT ethics for users and organizations

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-232 Title of the Course: Digital Ecosystem Number of Credits: 3T Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course:	None	
Course	1. To understand the fundamentals of the Digital Ecosystem.	
Objectives:	2. To analyze digital workspace concepts and the design practices.	
	3. To comprehend the architecture and the future of the Digital Ecosyst	stem.
Units	Content	No of hours 45
I	 Introduction to Digital Ecosystem: Introduction, key elements of a Digital Ecosystem, importance, Types of digital ecosystems, working, digital ecosystem mapping, Challenges in building and managing a Digital Ecosystem, Examples of successful digital ecosystems Approaches to Digital Ecology: Concept of Information Ecology, Information Ecology as a Research Model, Digital business ecosystem, Digital publicity platforms Computing of Digital Ecosystems: Multi-Agent Systems, Evolutionary Computing, Service-Oriented Architectures, Distributed Evolutionary Computing 	15
11	 Architecture of Digital Ecosystem: Trends and rise of Technological Ecosystem, Ecosystem Viewpoints Digital Workspace Concepts: Introduction, Human-Machine interface, Contextualization of objects, places and actions, Digital User Experience (DUX) and Customer Experience (CX), Evolution of software techniques, Data analytical software development and techniques, Digital workspaces Design Practices in Digital Enterprise: Introduction, Example of a digital business model using digital workspaces, Design practices in digital enterprise, Future of intelligent workspaces. 	15

	Reference Architecture for Digital Ecosystem (RADE)
	Components of a digital ecosystem, RADE, principles in different 15 areas of architecture; Layers of RADE- environment, Context and niche, Interaction, Adaptation to goals, Species integration and User
	integration; Security principles in RADE.
	Case Studies
	Digital ecosystem for the environment, Digital health ecosystem,
	Facebook ecosystem, Google ecosystem, E-Governance
	Future of Digital Ecosystem Risks in the current environment, Building a digital ecosystem for
	Planet, overcoming the risks, Future aspects.
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various
r cuugogy.	course outcomes.
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the
	outcomes. You may use
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class,
	which promotes critical thinking.
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical
	skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design,
	evaluate, generalize, & analyze information rather than simply recall it.4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding
	7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they can
	complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture
	hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.
References/ Readings:	Main Reading
	1. Alessandra Lazazzara, Francesca Ricciardi, Stefano Za. (2019) Exploring
	Digital Ecosystems: Organizational and Human Challenges. Springer
	International Publishing
	2. Jaydip Sen. (2018) Digital Technologies in the Digital Enterprise, Internet of
	Things: Technology, Applications and Standardization. IntechOpen
	3. Mark Skilton (2016) Building Digital Ecosystem Architectures: A Guide to
	Enterprise architecting. Springer

	Additional Reading			
	1. Arnoud De Meyer, Peter J. Williamson, and Fiona H. Murray.			
	(2020)Ecosystem Edge: Sustaining Competitiveness in the Face of			
	Disruption. Stanford Business Books			
	2. Geoffrey G. Parker, Marshall W. Van Alstyne, and Sangeet Paul			
	Choudary(2016) Platform Revolution: How Networked Markets Are			
	Transforming the Economy—and How to Make Them Work for You. W. W.			
	Norton & Company			
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:			
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember key elements, types and working of Digital Ecosystem			
	CO2. Understand digital ecosystem fundamentals and computing concepts.			
	CO3. Acquire the knowledge of digital workspace and design practices in a			
	digital enterprise			
	CO4. Analyze the architecture and the prospects of the digital ecosystem.			

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-233 Title of the Course: Website Design Number of Credits: 3 (2T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites		
for the	None	
Course Course Objectives:	 To understand the basic principles and syntax of HTML and CSS. To Effectively address common styling challenges and achieve d effects through skillful use of CSS techniques. To apply CSS features to create dynamic and engaging user inte enhance web experiences that seamlessly adapt to diverse devi screen sizes. To design simple webpages using HTML and CSS. 	lesired visual ractions that
Units	Content	No of hours 60 (30T + 30P)
	 Introduction to HTML World Wide Web, URL, Domain, Text Editors used, Web Page and Website HTML Tags, Basic structure of an HTML document, Headings, Paragraphs, Line Breaks, Mark-up Tags Basic formatting tags, Hyperlinks, Images, and Multimedia, Marquee Elements Lists, Tables, Frames, Forms and controls (button, checkboxes, textboxes etc.), Audio and Video Tags 	10
II	 Introduction to CSS Creating Style Sheet, CSS Properties, inline and block elements CSS Selectors - Element Selector, ID Selector, Class Selector, Grouping Selectors, Universal Selector Text Properties - Letter-Spacing Property, Word-spacing Property, Text-align Property, Text-transform Property, Line-height Property, Text Decoration, and Font properties Table and List Properties Advanced CSS Concepts Box Model, Margins, Padding, Border, Color, Opacity Color Properties, Background Color, Layering Elements using Z-Index Animation using transitions Display - flexbox and grid 	20

	 Absolute and Relative Positioning, Align, Pseudo class, Pseudo-element, Responsive design - Media Queries 	
111	List of experiments:	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1	Create a simple HTML document with a title, heading, paragraph, list, and an image.	02
Week 2	Design a form with different types of input fields such as text, password, radio buttons, checkboxes, and a submit button.	02
Week 3	Style the HTML page created in Experiment 2 using CSS. Apply different font styles, sizes, and colors. Experiment with background colors and margins.	02
Week 4	Design a webpage with CSS focusing on text properties (letter- spacing, word-spacing, text-align, text-transform, line-height, text decoration, and font properties).	02
Week 5 & 6	Create an HTML document and apply CSS to style inline and block elements using various selectors (element, ID, class, grouping, universal). Experiment with color properties, background color, border color, opacity, margins, padding, and z-index.	04
Week 7 & 8	Implement basic animations using CSS transitions.	04
Week 9	Explore the use of Flexbox for layout design on a webpage.	02
Week 10	Create a webpage with a multi-column layout using CSS Grid. Experiment with grid properties to achieve different column structures and alignments.	02
Week 11	Experiment with absolute and relative positioning in CSS.	02
Week 12	Apply pseudo-classes and pseudo-elements to style specific states or parts of a webpage.	02
Week 13 to 15	Construct a webpage that adapts to different devices like desktops, tablets, and mobile phones based on screen sizes using media queries.	06
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the outcomes. 1. Lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 	but alternative
	 may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. 2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the promotes critical thinking. 	ne class, which
	 Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' A and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to de generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and students to come up with their own creative ways to solve ther 	sign, evaluate, encourage the

	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's			
	possible, it helps improve the students' understanding			
	7. To promote self-learning give at least one assignment (equivalent to 50%			
	assignment weightage) where they can complete at least one MOOCs			
	(certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their			
	understanding through quizzes or presentations.			
References:	Main Reading			
	1. Jonathan Fielding (2014). Beginning Responsive Web Design with HTML5 and CSS3; Apress.			
	2. Robin Nixon (2022). HTML5 and CSS3 Masterclass. BPB Publications			
	Additional Reading			
	1. Ed Tittel, Chris Minnick (2013). Beginning HTML5 and CSS3 For Dummies,			
	1st Edition. For Dummies			
	 Joe Attardi (2020) Modern CSS: Master the Key Concepts of CSS for Modern Web Development; Apress. 			
Course	On completion of this course, students will be able to:			
Outcomes:	•			
Outcomes.	CO1 . Remember the basic concepts of HTML and CSS.			
	CO2 . Understand and apply different HTML text formatting, images,			
	hyperlinks and CSS selectors to web pages.			
	CO3 . Apply CSS for styling and layout, ensuring a visually appealing and			
	responsive design.			
	CO4 . Design static webpages using Flexbox and grid layouts.			

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-234 Title of the Course: Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Number of Credits: 3(2T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites	None		
for the			
Course:			
Course	1. To study the basic concepts, evolution of ERP and its application in		
Objectives:	organization. 2. To study the life cycle/ activities of ERP.		
	 To study the me cycle/ activities of EKP. To study various technologies related to ERP. 		
	4. To analyze market trends on the usage of ERP and develop a pl	rocess driven	
	thinking towards business processes.		
Unit	Content	No of hours	
		60	
		(30 T+30 P)	
I	Introduction to ERP	15	
	Evolution of ERP		
	• What is ERP?		
	 Reasons for the Growth of ERP 		
	 Modules of ERP 		
	 Advantages and Disadvantages of ERP 		
	An Overview of Enterprise		
	An Overview of Enterprise		
	 Management Information System 		
	Business Processes Integration		
	Need of ERP for Small Business		
	 Business Process Mapping for ERP Module Design 		
	• Implementation of ERP and concerns involving implementation		
	ERP and Information System		
	 ERP and Information System 		
	 Business Process and Business Process Reengineering (BPR) 		
	 Management Information System (MIS) 		
	 Executive Information System (EIS) 		
	 Decision support System (DSS) 		
	 Supply Chain Management 		
	 Customer Relationship Management 		

	ERP Implementation Lifecycle	15
	 Issues in Implementing ERP Packages 	
	 Pre-evaluation Screening 	
	 Package Evaluation 	
	 Project Planning Phase, Gap Analysis, Reengineering, Configuration, Implementation, Team Training, Testing, Going Live, End-User Training, Post Implementation (Maintenance Mode). 	
	Advance Technologies	
	• E-Procurement	
	E-Logistics	
	 Internet Auctions 	
	E-markets	
	 Electronic Business Process Optimization 	
	 Business Objects in SCM 	
	• E commerce	
	 Customer Relationship Management 	
	Practicals The concepts learned in the units from I and II are required to be implemented practically. The use of open source software (ERPNext, Odoo, Dolibarr, Tryton etc.) could be used to demonstrate the working of different modules used in ERP.	Practical 30 hours
Week 1 to 3	 Study and analyse need for Business Process re-engineering Case studies on ERP and their Functionalities 	06
Week 4 to 6	 Solving Case studies/scenarios using ERP 	06
Week 7 to 9	 Analyse, use and review any Open Source ERP softwares 	06
Week 10 to 15	 Analyse and use the Open Source ERP System with the following modules: Sales and Distribution (SD) Materials Management (MM) Production Planning (PP) Financial Accounting (FI) Human Capital Management (HCM) Business Warehouse (BW) 	12

Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.			
	 Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 			
	 You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative Deer Flipped Learning etc. 			
	 b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. 3. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 			
	4. Use of Case studies to illustrate concepts of ERP			
	5. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.			
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world			
References/	1. Alexis Leon, (3 rd or later Edition). ERP Demystified. Tata Mc Graw Hill.			
Readings:	2. Christian N. Madu. (July 2005) ERP and Supply Chain Management. Chi Pub.			
Course	On completion of the course, the students will be able to:			
Outcomes:	CO1. Recall the basic concepts and issues of ERP systems.			
outcomes.	CO2. Understand the concepts, techniques and processes of ERP System and its implementation.			
	CO3. Apply the basic concepts to design the ERP implementation strategies.CO4. Analyse the strategic options for ERP identification and adoption.			

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-235 Title of the Course: LaTex Number of Credits: 3(2T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 Familiarize students with the installation process and graphical user interface (GUI) of widely used typesetting software, particularly in the field of Mathematics. Acquire proficiency in the application of mathematical formulae, drawing, and designing using LaTeX. Recognize the significance of this software in publishing research articles, papers, project reports, and books, fostering comfort and confidence in its use. 	
Units	Content	HOURS 60 (30T + 30P)
I	 Installation of LaTeX i. Installation of Kile and MikeTeX ii. Class and packages iii. Latex programming and commands, sample packages iv. Error messages: Some sample errors, list of LaTeX error messages Formatting of output document i. Fonts, symbols, indenting, paragraphs, line spacing, word spacing, titles and subtitles ii. Document class, page style, parts of the documents, table of contents iii) Command names and arguments, environments, declarations iii. Theorem like declarations, comments within text 	15
11	 Mathematical formulae Mathematical environments, math mode, mathematical symbols Graphic package, multivalued functions, drawing matrices Tables, tables with captions References to figures and tables in text Drawing with LaTeX Picture environments Extended pictures, other drawing packages Preparing book, project report in LaTeX. 	15

III	Practical Work	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1 to 3	 Introduction to LaTeX i) Installation of LaTeX, Kile and MikeTeX ii) Class and packages iii) Latex programming and commands, sample packages iv) Error messages : Some sample errors, list of LaTeX error messages 	06
Week 4 to 7	 Formatting of output document 1. Fonts, symbols, indenting, paragraphs, line spacing, word spacing, titles and subtitles 2. Document class, page style, parts of the documents, table of contents 3. Command names and arguments, environments, declarations 4. Theorem like declarations, comments within text 	08
Week 8 to 11	 Mathematical formulae 1. Mathematical environments, math mode, mathematical symbols 2. Graphic package, multivalued functions, drawing matrices 3. Tables, tables with captions 4. References to figures and tables in text 	08
Week 12 to 15	Drawing with LaTeX 1. Picture environments 2. Extended pictures, other drawing packages 3. Preparing book, project report in LaTeX.	08
Pedagogy:	PowerPoint, Tutorials, Hybrid learning, Peer Learning	1
References / Readings:	 Main Reading Kopka, H., & Daly, P. W. (Year). Guide to LaTeX (4th Edition). Addison-Wesley. Kumar, S. S. (2019). LATEX - A Beginner Guide to Professional Documentation. Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd. Additional Reading Swaminathan Murugan. (2022). Latex For Beginners. (1st edition). Notion Press 	
Course Outcomes:	 At the end of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Successfully install the software and navigated its GUI, gair foundational understanding of its features. CO2. Understand the role of LaTeX in academic publishing, a software for the preparation of scholarly documents. CO3. Demonstrate the ability to effectively use LaTeX fo mathematical content, creating accurate formulae, and drawings and designs within documents. 	nd utilize the r typesetting
Name of the Programme: Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-236 Title of the Course: Multimedia Essentials Number of Credits: 3(2T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To make the students aware of Color Models and Color harmor Study basics of animation and to learn about 2D/3D animations Develop creative social media ready videos with visual effects. Develop and learn best practices for elements of design, audediting. 	5
Units	Content	No of hours 60 (30T+30P)
	 Multimedia - Introduction, Uses of Multimedia, Social & Ethical considerations, Digital Representation. Color Theory - Color Basics, Color Systems, Color Wheel, Complementary Colors, After Images, Color Combinations, Color & Contrast, Proportion & Intensity, Shades, Tones & Tints. Introduction to Computer Graphics: Difference between Raster and Vector Graphics, Raster graphics: resolution, image compression, file formats, manipulation; Vector graphics fundamentals, file formats, shapes, transforms and filters Text and Layout: character set, fonts & faces, using Text in Multimedia, Font Editing & Tools. Sound: Introduction, Digital Audio, MIDI Audio, Audio Codec & 	15
11	file formats, Making Digital Audio files. Animation: Principles of Animation, Types of Animation, Keyframe, Sprite, file formats. Video: How Video Works and is Displayed, Aspect Ratio, Frame size, Frame Rate, Video Codec & File formats, Processing & Delivery.	
	Practical Work	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1	 Design a Brochure for given Product and details. Learn about different file formats 	2
Week 2	2. Design a Brochure for given Product and details. Learn about different file formats	2
Week 3	3. Design a poster with given information and learn about image compression	2

Week 4 & 5	4. Edit the sound file and Learn about Effects and Filters of	4
	sound	
Week 6 & 7	5. Record voice and learn about Audio Compression	4
Week 8 to 10	6. Learn Audio mixing and streaming of audio content	6
Week 11 to 13	7. Learn about Video editing. Prepare video with rough cut, Prepare video content with title and special effects.	6
Week 14 & 15	 Record video content with the and special effects. 8. Record video content and learn about video compressions, Prepare Video content for vimeo / youtube. 	4
	Note: -(Practical can be done using GIMP, Inkscape, Scribus, Photoshop, Illustrator, Flash, Blender, Audacity, Lightworks.)	
Pedagogy:	 Conventional Lecture method Case based learning Experiential Design Thinking Formative and summative assessments Live experimental projects 	
References/ Readings:	 Main Reading: 1. Chapman, N., & Chapman, J. (2004). Digital Multimedia (2nd ed 2. Parekh, R. (2017). Principles of Multimedia (2nd ed.). McGraw H Education. 3. Tay, V. (2011). Multimedia: Making it Work (8th ed.). Tata McGram 	ill
Course Outcomes:	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. To remember the fundamentals and underlying theories of CO2. To understand animation and to design and develop 2D/3D CO3. To analyze the best practices for elements of design, aud editing. 	animations
	CO4. To create films, visual effects for the creative media.	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-241 Title of the Course: Multimedia Applications Number of Credits: 3 (1T + 2P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the	None	
Course:		
Course	1. Introducing terminologies and technologies in multimedia.	
Objectives:	2. Learning different types and forms of multimedia.	
	3. Learn storage and access mechanisms of each multimedia file type	2.
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (15+60)
I	Introduction to Multimedia & Graphic Design Fundamentals	15
	 Definition and Characteristics of Multimedia 	
	 Evolution of Multimedia Technologies 	
	Multimedia Elements: Text, Images, Audio, Video, Animation	
	Multimedia Hardware and Software	
	Principles of Graphic Design	
	Image Editing Techniques	
	 Creating and Manipulating Vector Graphics 	
	Audio ,Video Production and Animation Principles	
	 Basics of Sound and Audio Editing 	
	Video Production Process	
	 Editing Techniques using Software 	
	 Incorporating Sound and Music in Multimedia 	
	Basics of Animation	
	 2D and 3D Animation Techniques 	
	Virtual and Augmented Reality (VR/AR) & Multimedia in Social Media.	
	 Basics of VR and AR Technologies 	
	 Developing Multimedia Content for VR and AR 	
	 Social Media Platforms and Trends 	
	 Creating Multimedia-rich Content for Social Media 	
	 Social Media Campaign Planning and Execution 	

"	Practical Work	Practical Hours (60)
Week 1 & 2	Graphic Design :- Practical exercises using graphic design software to create posters, banners, and digital artwork (task: designing a Banner for an event)	8
Week 3 to 5	Audio Editing:- Audio recording ,Audio storage and conversion , Audio mixing and rendering.	12
Week 6 to 9	Video Editing :- Video Capturing and Editing, Effects and transitions,color correction, Video composition and rendering.	16
Week 10 to 12	Animation :- introduction to animation software and practical animation exercises (task: short animation sequence using a 2D / 3D Sequence)	12
Week 13 to 15	Social Media Content Creation: Planning and executing a social media campaign using the components of multimedia.	12
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the variational control outcomes. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture methor alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain outcomes. You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Arrskills, and develops design thinking skills. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourstudents to come up with their own creative ways to solve them Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - an that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment (equivale assignment weightage) where they can complete one MOOCs (or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Practical shall be performed in the laboratory as indicated in th A softcopy of e-journal shall be maintained clearly mentioning of the experiment and other required information. Mini-Project may be given as part of assessment 	od, but ain the nalytical age the age the d when ent to 50% certificate e syllabus.
References/ Readings:	 Main Reading : 1. Brie Gyncild. (2012) Adobe Photoshop CS6. Pearson Education 2. Mischeal Hammel,(2012) The Artist's Guide to GIMP, 2nd Edition, No. Press 3. Ranjan Parekh,(2017) Principles of Multimedia.2nd Edition. McGrav. 	

	 Additional Reading 1. Douglas Spotter Eagle ,(2004) Using Soundtrack , 1st Edition .CMP Books 2. Kusum Lata and Rishabh Anand (2015) ,Computer Graphics and Multimedia, Satya Prakashan
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember the Multimedia elements
	CO2. Understand methods for integrating different types of media seamlessly
	into multimedia projects
	CO3. Apply design principles specific to multimedia , Ensuring visually appealing
	and effective communication
	CO4. Implement and Execute multimedia projects applying design principles
	ensuring practical application of visual and interactive design concepts.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-242 Title of the Course: Search Engine Optimisation Number of Credits: 3 (1T + 2P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites	None	
for the		
course	1 Leave the concert of Course Engine Course Engine Or	timination and
Course Outcomes	 Learn the concept of Search Engine, Search Engine Op importance of Links in SEO. 	dimization and
·	2. Understand Web Analytics, Search Engine Optimization, and	l Search Engine
	Marketing.	
	3. Analyse data and assess reports on traffic to web sites;	
	4. Implement page ranking in order to improve website visi	bility in search
	engine listings.	-
Units	Content	No of hours
		75
		(15T+60P)
1	Introduction to SEO Basics	15
	What is SEO and key factors determine the same, Components	
	of SEO - onsite and off page, Keyword Planning, Long tail	
	keywords; Art and science of tags - URL, title, meta, H1, alt text,	
	etc, Write a good meta description; Page speed, All about links -	
	broken, internal, Dealing with duplicate content, Robot.txt and	
	Sitemap	
	Linking Strategies	
	Importance of Links, Inbound and Outbound, PageRank, Internal	
	links and external links, Need to link to forum, blogs and social	
	media sites link farm.	
	Content Design and Page Optimization	
	Correcting source code of the website, Mobile Optimization and	
	responsiveness of a site, Choosing the best writing style,	
	Creating unique content, building infographics, Rewriting	
	content in avoid duplication or plagiarism issues to avoid Search	
	engine penalization	
	Decompile a Competitor's Website	
	Ways to beat the competition, Using Google Chrome, Firefox, IE	
	as a research tool, find your competition, Find why they have	
L		

	good search engine rankings, check the number of cached pages	
	of the website, analyze their site architecture, find the keywords,	
	finding who links to them.	
	SEO Tools	
	Setup and use a Google Webmaster Account, Verify your	
	website, Setup and register a Google sitemap Produce and install	
	a robots.txt file	
	SEM	
	Introduction to SEM, Link building, blogging, social media, Viral	
	marketing, PPC, PPA campaigns, ad campaigns, Email marketing,	
	Affiliate marketing, Podcasting,, Rich media, Managing Ad	
	Campaign, Campaign Targeting, PPC management and SEO	
	Major ad networks, "Content network" vs search advertising,	
	Writing effective ads, Creating a landing page, Conversions and	
	calls-to-action. A/B Testing.	
11	List of Practicals:	Practical
		Hours (60)
Week 1	Assign a website with significant traffic for analysis to Decompile	4
	a Competitor Website:	
	 Competitor Website: How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool 	
	How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome	
	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool 	
	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition 	
	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings 	
	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages 	
	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them 	
Week 2	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them 	4
Week 2	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them Create a relevant website to host keeping in mind: CSS vs table-based design 	4
Week 2	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them Create a relevant website to host keeping in mind: CSS vs table-based design Understanding website frames 	4
Week 2	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them Create a relevant website to host keeping in mind: CSS vs table-based design Understanding website frames How to choose the best domain name 	4
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Week 2 Week 3 & 4	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them Create a relevant website to host keeping in mind: CSS vs table-based design Understanding website frames How to choose the best domain name How to choose the best hosting company How to validate your website pages 	4
	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them Create a relevant website to host keeping in mind: CSS vs table-based design Understanding website frames How to choose the best domain name How to choose the best hosting company How to validate your website pages 	
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	 How to beat the competition How to use Google Chrome as a research tool How to find your competition How to find why they have good search engine rankings How to check the number of cached pages How to analyse their site architecture How to find the keywords they use How to find who links to them Create a relevant website to host keeping in mind: CSS vs table-based design Understanding website frames How to choose the best domain name How to choose the best hosting company How to validate your website pages Improve poorly focused pages of the website: Take an existing site/page and begin to optimize it with enhanced content and design. 	

	Correct the code, optimize Meta tags, optimize page title tags, optimize Meta description tags, optimize Meta keywords, optimize h tags, optimize li tags, optimize p tags, optimize alt tags, optimize title attribute tags, avoid the misuse of header tags • Assess your site for calls-to-action • optimize your keywords • Rewrite the content, using longtail keywords • integrate social media • Build Mobile responsive pages	
	 Choosing the best writing style Review for duplicate content Avoid penalization 	
week 5	Reviewing website for duplicate content issues across other sites to avoid penalization	4
Week 6	Apply robot controls (produce and install robots.txt file).	4
Week 7	Use Keyword tools to find relevant and niche keywords and analyze competitors' keywords.	4
Week 8	 Create Inbound(backlinks) and Outbound links Reviewing Page ranks so the best source links are utilized to build rank for your website(websites, forums, blogs, social media) build a link farm 	4
Week 9 & 10	 Use Google Tag Manager to configure and deploy Google Analytics into your website Google. Monitor traffic , and sessions and generate reports by analyzing the data, concentrating on different metrics used. 	8
Week 11	Setup Google Search Console Tools and Yahoo! Site Explorer	4
Week 12	Setup and Register site to Google, Yahoo! And Bing: URL and Sitemaps	4
Week 13	Implement a comprehensive 301 redirect strategy to ensure smooth and SEO-friendly transitions when restructuring a website	4
Week 14 & 15	Improve load time of websites: Implement measures for Negative SEO attacks	8
Pedagogy	 Course delivery pattern, evaluation scheme, prerequisite shall be discussed at the beginning. 1. Lectures preferably to be conducted with the aid of multimedia projector, black board, group activities, charts, cases, etc. 2. One internal written exam would be conducted as a part of internal theory evaluation. 3. One assignment based on the course content may be given to the students to evaluate how learning of objectives was achieved. It can incorporate designing of 	

	 problems and analysis of solutions submitted by the student's groups. E.g. 4. Give an individual Final semester Project to select/build a site built by students to apply analytics, SEO and SEM strategies. o Complete initial SEO of individual project site 5. Write a 1-page summary of organic traffic on group site. 6. Discuss the effect of designs on organic traffic. 7. Complete landing page Complete tweaks to site to improve your conversion rate 8. Track analytics
References/	Main Reading:
Readings:	1. Danny Dover and Erik Dafforn; (2011) Search Engine Optimization (SEO)
	Secrets, Wiley Publication, 1st edition
	 Peter Kent; (2015) Search Engine Optimization for Dummies , Wugnet Publications, 6th Edition.
	Additional reading
	1. Eric Enge , Stephan Spencer, Jessie C. Stricchiola(2016), The Art of SEO:
	Mastering Search Engine Optimization 3rd Edition. Oreilly & Associates Inc
	2. Peter Kent (2020).SEO For Dummies: Going Beyond the Buzzword to
	Continuously Drive Growth, Improve the Bottom Line, and Enact Change. 1st edition. For Dummies.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Understand the concept of Search Engine, Search Engine Optimization
	and importance of Links in SEO.
	CO2. Apply Google Analytics and other metrics / tools to monitor progress in
	achieving search engine marketing goals and Create Pay-Per-Click
	Campaigns.
	CO3. Analyse websites and implement optimal Search Engine and marketing
	strategies for improved revenue generation.
	CO4. Create Web pages designed to be easily crawled and optimally indexed
	by search engines and Attract inbound Links from other Web Sites.
1	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-243 Title of the Course: 3D Animation Number of Credits: 3 (1T + 2P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites	Basic concepts of animation	
for the		
Course:		
Course Objectives:	 Understand the basic concept of 3D animation and the its applications Illustrate the importance of each process in 3D animation production pipeline. Construct 3D models by employing textures, UVs, and shaders provided within a 3D modeling software. Create an animation project by applying rigging, visual effects ,lighting, camera and rendering techniques provided within a 3D animation software. 	
Units	Content	No of
		hours
		75
		(15T + 60P)
I	Introduction to 3D Animation	15
	Defining 3D Animation	
	Exploring 3D animation Industry	
	The History of 3D Animation	
	 Getting to Know the Production Pipeline Working in 3D Animation Preproduction : Idea/Story , Script/Screenplay, Storyboard, Animatic/Pre- visualization ,Design . 	
	 Working in 3D Animation Production : Layout , Research and Development ,Modeling ,Texturing , Rigging/Setup, Animation ,3D Visual Effects ,Lighting, Rendering. 	
	 Working in 3D Animation Postproduction: Compositing, 2D Visual Effects/Motion Graphics, Color Correction, Final Output Using Production Tools, Production Bible. 	
	Understanding Modeling and Texturing	
	Introduction to Modeling	
	Modeling Workflows : Primitive modeling, Box	
	Modeling, Boolean Modeling	
	Texturing : Applying Textures	
	UVs : Unwrapping UVs & mapping texture	
	• Shaders : Basic shader attributes- Color, Ambience,	
	Transparency, Reflectivity, Refraction, Translucency,	

	Specular highlights, Glow.	
	Rigging and Animation	
	Rigging - Parenting , Skeleton System ,Constraints.	
	 Animation – Keyframe, Timeline, Graph Editor, Function Curves, Dope Sheet, Tracking Marks and Ghosting. 	
	Understanding Visual Effects, Lighting, Camera and Rendering	
	 Visual Effects Particles , Hair and Fur , Fluids , Rigid Bodies , Soft Bodies (Cloth) 	
	 Lighting Light Types : Spot, Point, Infinite, Area . Light Attributes – Color, Intensity, Shadows . Lighting Techniques - Three-Point Lighting, Two-Point Lighting One-Point Lighting. 	
	 Camera – Camera View, Camera Attributes-Lens type: Perspective, Orthographic, Focal Length. 	
	 Rendering – Render engines, Basic Rendering Methods 	
II	Practical Work	Practical
	Using any suitable 3D Animation software like Blender,	Hours (60)
	the concepts learned in the units are required to be	
	implemented practically. The broad area of practical	
	problems is mentioned below.	
Week 1	Introduction to 3D Animation Software, exploring the	8
& 2	Interface	
Maak 2	Basic Modeling Tools.	0
Week 3 & 4	Creating various 3D models with modeling tools, Editing Polygon Mesh, Curves and NURBS.	8
Week 5	Applying textures and materials to 3D Models.	4
Week 6	Working with UV maps	4
Week 7	Working with Shaders	4
Week 8	Working with Rigs and Constraints.	4
Week 9	Keyframe Animations.	4
Week 10	Working with Graph Editor ,Function Curves, Dope Sheet to create 3D animations .	4
Week 11	Working with Lights - Adding Lights to the scene, Light Types, World Settings and Attributes of Lights.	4
Week 12	Working with Cameras- Adding Cameras, Camera Navigation, Camera Properties, Animating and Switching	4

Week 13	Rendering – Explore Rendering Methods.4	
Week 14 & 15	Mini Project- Creating a short 3D Animation Scene. 8	
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture methols but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attern the outcomes. You may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. 2. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters studer Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills . 3. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourate the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve there solve there is understanding. 6. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment (equivalent 50% assignment weightage) where they can complete one MOC (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. 7. Practical shall be performed in the laboratory as indicated in the syllabus. 8. A softcopy of e-journal shall be maintained clearly mentioning the name of the experiment and other required information. 9. Mini-Project may be given as part of assessment 	od, ain nts' age n. and t to DCs the
References/	Main Reading:	
Readings:	 Beane, A. (2012). 3D Animation Essentials. (1st ed.). John Wiley & Sons. Kerlow, I. V. (2009). The Art of 3D Computer Animation and Effects. Williams, R. E. (2009). Animator's Survival Kit. Additional Reading: Park, J. E. (2004). Understanding 3D Animation Using Maya. Blain, J. M. (2024). The Complete Guide to Blender Graphics: Computer Modeling and Animation: Volume 1 (8th ed.). 	
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:	
Outcomes:	 CO1. Understand various aspects of 3D Animation and understand the 3D animation production pipeline CO2. Apply 3D techniques that demonstrate characters with realistic motion 	2
	CO3. Create sophisticated 3D models within a 3D environmentCO4. Design and develop 3D animation scene	

Second Year - Semester IV

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-202 Title of the Course: Web App Development Number of Credits: 4 (3P + 1 Tutorial) from AY: 2024-25

Pte-requisites	Basic Programming, Object-Oriented Concepts and DBMS Courses	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 To understand the Fundamentals of client-side and server-side technologies To understand dynamic and interactive web experiences using JavaScript and client-side frameworks. To design web applications using server-side technologies and databases. To apply secure web application deployment and maintenance. 	
Units & Weeks	Content	No of hours 105 (90P + 15 Tutorials)
Tutorial Session	Tutorial lecture of 1 hour duration to be conducted each week.	· · · ·
Instructions	 Concepts needed for the conduct of Practical Sessions to be These sessions may also be utilized for the doubt clearance Suggestive client-side scripting language: JavaScript Suggestive server-side scripting language: PHP Suggestive frameworks for client-side scripting: Bootstrap, Z Foundation. Suggestive frameworks for server-side scripting: Laravel, Cor Suggestive Database: MYSQL or MariaDB Suggestive FTP Tool: FileZilla, cyberduck Suggestive Control Panels: Plesk, CPanel Suggestive Web server: Xampp, Wamp, EASYPHP 	urb
I	Client-side scripting language	35 (30 + 05)
Week 1	 Introduction to client-side scripting language Naming convention for variables Operators Conditional statements 	7
Week 2	 Loops Functions- named functions, anonymous functions, and arrow functions 	7
Week 3	 DOM (Document Object Model) DOM Tree DOM Manipulation 	7

	Accessing elements using DOM	
Week 4	Event Handling - Attaching events to HTML elements, Common events	7
Week 5	 AJAX- XMLHttpRequest Object, Working with Data Formats Cookie(get,set) Localstorage, Session storage 	7
II	Client-side framework	21
Week 6	 Introduction to CSS frameworks Integrating Bootstrap into web application Understanding Bootstrap grid system 	7
Week 7	 Bootstrap containers Bootstrap carousel, navbar, glyphicons 	7
Week 8	 Bootstrap tables Bootstrap forms Bootstrap images Bootstrap typography Bootstrap color 	7
111	Server-side framework and Database connectivity	21
Week 9	 Introduction to server-side scripting language Input/output statements Decision statements Looping statements 	7
Week 10	 Database connectivity, CRUD (Create, Update, Read and Delete) Introduction to server-side frameworks Downloading and installing server-side framework Directory structure, modules, libraries APIs, configuring database connections 	7
Week 11	 Handling database migrations and schema changes CRUD operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete) using framework 	7
IV	Data Representation and Web Hosting	28
Week 12	 Data representation using XML Data representation using JSON 	7
Week 13	 Web Hosting (Windows/Linux) Configuring Name Server Configuring email service Understanding Web Hosting file manager Cache Management Understanding and integrating SSL certificate into web application (OpenSSL) 	7

Week 14 & 15	 Create a simple web application integrating client-side framework for styling and web interface, server-side scripting language and database connectivity with CRUD operations.
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.
	 Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how various concepts can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning give atleast one assignment (equivalent to 50% assignment weightage) where they can complete atleast one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. One internal practical exam will be conducted as a part of internal evaluation. Practical shall be performed in the laboratory as indicated in the syllabus 10. A Hand written Hard Copy (or digital copy) of the journal shall be maintained clearly mentioning the name of the experiment and other required information.
References:	Main Reading : 1. Harold, E. R., & Means, W. S. (2004). XML In A Nutshell (3rd ed.). O'Reilly.
	 Haverbeke, M. (2018). Eloquent JavaScript: A Modern Introduction to Programming (3rd ed.). No Starch Press.
	 Welling, L., & Thomson, L. (2016). PHP and MySQL Web Development (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
	Additional Reading :
	 Fielding, J. (2014). Beginning Responsive Web Design with HTML5 and CSS3. Apress.
	 Stauffer, M. (2023). Laravel: Up & Running: A Framework for Building Modern PHP Apps (3rd ed.). O'Reilly.
	3. Sullivan, B., & Lui, V. (2012). Web Application Security, A Beginner's

	 Guide. McGraw-Hill Education. 4. Deitel, P. (2018). Internet and World Wide Web-How to Program (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	 CO1. Understand and utilize JavaScript for dynamic web behaviors, including DOM manipulation and event handling. CO2. Apply a client-side framework for responsive, mobile-first web design components, and grid system to deliver visually appealing and user-friendly web experiences across various devices and screen sizes CO3. Compare and setup web hosting environments, generate and install SSL certificates, and integrate them with their websites. CO4. Design dynamic and interactive web applications to process user requests, interact with databases, manage server-side logic, and generate dynamic content.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-203 Title of the Course: Agile Methodologies Number of Credits: 4(3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course:	None	
Course	1. To remember the practices and philosophies of Agile methodolog	gies.
Objectives:	 To understand agile development and testing techniques. To apply best practices of agile methodologies for software deve testing. 	lopment and
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
I	Introduction to Agile and Scrum	
	Agile Methodology	
	Agile Software Development, Traditional Model vs. Agile Model, Classification of Agile Methods, Agile Manifesto and Principles, Agile Project Management, Agile Team Interactions, Ethics in Agile Teams, Agility in Design, Agile Documentations, Agile Drivers, Capabilities and Values.	15
	Agile Processes: Work Products, Roles, and Practices - SCRUM, SCRUM Meetings, SCRUM Artifacts, SCRUM Events, Scrum Ceremonies, Crystal, Feature Driven Development, Adaptive Software Development, Kanban, Extreme Programming, Lean Production.	
II	Agility and Knowledge Management:	
	Agile Information Systems, Agile Decision Making, KM in Software Engineering, Managing Software Knowledge, Challenges of Migrating to Agile Methodologies, Agile Knowledge Sharing, Role of Story-Cards, Story-Card Maturity Model (SMM).	
	Agility and Requirement Engineering:	15
	Impact of Agile Processes in RE, Current Agile Practices, Variance, Overview of RE Using Agile, Managing Unstable Requirements, Requirements Elicitation, Agile Requirements Prioritization.	
	Agile Product Development, Agile Metrics, feature-driven development (FDD).	

111	Extreme Programming :	15
	Introduction, Values, Principles, Practices (Customer Testing,	
	Refactoring, Pair Programming, Collective Ownership, TDD,	
	Continuous Integration)	
	Agile Testing:	
	Testing - Aim and objectives, verification - validation: Testing Levels	
	& Testing Strategies	
	Behaviour Driven Testing	
	 Integration - top-down, bottom-up, bi-directional 	
	CI/CD	
	Agile Approach to Quality Assurance, Test Driven Development,	
	Agile Approach in Global Software Development.	
IV	Practical Work	Practical
	Using suitable Agile Software Development tools (JIRA, Zephyr	Hours (30)
	recommended), the concepts learned in the units are required to	
	be implemented practically. The broad area of practical problems is	
	mentioned/suggested below.	
Week 1 & 2	To understand the background and driving forces for taking an	4
	Agile approach to Software Development.	
Week 3	Understand the business value of adopting an agile approach.	2
Week 4 & 5	Installation, Configuration, and Understanding the various features	4
	of automated tools for Agile Software Development.	
	(JIRA recommended)	
Week 6 to 8	Agile workflow	6
	1)Build a fitness tracker app that allows users to set fitness goals,	
	track their progress, and receive personalized workout	
	recommendations. Begin with features such as user registration, goal setting, and basic workout tracking.	
	Iterate on the app by adding features like meal tracking, social	
	sharing, and integration with wearable devices.	
	2)Develop an online learning platform. Start by creating user	
	accounts, browsing courses, and enrolling in them. Implement	
	features for course instructors to upload content and for students	
	to interact through forums and quizzes.	
	Enhance the platform with features like progress tracking, certificates upon completion, and peer-to-peer reviews.	
	The above mentioned Projects to be created	
	i. Creation of Project, SCRUM.	
	ii. Creation of Backlog.	
Week 9 & 10	iii. Creation of Sprint	4
	iv. Add stories to Sprint	

Week 11 to	Test Management Activities	6
13	i. Create a Test case for the above-mentioned projects.	
	ii. Test Cases	
	iii. Test Cycles	
	iv. Update Test cases(passed/failed)	
Week 14 & 15	i. Report Bugs	4
	ii. Reports	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the va outcomes.	rious course
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture raternative effective teaching methods could be adopted. You may	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc.	
	Ask at least three HOT(Higher-Order Thinking) questions in th promote critical thinking.	ne class that
	3. Adopt problem-based learning(PBL), which fosters students' Ana and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.	•
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and en students to come up with creative ways to solve them.	courage the
	Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.	when that's
	 To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment whe complete at least one MOOC (certificate or equivalent) course o hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. 	•
References/	Main Reading	
Readings:	 Anderson, D. J., & Schragenheim, E. (2003). Agile Management fo Engineering: Applying the Theory of Constraints for Business Resu Hall. 	
	 Hazza, & Dubinsky. (2009). Agile Software Engineering, Series: Un Topics in Computer Science. Springer. 	dergraduate
	Additional Reading	
	 Desouza,K.C.,(2007). Agile Information Systems: Conce Construction, and Management. Butterworth-Heinemann. Larman, C. (2004). Agile and Iterative Development: A Mana Addison-Wesley. 	eptualization, ger's Guide.
Course	At the end of the course the students will be able to :	
Outcomes:	 CO1. Remember the practices and philosophies of Agile methodo CO2. Understand agile development and testing techniques. CO3. Apply best practices of agile methodologies for software development and testing. 	-

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-204 Title of the Course: Object-Oriented Concepts Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course: Course	 Knowledge of any basic Programming Language 1. To remember Object-Oriented Programming concepts. 	
Objectives:	 To understand object-oriented paradigms: abstraction, encapsuinheritance, polymorphism, and apply them in problem-solving To apply object-oriented solutions for real-world problems. To implement appropriate OO concepts in applications. 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T+30P)
	 Introduction to OO Programming Introduction to Object-oriented programming Problems/ Limitations of Procedure-Oriented Programming Comparison of Procedure-Oriented and Object-Oriented Paradigms Object Oriented Programming Paradigms i. Classes & Objects ii. Inheritance iii. Polymorphism iv. Abstraction v. Encapsulation Variables, scope, methods and Class Diagram Introduction to variables, scope of variables-local, instance and class variables, Objects, Class, attributes, methods, static methods Relationship between Classes/ Objects using class diagrams and Aggregation 	15
11	Constructors, Destructors, and Polymorphism Constructors Introduction, Types of Constructors and concepts used as Destructors, Compile and run time polymorphism Operator and Function Overloading Introduction Examples	15

	Inheritance	
	Introduction, Base class and derived classes	
	Private, Public and Protected members	
	Types Of Inheritance	
	i. Single Inheritance	
	ii. Multilevel Inheritance	
	iii. Multiple Inheritance	
	iv. Hierarchical Inheritance	
	v. Hybrid Inheritance	
	Method overriding	45
	Virtual base classes (concept only)	15
	Abstract classes and Interfaces	
	Exception Handling	
111	Introduction Types of errors	
	Exception types-checked and unchecked	
	Exception Handling Mechanism: Using try catch and multiple catch	
	Nested try, throw, throws, and finally	
	Creating user-defined Exceptions	
IV	Practical Work	Practical
	The use of an object-oriented programming language for the	Hours
	concepts learned in the units from I to III is required to be	(30)
	implemented practically. The broad area of practical problems is	
	mentioned below.	
Week 1 to 3	Introduction to Java	06
	Application/Use of language, Simple Programs, arithmetic,	
	logical and relational operators, Data types, Control statements,	
	and Java Packages (Scanner, math), break and continue in loops.	
	Predefined Java String and math functions	
	Examples of programs:	
	Create a simple program to print "Hello World"	
	For if structure:	
	-Using user input from the user check if an individual can vote or	
	not	
	For loop structure :	
	-for, while, and do-while display the series 2,4,6,8,10	
	-Display Good Morning five times using a loop	
	-Fibonacci series and Factorial of a number	
	For menu-driven program :	
	-display the area of squares, triangles, circles, and rectangles.	

	-display appropriate object if a user selects a vowel (eg. A-	
	apple, E-elephant). Use switch case and do-while loop.	
	More programs may be given to the learners to complete and	
	practice as part of their Practice Work.	
Week 4 & 5	Implementing Classes and objects, Array of Objects	04
	Examples of programs:	
	Create a class dog with data members' breed, size, color, and age.	
	Create 2 dog objects and display the details.	
	Create a class book with data members' brands, pages, and	
	prices. Use an array of objects. Create 6 books. Take user input.	
	• More programs may be given to the learners to complete	
	and practice as part of their Practice Work.	
Week 6 to 8	Reading and writing data using methods, Modes of Parameter	06
	passing, and Return keyword.	
	Examples of programs:	
	create a class book with data members' brands, pages, and	
	prices. using the concept of initializing by method to give values	
	to the objects. Create 2 books.	
	create a class purse with data members' color, brand, pockets,	
	and price. using the concept of initializing by reference to give	
	values to the objects. Create 2 purses.	
	implement a program using the return keyword.	
	More programs may be given to the learners to complete and	
	practice as part of their Practice Work	
Week 9 & 10	Constructors: Default, Parameterized, and Copy	04
	Examples of programs:	•
	Create a class rectangle with attributes length, breadth, and	
	color. Create a rectangle using a default constructor.	
	Create a class bag with attributes price, brand, color, and type(eg.	
	college/office) Create 2 bags using one default and one	
	parameterized constructor.	
	Create a class shoe with data members' size, price, and color.	
	create 3 shoes using default, parameterized, and copy	
	constructors.	
	More programs may be given to the learners to complete and	
	practice as part of their Practice Work.	

Week 11 &	Polymorphism: Function Overloading and function overriding,	04
12	super keyword	
	Examples of programs:	
	Create class shapes with respective data members. Also,	
	create classes of triangles and circles and calculate areas. Use	
	the concept of polymorphism.	
	Inheritance: Single, Multilevel, Multiple, Hierarchical, Hybrid,	
	Method Abstract classes and interfaces	
	Examples of programs:	
	For single inheritance:	
	Create a class vehicle with data members as the base class.	
	Create a derived class motorbike from the vehicle.	
	For multilevel inheritance:	
	Create a class wristwatch with data members as the base class.	
	Create a class custom_belt_wristwatch as the intermediary class.	
	Create a class custom_bracelet_wristwatch as the derived class.	
	More programs may be given to the learners to complete and	
	practice as part of their Practice Work.	
Week 13 to	Exception Handling in Java	06
15	Syntax for Exception Handling, Throwing and Catching	
	mechanism, rethrowing exceptions, multiple catch, Nested try,	
	throw, throws, and finally	
	User-defined Exceptions	
	Examples of programs:	
	Execute exceptions for arithmetic- division by zero, array index	
	out of bounds, null pointer, string index out of bounds, etc.	
	More programs may be given to the learners to complete and	
	practice as part of their Practice Work	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the course outcomes.	various
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture me	thod, but
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to a	ttain the
	outcomes. You may use	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.	
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in t	he class,
	which promotes critical thinking.	
	which promotes critical thinking.3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students'	Analytical

	evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.	
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the	
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.	
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when	
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding	
	7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment (equivalent to	
	50% assignment weightage) where they can complete one MOOCs	
	(certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their	
	understanding through quizzes or presentations.	
References/	Main Reading:	
Readings:	 Bhave, M., & Patekar, S. (2008). Programming with Java (1st ed.). Pearson. 	
	 Balagurusamy, E. (2010). Object-oriented programming with Java (4th ed.). Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing House. 	
	 Schildt, H. (2017). The Complete Reference JAVA2 (10th ed.). Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing House. 	
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:	
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember Object-Oriented Programming concepts.	
	CO2. Understand object-oriented paradigms: abstraction, encapsulation,	
	inheritance, polymorphism, and apply them in problem-solving	
	CO3. Apply object-oriented solutions for real-world problems.	
	CO4. Implement appropriate OO concepts in applications.	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-205 Title of the Course: Web Technology Number of Credits: 2T Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course:	Basic understanding of using the internet and web browsers.	
Course Objectives:	 To introduce the fundamentals of web technology, scripting languages, and web publication. To create dynamic and interactive web experiences using Java and client-side frameworks. To apply client and server-side programming language that of to create websites and web applications. To explore MVC Architecture for dynamic and interactive user interfaces using views and templates. 	can be used
Units	Content	No of hours 30
	 Introduction to web technology Internet, world wide web, web 2.0 Client/Server paradigm Protocols (TCP, IP, UDP, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, TFTP, SMTP, MIME in brief) Functions and features of web servers and web browsers Introduction to client-side scripting Basics of JavaScript- syntax and data types DOM Accessing and modifying HTML elements with JavaScript Control structures (Conditional Statement, loops) Functions and events 	15
I	 Introduction to server-side scripting Overview of PHP, features PHP syntax and variables Input/Output statements Decision Statements Looping Statements Server-side validations Database Connectivity CRUD (Create, Update, Read and Update) operations Report Generation Session and cookies 	15

[AN/C Aughitasture			
	MVC Architecture			
	 Understanding the Model-View-Controller (MVC) 			
	architecture			
	Role of Models, Views, and Controllers in web			
	applications			
	 Views and templates: Creating dynamic and 			
	interactive user interfaces			
	 Implementing data models: Connecting to databases, 			
	retrieving and storing data			
	Web Publication			
	Hosting your Site			
	 ISP 			
	Domain Names			
	Name Servers			
Dedagas				
Pedagogy:	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method,			
	but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain			
	the outcomes. You may use			
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.			
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.			
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class,			
	which promotes critical thinking.			
	 Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when 			
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
References/	Main Reading			
Readings:	1. Luke Welling, Laura Thomson (2016). PHP and MySQL Web			
	Development, 5th Edition, Pearson Education.			
	2. Paul Deitel (2018). Internet and World Wide Web- How to Program,			
	5th Edition, Pearson Education.			
	Additional Reading			
	1. David Flanagan (2020). JavaScript: The Definitive Guide: Master the			
	World's Most-Used Programming Language.			
	2. Prof. Satish Jain , M. Geetha Iyer (2020). O Level Made Simple – Web			
	Designing & Publishing.			
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:			
Outcomes:	CO1. Learn the fundamentals of web technology, scripting languages and			
	web publication.			
	CO2. Explain the concepts of creating dynamic and interactive web			
	experiences using client-side scripting language.			
	CO3. Apply client and server-side programming language that can be used			
	to create websites and web applications.			
	CO4. Analyze MVC Architecture for dynamic and interactive user			
	interfaces using views and templates.			

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications

Course Code: CSA 221

Title of the Course: Digital Marketing

Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P)

Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course: Course	None 1. To learn basic principles and concepts of digital marketing & ad	vertising
Objectives:	 To understand and familiarize the students with the concept of Marketing and Search Engine Optimization. to Analyze Marketing techniques like Adwords, search advertisi advertising. 	Digital
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
	Fundamentals of Digital Marketing Marketing in the digital world; Integrated marketing- The Phygital; Global trends in Digital Marketing; Digital channels- Paid, Owned and Earn; Fundamentals on the primary asset- your website; Careers in digital marketing; Skill development in digital marketing, Understanding Pay-per-click Advertisement; ; Keywords - planning, matching and combination , Keywords – significance and planning; Using Keyword Planner and other tools; Keyword matches and their usage.	15
11	 AdWords Fundamentals Significance and evolution of AdWords in PPC, Bing Ads V/s Google Ads- overview; AdWords Certification- Overview, Benefits and Preparation; Google Ad Networks; Different Ad Formats, Campaign Structure and Organisation Quality, Rank and Relevance of Ads; Bidding and budget; Targeting Setting Extensions and their usage; Ad policies and approvals; Reports and Analysis, Metrics; Conversion Tracking; Campaign Optimisation Search & Display Advertising with Adwords Search with Adwords; Specifications of an Ad and how to put it to good use; Managing Invalid Clicks; Ad extensions and usage; Dynamic search ads; Landing page - your virtual front; AdWords APIs; AdWords editor- Benefits and usage; Managing multiple 	15

	accounts. Display with Adwords, Google Display Network and Partnerships; Doubleclick Ad Exchange and AdSense, Campaign Creation and Structuring for display; Keyword and targeting through display network; Campaign Metrics: Analysis and optimization	
	 SEO Basics How search engines work; Different Search results and significance; Query types and significance; What is SEO and key factors determining the same; Components on SEO - onsite and off page; Keyword Planning; Using tools to get effective keywords; Long tail keywords - the hidden gems; Art and science of tags - URL, title, meta, H1, alt text, etc.; Write a good meta description; Page speed - its impact and improvement areas; All about links - broken, internal et al; Dealing with duplicate content; Robot.txt and Sitemap; Structured data and schema.org SEO Advanced Concepts Link building basics; Avoiding harmful links; Finding and leveraging link building opportunities; Creating a link building plan; Major Google updates and their implications on SEO; Using Search Console for SEO; KPIs of SEO; Tools for SEO; Moz SEO Products; SEMrush Competitive Research and Business Intelligence Software; Competition Analysis for SEO; Overall planning for SEO; Understanding nuances of local and international SEO; Accelerated mobile pages and SEO; Artificial Intelligence, Voice search and SEO – what to look forward 	15
	List of Practicals	30 Hours
Week 1 & 2	 Introduction to Digital Marketing and its Implementation in Business Scenarios. Do a comparative analysis of their landing pages Do a comparative analysis of their call to action (CTA) Do a comparative analysis of website loading and website navigation Find the rankings of Amazon, Flipkart, Snapdeal using Alexa. com 	04
Week 3 & 4	 Create the Digital Marketing Webpage Go to any Web Hosting site and analyse the different kind of domain names, hosting options offered there. Go to Wix.com and create a promotional web page in a shared hosting service 	04

Week 5 & 6	0 Conducting Search Engine Ontimization and Search Engine	04
Weeksab	9. Conducting Search Engine Optimization and Search Engine	04
	Marketing.	
	10. Use Google Adwords Keyword Planner	
	- Select a Topic	
	- Get Keyword Ideas	
Week 7 to 9	11. Using Google Analytics to analyse website performance	06
	- Create a Google Analytics account	
	 Install a tracking code in your Website. 	
	 Generate reports through Google Analytics 	
	- Unique Visitors, Sessions, Page Views, Referrer, Landing Page,	
	Click through rate, Bounce rate and Exit rate, Conversion,	
	Acquisition	
Week 10 & 11	12. Creating Promotional banner through Canva.	04
	13. Facebook Promotion using banners.	
Week 12 & 13	14. Creating YouTube Channel for Markting	04
	15. Email, YouTube and Instagram Marketing.	
Week 14 & 15	16. Digital Marketing Analysis and Reports.	04
	- Analyze the change in ranking of your Web Promotion Page	
	 Analyze the performance of your Facebook and Instagram 	
	Page	
	- Analyze the performance of your YouTube Video,X and E-Mail	
	Campaign	
	- Create a comprehensive digital marketing strategy to reach	
	out to your targeted customers in an effective manner.	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the	various course
	outcomes.	
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture	method, but
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted	to attain the
	outcomes. You may use	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.	
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in th	e class, which
	promotes critical thinking.	
	3. Adopt Case Studies Based Learning , which fosters students' A	•
	and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to des	sign, evaluate,
	generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.	
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.	

References/	Main Reading			
Readings:	1. Ben Hunt (2011). Convert!:(Designing Websites For Traffic and			
	Conversions, John Wiley & Sons			
	2. Dave Chaffey & Fiona Ellis-Chadwick, (2019) Digital Marketing: Strategy,			
	Implementation and Practice, Pearson Education			
	3. Ekaterina Walter, (2014) The Power of Visual Storytelling, McGraw-Hill			
	Education			
	Additional Reading			
	1. Anglona's Books. (2022). Google Adwords 2022: A Beginner's Guide to BOOST			
	YOUR BUSINESS Use Google Analytics, SEO Optimization, YouTube and Ads.			
	2. Marshall, P., Rhodes, M., & Todd, B. (2020). Ultimate Guide to Google Ads.			
	December 10, 2020.			
Course	On completion of the course student will be able to			
Outcomes:	CO1. Understand digital landscape and build a case to leverage online channels			
	CO2. Analyze online campaigns successfully and Develop and design Online			
	Advertising campaigns, AdWords Campaign Management and Campaign			
	Basics across search.			
	CO3. Evaluate organic traffic through Search Engine Optimization and Apply			
	advance concept of Search Engine Optimization to capture the right			
	intent			

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 222 Title of the Course: Data Analysis Number of Credits: 4 (3T +1P)

Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisite	None		
for the			
Course :			
Course	1. To understand the fundamentals of Data Analysis.		
Objectives :	2. To learn concepts of Data Visualization and Statistical Inference.		
	3. To perform Regression on a dataset.		
	4. To implement a comprehensive data analysis project based on a real-world		
	scenario or dataset.		
UNIT	Content	No of	
		Hours 75	
		(45T+30P)	
	Foundations of Data Analysis	15	
I	Introduction to Data Analysis		
	 Definition, importance, and applications of data analysis. 		
	 Overview of the data analysis process. 		
	Data Types and Sources		
	 Types of data (categorical, numerical). 		
	 Sources of data: structured vs. unstructured data. 		
	Data Exploration and Descriptive Statistics		
	Descriptive statistics.		
	Data visualization techniques.		
	Data Cleaning and Preprocessing		
	Handling missing data.		
	 Dealing with outliers. 		
	Data transformation.		
	 Feature scaling and normalization. 		

	 Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) and Statistical Inference Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) Univariate and bivariate analysis. Correlation and covariance. Outlier detection. Data Visualization and Statistical Inference Introduction to data visualization libraries (e.g., Matplotlib, Seaborn). Creating effective visualizations. Hypothesis testing. Confidence intervals. Introduction to Data Modeling Types of models (linear regression, logistic regression, decision trees, etc.). Model evaluation metrics. Regression Models Simple and Multiple Linear Regression Estimating the Coefficients 	15
	 Assessing the accuracy of the Coefficient estimate Assessing the accuracy of the Model Estimating the Regression Coefficients K-Nearest Neighbour K-NN Demonstration with example Compare LR with k-NN Evaluation for regression Model selection and over-fitting 	15
IV	PRACTICAL WORK	30
	List of practical :	
Week 1	Installing the software (R/Python/MS-Excel) and understanding the GUI and various menu options	2
Week 2	Types and sources of data	1
Week 3	Data Exploration and Descriptive Statistics	2
Week 4 & 5	 Data Cleaning and Preprocessing 1. Introduce missing values and outliers to a dataset. 2. Implement techniques to handle missing data (e.g., imputation) and outliers (e.g., removal or transformation). 3. Normalize and scale numerical features. 	5

Week 6 & 7	Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) using R/Python	5	
	 Univariate and bivariate analysis. 		
	 Correlation and covariance. 		
	Outlier detection.		
Week 8 to 10	Data Visualization (R/Python/Tableau)	7	
	 Explore the library for data visualization. Create advanced visualizations, such as heatmaps and pair plots. Apply data visualization techniques to a new dataset. 		
Week 11 &	Regression Analysis	7	
12	 Implement linear regression using a dataset. Visualize the regression line and predictions. 		
Week 13 to	Mini Project	6	
15	1. Formulate a data analysis project based on a real-world		
	scenario or dataset.		
	2. Apply data cleaning, exploration, and modeling techniques.		
	3. Create a presentation or report summarizing the analysis and		
	findings.		
Pedagogy	 At the start of course, the course delivery pattern, evaluation scher prerequisite will be discussed. Lectures to be conducted with the aid of multi-media projector, bla etc. One internal written exam will be conducted as a part of internal th evaluation. One assignment based on the course content for each unit will be a student and evaluated at regular interval. The course has lab component as integral part, where students hav opportunity to build an appreciation for the concepts being taught Experiments to be performed in the laboratory as suggested in the Mini Project applying all the learnt concepts. 	ack board, neory given to the /e an in Theory.	
References	 Main Reading Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, 3rd Edition, (2011), Data Mining and Techniques, Morgan Kaufmann. K.P. Soman, Shyam Diwakar and V. Ajay, (2016), Insight into Dat Theory and Practice, Prentice Hall of India. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar,, (2016), Introdu Data Mining, Pearson Education. 	a mining	
Course Outcomes	On completion of the course, the students will be able to:		
	CO1. Demonstrate comprehension of core concepts and principles in data analysis, emphasizing foundational skills.		
	CO2. Acquire proficiency in visualizing data effectively and makin statistical inferences, showcasing an ability to interpret and consigned insights visually.	-	

CO3.	Demonstrate competence in selecting and applying regression techniques to analyze relationships within datasets, interpreting results, and drawing meaningful conclusions.
CO4. Design and implement a data analysis project, showcasin apply learned concepts to solve real-world problem communicating findings and insights.s	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 223 Title of the Course: Advanced JavaScript Number of Credits: 4 (3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisites for the Course	Basic Programming	
Course Objectives	 To understand and execute JavaScript code in both browser and line environments. To perform numerical operations, handle string manipulations, a Boolean logic. To analyze nested objects, object methods and property deletio To Apply ES5 and beyond features of JavaScript. 	and apply
Units	Content	No of Hours 75 (45T+30P)
	 Overview of JavaScript: Brief history. Common use-cases (Eg: data validations, notifications etc). Runtime environments. ECMAScript standards. Overview of language features. Running JavaScript in the browser and at the command line. Debugging JavaScript in the browser. The console and REPL. Basic syntax: Values and literals. Primitive types. Numbers. Integer and floating point as a single type. Special floating point numbers. Rounding errors. The Math library. Strings. Immutability of strings. + and [] operators. toString. Common string utilities. Booleans. Ternary operator. Truth-y and False-y values. null and undefined. Regular expressions. Dynamic typing. Weak typing. The typeof operator. The === and !== operators. Control statements 	15
II	 Arrays and Objects: Arrays. Array insertion and deletion. Array length. Sparse arrays. Multidimensional arrays. Object as maps. Object creation, modification and lookup syntax. Nested objects. Object methods. The delete keyword. The for in statement, and the hasOwnProperty method. The global window object. Object references. Aliasing. Pass-by-reference-copy semantics. Functions: Function declaration and invocation syntax. Anonymous functions. Functions as data. The arguments object. Variadic functions. Optional parameters. Named parameters. Function overloading. Duck typing. 	15

	ES5 and beyond Strict Mode, JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) New Array Methods: forEach(), map(),filter(), every(), some(), indexOf(), lastIndexOf() Object.create(), Function.prototype.bind(), Getters and Setters, Array.isArray(), String.trim() Arrow Functions, Let and Const, Template Literals, Destructuring Assignment, Default Parameters, Classes, Promises, Async/Await, Modules, Rest and Spread Operators, Map and Set, Proxy and Reflect.	15
IV	Practical Work Using javascript programming language, the concepts learned in the units from I to III are required to be implemented practically. The broad area of practical problems is mentioned below.	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1	Write simple JavaScript with HTML for arithmetic expression evaluation and message printing.	2
Week 2	Develop JavaScript to use decision making and looping statements	2
Week 3	Develop JavaScript to implement Array functionalities	2
Week 4	Develop Javascript to implement functions	2
Week 5	Develop JavaScript to implement Strings.	2
Week 6	Create web page using Form Elements and perform Validations	2
Week 7	Create web page to implement Form Events	2
Week 8	Develop a web page for creating sessions and persistent cookies. Observe the effects with browser cookies settings.	2
Week 9	Develop javascript to implement validations using regular 2 expressions.	
Week 10 to 15	Practicals based on ES5 and beyond features of JavaScript	12
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. Lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use a) Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b) Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. 2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, 	
	 generalize, & analyse information rather than simply recall it. 4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world 7. To promote self-learning, give atleast one assignment where they can complete at least one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. 	
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References/ Readings:	 Main Reading David Flanagan (2020). JavaScript: The Definitive Guide. O.Reily. Minnick (2023). JavaScript All-in-One For Dummies. John Wiley & Sons Inc Additional Reading Zachary Shute (2019). Advanced JavaScript. Packt Publishing. Laurence Lars Svekis, Maaike Van Putten, Rob Percival (2021). JavaScript from Beginner to Professional. Packt Publishing. 	
Course Outcomes	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Recall basic and advanced concepts and features of JavaScript. CO2. Understand the concepts and features of JavaScript. CO3. Apply JavaScript concepts to create and validate interactive web pages. CO4. Analyze the use and working of JavaScript to meet industry standards. 	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-261 Title of the Course: Digital Media Marketing & Analytics [Exit Internship Course - 2] Number of Credits: 4 (2T + 2P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Website Designing and Programming knowledge	
Course	4. To understand the concepts and techniques of Search Engine Op	otimization
Objectives:	and Social Media Marketing.	
	5. To learn Web & Social Media Analytics, Inbound Marketing and	
	emerging trends.	
	6. To apply the understanding of Search Engine Optimization, Soci	al Media
	Marketing, web analytics and inbound marketing.	
	7. To analyze case studies of successful digital marketing campaigr	ns and apply
	it in real-world scenario.	
Units	Content	No. of Hours 90 (30T + 60P)
I	Search Engine Optimization	15
	 Introduction to SEO - How do Search Engines work?, Organic 	
	Search vs. Paid Search Results, Keyword Research	
	 On-page optimization - On-page SEO Elements, Technical SEO, 	
	Mobile SEO, Schema Markup	
	 Off-page optimization - Link Building, Social SEO, Local SEO, 	
	Backlink Audits using SEMrush	
	 SEO Audit, Tools, Measurement - SEO Audit, Algorithm 	
	Updates, Measurement with Google Analytics, SEO Resources,	
	Careers in SEO	
	Social Media Marketing	
	 Introduction to Social Media Marketing 	
	 Creating Content for Facebook & Social Media, Tools for 	
	Content Creation	
	• Facebook Marketing - Facebook for Business, Facebook Insight,	
	Facebook Pages and Post Best Practices, Facebook Ads –	
	Campaign Objectives, Facebook Ads – Targeting Audiences,	
	Facebook Ads – Impactful Creatives, Facebook Avatar, Apps,	
	Live, Hashtags, Optimization and Reporting, Facebook Ad	

	Policies, Facebook Messenger, Facebook Shop, Building Brand	
	Awareness, Driving In-store Footfall, Facebook Pixel, Driving	
	Online Sales, Generating Leads	
	 LinkedIn Marketing - Importance of LinkedIn presence, 	
	LinkedIn Strategy, Content Strategy, LinkedIn analysis,	
	Targeting, Ad Campaign	
	 Instagram Marketing, X (Twitter) & Snapchat Marketing 	
	• Social Media Marketing Tools, Crafting a Successful Social	
	Media Strategy	
	Web and Social Media Analytics	15
	 Introduction to web analytic - What's analysis?, Is analysis 	_
	worth the effort?, Small businesses, Medium and Large scale	
	businesses, Analysis vs intuition	
	 Google Analytics -Getting Started With Google Analytics, How 	
	Google Analytics works?, Accounts, profiles, and users	
	navigating Google Analytics, Basic metrics, Main sections of	
	Google Analytics reports, Traffic Sources Direct, referring, and	
	search traffic Campaigns AdWords, Adsense.	
	 Content Performance Analysis- Pages and Landing Pages, 	
	Event Tracking and AdSense, Site Search.	
	 Visitor Analysis- Unique visitors, Geographic and language 	
	information, Technical reports, Benchmarking.	
	• Social Media Analytics- Facebook insights, Twitter analytics,	
	YouTube analytics, Social Ad analytics /ROI measurement.	
	Actionable Insights	
	Inbound Marketing	
	• Attracting your potential customers into the conversion funnel	
	• Converting your prospects into leads using emails	
	 Landing Page 	
	Conversion Optimization, Conversion Optimization Patterns for	
	Engaging website Visitors	
	Lifecycle Emails	
	Emerging Trends - An Introduction	
	• AI and machine learning in digital marketing, Voice search	
	optimization, Chatbots and conversational marketing,	
	Augmented Reality (AR) and Virtual Reality (VR) marketing	

III	Practical Activities - To be carried out along in sync with the	35
	concepts mentioned in Unit I & II respectively.	
	1. To learn to optimize web content for better search engine	
	visibility, Perform keyword research using tools like Google	
	Keyword Planner or SEMrush and optimize a webpage	
	accordingly.	
	2. To understand the importance of content planning and creation,	
	develop a content calendar for a hypothetical business, create	
	blog posts or articles, and schedule their publication.	
	3. To gain hands-on experience in managing social media accounts	
	and creating engaging content, create social media profiles for a	
	business on platforms like Facebook, Instagram, and LinkedIn,	
	and develop a social media content calendar.	
	4. To gain practical experience in launching and optimizing PPC	
	advertising campaigns, set up a Google Ads campaign targeting	
	specific keywords relevant to a business, create ad copies, and	
	monitor the campaign's performance.	
	5. To collect and interpret data to measure the effectiveness, set up	
	Google Analytics for a website, track key metrics such as traffic	
	sources, user behavior, and conversions, and generate a report	
	analyzing the data.	
	6. To gain practical experience in strategic planning and decision-	
	making, develop a comprehensive digital marketing strategy for a	
	fictional business, including setting objectives, identifying target	
	audiences, allocating budgets, and selecting appropriate digital	
	marketing channels.	
	7. To explore innovative ways to incorporate emerging trends,	
	experiment with emerging technologies like AI-powered chatbots	
	or virtual reality experiences and evaluate their potential	
	applications in digital marketing.	
IV	Case Studies Analyze case studies of successful digital marketing campaign, like 1. ICICI Bank: Building India's Most Social Bank on facebook	25
	2. Barclays Business Banking SEO Campaign	
	2. Bardiays Business Banking SEO Campaign	
	Mini - Project	
	Develop a mini-project applying the insights gained from the case studies to a real-world scenario.	

	Optional - Prepare for industry-recognized certifications by taking
	practice exams, completing online courses, and participating in
	certification programs offered by platforms like Google, Facebook,
	or HubSpot. It will enhance the credentials and increase the
	employability in the digital marketing field.
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course
	outcomes.
	1. A plan is to be developed by the student/s in consultation with the teacher
	incharge and to be approved. 2. One or methods mentioned below may be used for learning purposes.
	a. Intensive training / teaching
	b. Online or offline training (approved by the college or instructor)
	c. Approved MOOCS Courses
	d. Workshops - on-campus or off-campus
	e. Self-learning means & methods f. Enquiry-based learning
	3. A work diary to be maintained where all the learning & work carried out to
	maintained and certified by the teacher incharges.
	4. All deliverable & artifacts to be submitted in the college for evaluation and
	assessments.
References/	Main Reading:
	Main Reading: 1. Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough:
References/ Readings:	-
	1. Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough:
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). <i>Digital Marketing for Dummies</i>. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). <i>The Art of SEO</i>.(4th ed.).
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). <i>Digital Marketing for Dummies</i>. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). <i>The Art of SEO</i>.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media.
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	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). The Art of SEO.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). Digital Marketing (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). The Art of SEO.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). Digital Marketing (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill. Rai, A. K. (2014). Social Media Marketing: Theories and Applications.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). The Art of SEO.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). Digital Marketing (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill. Rai, A. K. (2014). Social Media Marketing: Theories and Applications. Pearson Education India.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). The Art of SEO.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). Digital Marketing (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill. Rai, A. K. (2014). Social Media Marketing: Theories and Applications. Pearson Education India. Additional Reading: Chaffey, D., Ellis-Chadwick, F., Johnston, K., & Smith, P. R. (2019). Digital
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). <i>Digital Marketing for Dummies</i>. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). <i>The Art of SEO</i>.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). <i>Digital Marketing</i> (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill. Rai, A. K. (2014). Social Media Marketing: Theories and Applications. Pearson Education India. Additional Reading: Chaffey, D., Ellis-Chadwick, F., Johnston, K., & Smith, P. R. (2019). Digital Marketing: Strategy, Implementation, and Practice. Pearson.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). The Art of SEO.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). Digital Marketing (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill. Rai, A. K. (2014). Social Media Marketing: Theories and Applications. Pearson Education India. Additional Reading: Chaffey, D., Ellis-Chadwick, F., Johnston, K., & Smith, P. R. (2019). Digital Marketing: Strategy, Implementation, and Practice. Pearson. Dover, D., & Agrawal, A. (2016). Search Engine Optimization (SEO) Secrets.
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	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). The Art of SEO.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). Digital Marketing (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill. Rai, A. K. (2014). Social Media Marketing: Theories and Applications. Pearson Education India. Additional Reading: Chaffey, D., Ellis-Chadwick, F., Johnston, K., & Smith, P. R. (2019). Digital Marketing: Strategy, Implementation, and Practice. Pearson. Dover, D., & Agrawal, A. (2016). Search Engine Optimization (SEO) Secrets. Wiley. Kumar, V. (2018). Analytics in Digital Marketing. Wiley.
	 Alhlou, F., Asif, S., & Fettman, E. (2016). Google Analytics Breakthrough: From Zero to Business Impact.(1st ed.). [Kindle Edition]. Wiley. Deiss, R., & Henneberry, R. (2020). Digital Marketing for Dummies. [Paperback]. Wiley. Enge, E., Spencer, S., & Stricchiola, J. (2023). The Art of SEO.(4th ed.). O'Reilly Media. Gupta, Seema. (2022). Digital Marketing (3rd ed.). [Paperback]. McGraw Hill. Rai, A. K. (2014). Social Media Marketing: Theories and Applications. Pearson Education India. Additional Reading: Chaffey, D., Ellis-Chadwick, F., Johnston, K., & Smith, P. R. (2019). Digital Marketing: Strategy, Implementation, and Practice. Pearson. Dover, D., & Agrawal, A. (2016). Search Engine Optimization (SEO) Secrets. Wiley.

Course	On completion of the course, student will be able to		
Outcomes:	CO1. Understand the concepts and techniques of Search Engine Optimization, Social Media Marketing, Web & Social Media Analytics, Inbound Marketing.		
	CO2. Apply Search Engine Optimization, Social Media Marketing, web analytic and inbound marketing strategies.		
	CO3. Analyze the performances of digital marketing campaigns.		
	CO4. Create and run a small digital marketing campaign successfully.		

Third Year - Semester V

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-300 Title of the Course: UI-UX Design Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites	None	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 To understand user-centered design principles and practical skills in graphic design, prototyping, and usability testing. To explore graphical user interfaces, affinity diagrams, personas, and scenarios. To apply Acquire an understanding of various tools to enhance the design of user experiences. To design wireframes and prototypes that prioritize user experience through iterative design, incorporating usability tests. 	
Unit	Content:	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
I	 FOUNDATIONS OF UI DESIGN Introduction to User Interface (UI) Design, The Relationship Between UI and UX, Roles in UI/UX, Formal/Active Elements of Interface Design, Composing the Elements of Interface Design, UI Design Process (Core stages) Visual and UI Principles - UI Elements and patterns-Interaction behaviors and Principles 	15
II	 FOUNDATIONS OF UX DESIGN Introduction to User Experience (UX) Design, application, and relevance in the current scenario, 5 Elements of UX - strategy, scope, structure, skeleton, surface Good and poor design, understanding your users, tools and methods used for UX design research, user needs and its goals, knowing about business goals Designing the Experience - Elements of User Experience, Visual Design Principles, Functional Layout, Interaction design, Introduction to the Interface, Navigation Design, User Testing, Developing and Releasing Your Design. 	15

111	 UI/ UX Design and Testing User Study- Interviews, writing personas: user and device personas, Creating User Stories, Creating Scenarios, Flow Diagrams, Flow Mapping, Information Architecture User Context, Responsive Design-Wireframing- Creating Wireflows- building a Prototype- building high-fidelity mockups, Sharing and Exporting Design, Conducting Usability tests, Other Evaluative User Research Methods in brief. 	15
Unit IV Practical	 The practical exercises can be implemented utilizing any of the tools listed below. Figma, Adobe XD, Penpot, Pencil, GIMP, Inkscape, etc. 	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1 & 2	 Develop proficiency in iterative user-centered design for graphical user interfaces. Construct user interfaces for diverse applications. 	04
Week 3 & 4	 Assess the user experience design of products or applications effectively. Exhibit user experience skills in the process of product development 	04
Week 5 to 7	 Generate wireframes and prototypes as integral components of the design process. Implement responsive design techniques for seamless user experiences across devices. Employ A/B testing to evaluate and optimize different design variations. 	06
Week 8 & 9	 Create detailed personas and scenarios to inform the UI/UX design process. Visualize user interactions and navigation through the development of flow diagrams and wireflows. 	04
Week 10 & 11	 Develop an effective information architecture for a given project, focusing on content organization and structure. Translate wireframes into high-fidelity mockups, incorporating visual design elements. 	04
Week 12 & 13	 Develop an interactive prototype that simulates user interactions with the finalized UI design. Create and implement a comprehensive user testing plan for a UI/UX design project. 	04
Week 14 & 15	• Assess the accessibility of a given UI design to ensure it meets inclusive design standards.	04

Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various		
	course outcomes.		
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but		
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the		
	outcomes. You may use		
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.		
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.		
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which		
	promotes critical thinking.		
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical		
	skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, & analyze information rather than simply recall it.		
	4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the		
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.		
	5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when		
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding6. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they can		
	complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.		
Deferences/			
References/	Main Reading:		
Readings:	1. Don Norman. (November 2013). <i>The Design of Everyday Things</i> . Basic Books.		
	2. Joel Marsh (2022). UX for Beginners. OReilly.		
	3. Wilbert O. Galitz (2007). The Essential Guide to User Interface Design: An		
	Introduction to GUI Design Principles and Techniques (Third Edition). Wiley Publishing.		
	Additional Reading:		
	1. Jesse James Garrett (2011). The Elements of User Experience: User-Centered		
	Design for the Web and Beyond (Second Edition). Pearson Education.		
	2. Russ Unger and Carolyn Chandler (2012). A Project Guide to UX Design: For		
	user experience designers in the field or in the making (Second edition). New		
	Riders Publishing USA.		
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:		
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember the iterative user-centered design of graphical user		
	interfaces and build UI for user applications.		
	CO2. Understand the UX design of any product or application		
	CO3. Apply UX skills in product development		
	CO4. Design Wireframe and Prototype		

Name of the Programme : Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code : CSA 301 Title of the Course : Full Stack Development Number of Credits : 4 (3P + 1 Tutorial) Effective from AY : 2024-25

Pre- requisites for the Course:	Basics of Web Technology & Web App Development	
Course Objectives:	 To Learn JavaScript Fundamentals for Full-Stack Development To Write Robust Backend APIs with Node.js To Design Dynamic User Interfaces with React.js To Integrate Data Flow between Frontend application and Backend Application 	
Units & Weeks	The broad area of practical concepts are mentioned / suggested below.	No of hours 105 (90P + 15 Tutorials)
Tutorial Session Instructions	 Tutorial lecture of 1 hour duration to be conducted each week. Concepts needed for the conduct of Practical Sessions to be disc These sessions may also be utilized for the doubt clearance 	cussed.
I	Introduction to Node.js	42 (36 + 06)
Week 1	 Installation of Node.js Learn Node.js REPL Understanding Node js folder Structure Configuration of Package.JSON file in a new web application. Install Express Create a server using Express 	7
Week 2	 Node Modules Module Dependencies Module Functionality 	7
Week 3	 The Event Loop, Concurrency, Asynchronous Coding Callback Functions, Calling Conventions, Exception Handling Event Emitters, Listening for Events 	7

Week 4		7
WEEK 4	Promises, Promise Chaining	/
	Modules, Command Line Arguments	
	• Working with the File System, Reading Files, Writing Files	
Week 5	 Readable Streams, Writable Streams 	7
	 The Standard Streams, Creating a Server, Routes 	
	 Accessing Request Headers 	
	 Create gateway using node js 	
Week 6	Create cron jobs using Node js	7
	 Blocking vs Non Blocking methods 	
	Webpack	
	Backend APIs	28
		(24+04)
Week 7	Installing Sequelize ORM for MySQL	7
WCCK /	 Installing Sequelize ORM for MySQL Connecting to database 	,
	 Testing the connection 	
	Closing the connection	
Week 8	Create Models using sequelize	7
Weekb	 Sequelize Migration 	
	Model Querying-Basics	
Week 9	Model Querying-Finders	7
	 Validation and Constraints 	
	Raw Queries	
Week 10	- Coquelize Accession(1:1 1:NA)	7
Week 10	 Sequelize Association(1:1,1:M) Advanced M:N Associations 	/
111	Front end Framework	28
		(24+04)
Week 11	Installation of React js	7
	 Components (Build-in and Custom) 	
	• Props	
	• States	
Week 12	 Hooks(useState, useReducer, useContext, useRef, useEffect, 	7
	useMemo, useCallback etc.)	
•••		_
Week 13	Routes in React Js	7
	Navigation	
Week 14	• Redux	7
	dispatch	

IV	Integrate between Front end and Back end Application	7 (6+1)
Week 15	 Integrate Node is Application with React is 	7
Pedagogy:	 Course delivery pattern, evaluation scheme, prerequisite shall be discussed at the beginning. Tutorials preferably to be conducted with the aid of multimedia projector, black board, LMS, mini projects etc. One live project based on the course content may be given to the students to evaluate how learning of objectives was achieved. The course has a separate laboratory, where students gain hands on experience of working with the various frameworks 	
References/ Readings:	 Text Book Ethan Brown (2014). Web Development with Node and Express Leveraging the JavaScript Stack (Second edition). O'Reilly. Frank W. Zammetti (2020). Modern Full-Stack Development. A Greg Lim. (July 2021). Beginning MERN Stack Development. IS 9811815526. Greg Lim. 	Apress
Course Outcomes	 On completion of the course, students will be able to CO1. Understand JavaScript fundamentals CO2. Write Robust Backend APIs with Node.js CO3. Design Dynamic User Interfaces with React.js: CO4. Integrate Data Flow between Frontend and Backend application 	ons

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-302 Title of the Course: Cloud Computing Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	The student should have basic knowledge of operating sys computer networks.	tems and
Course Objectives:	 To describe the fundamentals of Cloud computing. To understand the architecture and the types of Cloud systems. To apply the concepts of service models and deployment models to decide suitability of migrating to cloud solutions. To compare the services and applications made available by leading Cloud Service Providers 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T+30P)
	 Introduction to Cloud Computing Overview of Computing Paradigm Recent trends in Computing, Types of Computing: Parallel/Distributed computing, Grid Computing, Utility Computing, Cluster Computing, Cloud Computing. Cloud Computing Introduction to Cloud Computing, Properties and Characteristics, Cloud service providers, Cloud applications, Cloud Architecture, Cloud Service Models Deployment Models Types: Public Cloud, Private Cloud, Hybrid Cloud, Community Cloud; Key Drivers to adopting Cloud; Challenges and Issues Popular Cloud Vendors (Amazon, Google, Microsoft etc.) 	15
11	 IaaS - Infrastructure as a Service Introduction to Virtualization, Characteristics of Virtualized environment, Virtualization of Cloud, Types of Virtualization, Pros and Cons of Virtualization Technology Examples- Xen, VMware, Microsoft Hyper-V Capacity Planning Introduction, Defining Baseline and Metrics-Baseline Measurements, System Metrics, Load Testing, Resource Ceilings, Server and Instance types; Network Capacity, Scaling 	15

	 PaaS & SaaS Platform as a Service Introduction: Introduction to PaaS, Characteristics, Service Oriented Architecture (SOA), Applications, Issues and challenges. Cloud Platform and Management: Computation, Storage, Case studies, Examples: Google App Engine, Microsoft Azure, SalesForce.com, Amazon AWS Software as a Service Introduction to SaaS, Characteristics, Web Services, Web 2.0, Web OS, APIs, Service management, SaaS Implementation, Security, Case studies, Cloud Issues and Challenges: Cloud provider Lock-in, Security 	15
IV	List of Practicals: The broad area of practical problems is mentioned/ suggested below:	30
Week 1 & 2	 Understanding Computer Network fundamentals and Designing LANs 	05
Week 3 to 10	 Working on tools used in cloud computing online a) Storage b) Sharing of data c) Manage your calendar, to-do lists (e.g. Office365) d) A document editing tool Leveraging any cloud service to work on document, spreadsheet, presentation, task management and collaborative tools in real time; chat with other collaborators. (e.g. Google sheet, docs & Google Meet, Google Keep) 	15
Week 11 to 15	 Enlisting various companies in cloud business and the corresponding services provided by them and tag them under SaaS, PaaS & laaS. Exploring public cloud service providers' tools for exploring the usage of laaS, PaaS and SaaS cloud services. AWS EC2 / Azure Compute AWS S3 / Azure Storage AWS VPC / Azure Vnets AWS Security / Azure Security 	10

Pedagogy	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but		
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the		
	outcomes. You may use		
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.		
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.		
	2. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when		
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.		
	3. Explore the cloud platforms to solve real life problems.		
	4. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they can		
	complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course wherever		
	necessary. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.		
References/	Main Reading:		
Readings:	1. Buyya, R., Vecchiola, C., & Selvi, T. (2013). <i>Mastering Cloud Computing</i> . TMH.		
	 Halper, F., Hurwitz, R., Bloor, R., & Kaufman, M. (2010). Cloud Computing For Dummies. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. 		
	Additional Reading:		
	1. Buyya, R. K., Broberg, J., & Goscinski, A. M. (2011). Cloud Computing:		
	Principles And Paradigms. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. ISBN-13: 978-81-265-		
	4125-6		
	2. Sosinsky, B. (2011). Cloud Computing Bible. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. ISBN-13:		
	978-81-265-2980-3		
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:		
Outcomes:	CO1. Recall the fundamentals of cloud computing.		
	CO2. Understand the architecture and the types of cloud service models		
	CO3. Apply the concepts of service models and deployment models for for migration to cloud.		
	CO4. Analyze the services and applications made available by leading Cloud Service Providers		

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-303 Title of the Course: Internet Technologies Number of Credits: 2 (2T) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the	None	
course:		
Course Objectives:	 To understand the anatomy of the internet and the internet addres Scheme. Identify common security threats and attacks. Utilize crawling and bots for efficient search engine performance. 	sing
Units	Content	No of hours 30
I	TCP/IP – Internet Technology and Protocol	15
	Network Definition	
	 Network Components & Hardware 	
	 Types of Networks: Peer to Peer, Client Server 	
	• TCP/IP Structure	
	Network Communication:	
	 Internet Layer Logical Addresses (IPv4): Classful and Classless 	
	Addressing, sub-netting, IPv4 vs IPv6.	
	 Network Address Translation (NAT), basics of ISPs 	
	 Process-to-Process Delivery, Connectionless vs Connection Oriented 	
	and Reliable vs Unreliable; TCP and UDP	
	 DHCP, HTTP and HTTPS, DNS, TLDs 	
II	Network Security	15
	 Overview of Network Security 	10
	 Importance of Firewalls in Network Security 	
	 Common Security Threats and Attacks 	
	 Basics of Firewalls - Definition and Purpose of Firewalls 	
	 Aspects of security 	
	Search Engines	
	Introduction	
	 Components of Search Engine 	
	 Working of Search Engine in details 	

	Internet Applications		
	 FTP, Telnet, Email, Chat 		
	World Wide Web		
	• E-Commerce and Security Issues		
	• Emerging Trends		
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. Lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but 		
	Alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the		
	outcomes. You may use		
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.		
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc.		
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.		
	 Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and Analyze information rather then simply recall it. 		
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world.		
	5. To promote self-learning give at least one assignment where they can complete at least one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour.		
	6. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.		
References/ Readings:	Main Reading: 1. Andre S. Tanenbaum (2018). <i>Computer Networks 4th Edition</i> . Pearson Publication.		
	2. Greenlaw R and Hepp E (2007). Fundamentals of Internet and www, 2nd EL. Tata McGrawHill		
	3. Kurose, J. F., & Ross, K. W. (2017). <i>Computer Networking: A Top-Down</i> <i>Approach (6th ed.).</i> Addison-Wesley.		
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:		
Outcomes:	CO1 Recall the internet technologiesCO2 Understand the development of the internet ,the anatomy		
	and growth.		
	CO3 Analyze the working of different protocols.		

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA - 321 Title of the Course: Internship Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To carry out work-based vocational education and training to substantial skill for employability at Semester-V. To promote Analyze knowledge-gap, and plan & skill upgrade training and self-development mode. To develop decision-making and teamwork skills. To provide sufficient hands-on learning experience related to development and analysis of suitable product / process so as to the technical skill sets in the chosen field. 	de through the design,
Units	Content	No of hours
	 The internship is to be carried-out by the student individually (or in a group of 5) and to be completed during the duration of semester-V in the field of Computer Applications. The internship may be taken in any IT or IT enabled services Industry (in part time mode if permitted) or at the College (home institution). The internship course shall include set of the following activities (but not limited to) in order to develop confidence, aptitude and skills during the course of internship: Orientation on the Internship process, conduct and expected course outcomes. Internship topic Identification: A list of topics (social/ organizational/ academic/ any other area) may be prepared by the College. Identification of tools & technologies needed. Gap Analysis of knowledge / skills needed to upgrade upon through training, workshop, and self-learning mode. Study journals / entrepreneurs of related & relevant area. Getting trained in the area of gaps identified as mentioned below	120

such as Software Quality Assurance, IoT, Drone	
Technology, Machine Learning, AR / VR, Concepts &	
Tools, report writing, etc.	
iii. Participation in the seminar related to internships and	
project best practices, latest tools and technologies,	
project/ internship topics identification,	
entrepreneurship, etc.	
4. The College may decide till what extent to include and	
schedule the activities listed at point number (3) above in	
the academic year as per the need. More activities may be	
conducted according to the need.	
5. The College may also decide whether the student interning	
in the industry (on part time) to be allowed to attend the	
set of activities scheduled as per point number (4) above or	
not. This is to be done well in advance, in consultation with	
the student and the institute/ organisation where student	
is interning.	
 At-most 60 hours of the time duration may be utilized to complete the tasks scheduled as per point number (4) 	
above. This may be ensured by verifying the internship	
diary by the internship supervisor (industry supervisor).	
 The topic of the Internship (Or the training course & related 	
project) shall be finalized by the student in consultation	
with the internship in-charge of the	
College/Programme/Industry Mentor (External Guide) of	
the company/institution in which the student is doing	
his/her internship.	
8. The internship (internship project) is to be completed by	
the student in the 13 th week of the semester.	
9. The industry supervisor shall certify, in the prescribed	
proforma, that the Internship is the work of the student	
completed under her/his supervision.	
10. A student shall submit their Internship (or training &	
project) report to the College through the Industry	
supervisor (or training & project supervisor) at-least 15	
days prior to the start date of Semester End Examination of	
semester V, or when intimated by the Faculty coordinator.	
11. Ordinarily, no student shall be permitted to submit the	
Internship report after the due date specified by the	
College.	

	12. The student is expected to present his/her work at the end		
	of the Internship and should submit the internship report in		
	the format as prescribed by the University.		
	13. Internship Report, Presentation and Viva shall be the		
	integral component of the evaluation.		
	14. Students are instructed to refer the "Computer		
	Applications Internships and Project Guide" prescribed by		
	University for all necessary guidelines, instructions and		
	formats.		
Pedagogy:	• As par the specification of Institution where student is seeking internship		
	• As per the specification of Institution where student is seeking internship.		
	• As per the specification mentioned in the "Computer Applications		
	Internships and Project Guide".		
References/	1. Computer Applications Internships and Project Guide.		
Readings:	2. References as per the need of internship		
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:		
Outcomes:	CO1. Understand the amount of complexity, effort and planning needed in		
	solving real-world problems.		
	CO2. Appreciate the need of training, gap analysis, and self- development.		
	CO3. Demonstrate professional and ethical responsibility.		
	CO4. Design and develop solutions of the internship problem through		
	implementation of the skills developed during the course of study.		

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA - 361 Title of the Course: Summer Internship Number of Credits: 2 Effective from AY: 2024-25

Course:CourseObjectives:2. To provide a platform to learn skills required for employability. 3. To inculcate work ethics.Content1) This internship is to be carried-out by the students	60 Hours
Objectives:2. To provide a platform to learn skills required for employability. 3. To inculcate work ethics.Content1) This internship is to be carried-out by the students	60
 individually and to be completed in four weeks (30 hours per week) of duration during the summer term, i.e. duration between end of semester IV and beginning of semester V. 2) The internship topic shall be from the broad discipline of area of study i.e. Computer Application or allied. 3) The internship may be taken in any Firm, Industry, Organizations, , Health and allied areas, Local Governments (such as Panchayats and Municipalities), Parliament or elected representatives, media, artists, crafts persons, NGOs and other such organizations to improve their employability. 4) Online Internships are allowed. 5) If a student is unable to find the internship in any of the organization mentioned at Sr. No. 3 and 4 above, then the student shall do the following: a) Training (or self-learning): Student shall enroll for any skill based vocational course of their choice, in any mode (Online/Offline), and at any institution of his/her choice. The course have to be completed in a maximum duration of 30 hours within 1.5 weeks duration. b) Project: A project of minimum 30 hours is to be completed in maximum duration of 3 weeks by using the skills developed in the training undertaken as per point no. (5.a) above and the skill developed during First and Second Year of the College. 	

	 6) The topic of the Internship (Or the training course & related project) shall be finalized by the student in consultation with the internship in-charge of the College/Programme/Industry Mentor (External Guide) of the company/institution in which the student is doing his/her internship (Or training). 7) Upon completion of the internship program, the industry supervisor shall certify the intern, in a prescribed proforma, based on the conduct of the intern under her/his supervision. 8) A student shall submit their Internship (or training & project) report to the College through the Industry supervisor (or training & project supervisor) not later than one week after the start of fifth semester, or when intimated by the Faculty coordinator. 9) Ordinarily, no student shall be permitted to submit the 	
	Internship report after the due date specified by the College.	
	10) The student is expected to present his/her work at the end of the Internship and should submit the internship report in the format as prescribed by the University.	
	11) Internship Report, Presentation and Viva shall be the integral component of evaluation.	
	12) Students are instructed to refer the "Computer Applications Internships and Project Guide" prescribed by University for all necessary guidelines, instructions and formats in details.	
Pedagogy:	 As per the specification of Institution/organization where student is seeking internship. As per the specification mentioned in the "Computer Applications Internships and Project Guide". 	
References/ Readings:	 Computer Applications Internships and Project Guide. As per the directives of the Industry/Organization. 	
Course Outcomes:	On completion of the internship program, students will be able to: CO1. Understand the industrial environmental.	
	CO2. Apply the concepts and skills learnt during employment and life-long learning.	
	CO3. Inculcate discipline and work ethics.	

Third Year - Semester VI

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-304 Title of the Course: Cyber Security Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites	The student should have basic knowledge of information technolog	/.
for the		,. ,
Course:		
Course	1. To understand the concepts of cyber security, challenges and its	awareness.
Objectives:	2. To comprehend the underlying principles of various cybersecurit	y techniques
	and technologies.	
	3. To apply cyber security measures to safeguard information and systems.	
Units	Content	No of
		hours
		75 (457-200)
	a. Fundamentals of Cyber Security and Threat Landscape	(45T+30P) 15
		15
	Importance and challenges in Cyber Security	
	 Cyberspace, and Cyber threat 	
	Cyber warfare	
	CIA Triad	
	Cyber Terrorism	
	Cyber Security of Critical Infrastructure	
	b. Cyber Attacks and Intrusion Techniques	
	 Types of Hackers - Hackers and Crackers 	
	Cyber-Attacks and Vulnerabilities	
	Malware threats	
	Sniffing	
	Gaining Access - Escalating Privileges	
	Executing Applications	
	Hiding Files	
	Covering Tracks	
	 Worms, Trojans, Viruses, Backdoors 	
	Unauthorized Access	
	Computer Intrusions	
	White collar Crimes	

	Pornography	
	Software Piracy	
	Mail Bombs	
	Exploitation	45
	a. Ethical Hacking and Information Security Practices	15
	Ethical Hacking Concepts and Scopes	
	Threats and Attack Vectors	
	 Information Assurance 	
	Threat Modeling	
	Enterprise Information Security Architecture	
	 Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing 	
	b. Investigation	
	Investigation Tools	
	eDiscovery	
	Digital Evidence Collection	
	Evidence Preservation	
	E-Mail Investigation	
	E-Mail Tracking	
	IP Tracking	
	E-Mail Recovery	
	Hands on Case Studies	
	Recovering Deleted Evidences	
	Password Cracking	
	a. Social Engineering and Insider Threats	15
	Types of Social Engineering	
	Insider Attack	
	Preventing Insider Threats	
	 Social engineering Targets and Defence Strategies 	
	 Securing data transit 	
	b. Legal Framework and Countermeasures in Cyber Security	
	 IT Act 	
	Hackers-Attack-Countermeasures	
	Web Application Security	
	Counter Cyber Security Initiatives in India	

	Cyber Security Incident Handling	
	Cyber Security Assurance	
IV	Practicals Works The concepts learned in the units from I to III are required to be implemented practically. The broad area of practical problems is mentioned below.	(30 Hours)
Week 1 to week 5	 Implementation to gather information from any PCs connected to the LAN using whois, port scanners, network scanning, Angry IP scanners etc. Implementation of MITM-attack using wireshark or any network sniffers. 	10
Week 6 to week 10	 Implementation of Windows security using firewall and other tools. Implementation to identify web vulnerabilities, using OWASP project. Disk Encryption Using Windows BitLocker, Disk Encryption Using Open Source Tools. 	10
Week 11 to week 15	 Implementation to gather information from any search engine about a target entity. Implementation of IT Audit, malware analysis and Vulnerability assessment. 	10
Pedagogy	 The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 	

References/	1. MariE-Helen Maras. (2nd Edition, 2014). Computer Forensics: Cyber		
Readings:	criminals, Laws, and Evidence. Jones & Bartlett Learning.		
	2. Nihad Hassan, Rami Hijazi (2017). Digital Privacy and Security Using		
	Windows: A Practical Guide. Apress.		
	3. Nilakshi Jain Wiley (2020). Cyber Security and Cyber Laws. Wiley.		
	4. Nina Godbole (2011). Cyber Security. Wiley.		
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:		
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember Legal Framework and Countermeasures of Cyber Security		
	CO2. Understand the key concepts of cyber security, threat awareness and the		
	fundamental principles of ethical hacking, techniques and tools.		
	CO3. Apply the understanding of cyber security, threat awareness and the		
	ethical hacking tools & techniques.		
	CO4. Analyse the methods for authentication, access control, intrusion		
	detection and prevention in Cyber Security.		

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-305 Title of the Course: Mobile Application Development Number of Credits: 4 (3P + 1 Tutorial) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the features and installation of Flutter To get understanding of basic constructs of Dart programming. To develop simple mobile applications in Flutter using dart and firebase. 	
Units & Weeks	Content	No of hours 105 (90P + 15 Tutorials)
Tutorial Session Instructions	 Tutorial lecture of 1 hour duration to be conducted each week. Concepts needed for the conduct of Practical Sessions to be discus These sessions may also be utilized for the doubt clearance 	sed.
I	Introduction	07
Week 01	Getting Started with Android – Installing the Development Environment, Configuring Android Stack, Configuring and Installing Flutter SDK, Creating a New Flutter Project and Understanding Folder Structure.	07
II	Dart Programming	35
Week 02	Introduction to Dart Programming: Using dart pad, data types, variables, Dart Programming: loops, decision making, functions	7
Week 03 & week 04	OOP concept in dart, getters and setters Exception handling and debugging	14
Week 05 & week 06	Asynchronous and synchronous operations async, await, streams, listening to streams, broadcast streams, manipulating streams	14
	Flutter	42
Week 07 to week 09	Introduction to Flutter Widgets: Scaffold Widget. Image Widget, Container Widget, Column and Row Widgets, Icon Widget Layouts in Flutter, Card Widget, Stateful and Stateless Widgets Hot Reload and Hot Restart Styles and assets: Custom fonts, assets in flutter, media query, Null safety <i>Create a Restaurant Menu using Flutter Widgets</i>	21

	Button Widget: FloatingActionButton, RaisedButton, FlatButton, and	
	IconButton, DropdownButton	
	Button Widget: OutlineButton, ButtonBar, PopupMenuButton	
	Navigation and Routing: Navigate to a New Screen and Back,	
	Navigate with Named Routes, Send and Return Data Among Screens	
Week 10	Motion Rich Widgets: BottomNavigatorBar Widget,	21
to week 12	DefaultTabController, TabBar, and TabBarView Widgets	
	Motion Rich Widgets: ListTile Widget, ListView Widget, Drawer	
	widgets	
	Motion Rich Widgets: DataTable Widget, SelectableText Widget,	
	Stack Widget	
	Input and Selections: Text Field Widget, CheckboxGroup and	
	RadioButtonGroup Widgets .DatePicker, Time Picker, Slider Widget,	
	Switch Widget	
	Dialogs, Alerts, and Panels: Alert Dialog Widget, Cupertino Alert	
	Dialog Widget, Expansion Panel Widget, Snack Bar Widget	
	Creating a Hotel Reservation App using Widgets	
IV	Firebase	21
IV Week 13	Firebase Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app	21 21
	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app	
Week 13	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication	
Week 13	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification	
Week 13	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication	
Week 13	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter	
Week 13	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map	
Week 13 to week 15	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker	21
Week 13	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map	21
Week 13 to week 15	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker	21
Week 13 to week 15	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the varie	21 Dus course
Week 13 to week 15	Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the varie outcomes.	21 Dus course ethod, but
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Week 13 to week 15	 Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the variation outcomes. 1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture methods could be adopted to 	21 Dus course ethod, but
Week 13 to week 15	 Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the variation outcomes. 1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture methods could be adopted to outcomes. You may use 	21 Dus course ethod, but
Week 13 to week 15	 Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the variation outcomes. 1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture methods could be adopted to outcomes. You may use a) Video/Animation to explain various concepts. 	21 Dus course ethod, but attain the
Week 13 to week 15	 Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the variation outcomes. 1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture methods could be adopted to outcomes. You may use a) Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b) Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. 	21 Dus course ethod, but attain the
Week 13 to week 15	 Firebase with flutter: Add firebase to flutter application, register app with firebase, firebase database and authentication Firebase with flutter: firebase cloud messaging, notification handling, using firebase storage with flutter Create a User Profile Interface using Firebase, Adding a Google Map on Your Flutter App Screen, Adding a Google Map Marker Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the variation outcomes. 1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture methods could be adopted to outcomes. You may use a) Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b) Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. 2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the comparison of the variation outcomes in the comparison of the variation outcomes. 	21 Dus course ethod, but attain the
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	 Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how various concepts can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning give atleast one assignment where they can complete atleast one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. One internal practical exam will be conducted as a part of internal evaluation. Practical shall be performed in the laboratory as indicated in the syllabus. A Hand written Hard Copy (or digital copy) of the journal shall be maintained clearly mentioning the name of the experiment and other required information.
Poforences	Main Poading
References	Main Reading
/ Readings:	1. Marco L. Napoli. (September 2019). Beginning Flutter: A Hands On Guide to
iteauiligs.	App Development (First Edition). Wiley publication.
	2. Nathan Metzler. (April 2022). Dart Programming for Beginners: An Introduction to Learn Dart Programming with Tutorials and Hands-On Examples. Kindle
	Additional Reading
	1. Simone Alessandria, Brian Kayfitz. (2021). Flutter Cookbook. Packt Publishing.
	2. Thomas Bailey, Alessandro Biessek. (2023). Flutter for Beginners (Third
	Edition). Packt Publishing.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Recall the installation process of Flutter, Dart and Firebase.
	CO2. Understand the various concepts and constructs of Mobile Application
	Development using Flutter, Dart and Firebase.
	CO3. Design and Develop animation & application using Flutter, Dart and
	Firebase.
	CO4. Debug and Analyze the programming logic.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 306 Title of the Course: Machine Learning Number of Credits: 4 (3T +1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisite for the Course :	None		
Course Objectives :	 To learn the fundamentals of Data Analysis and the Science behind it. To apply Machine Learning algorithms for performing complex data analysis. To discover interesting patterns, correlations, associations and causal structures in the data found in data repositories. To solve problems using fundamental concepts (Case Studies) 		
UNIT	Content	No of Hours (75) (45T + 30P)	
	 Fundamentals of Analytics and Statistics Various Data Science Disciplines: Data Science and Business Buzzwords, Difference between Analysis and Analytics, Continuing with BI, ML and AI. Careers in Data Science: Finding the Job - What to Expect and What to Look for. Identification of a data science project. Data Wrangling and Data Analysis Roadmap to Data Science workflow, Introduction and Implementation of Inferential and Descriptive Statistics. Cleaning Data: Missing Values, Outliers. Preparing Data for Modelling: Transformations, Derived Variables. Visualization Methods and Applications. 	15	
	 Case Studies. Feature Selection and Dimensionality Reduction Why to do Feature Selection? Feature Selection Techniques Feature Selection vs Dimensionality Reduction 		

	Introduction to Machine Learning, Regression And	15
II	Classification Models	15
	Overview of Machine learning	
	Overview of Statistical learning	
	 Supervised Versus Unsupervised Machine Learning 	
	 Regression Versus Classification Problems 	
	 Simple Linear Regression 	
	Multiple Linear Regression	
	Linear Discriminant Analysis	
	Logistic Regression	
	Naive Bayes	
	K-Nearest Neighbours	
	Artificial Neural Networks	
	Tree Based Model, Unsupervised Learning, Association	15
III	Basics of Decision tree	
	Bagging and Boosting	
	Random Forest	
	Gradient Boosting Machines	
	Overview of Clustering	
	K-means Clustering	
	K-medoid	
	Overview of Association Rule Mining	
	Market Basket Analysis	
IV	PRACTICAL	30
	Tools to be used	
	Programming Languages : Python / R	
	Packages required : numpy, pandas, scikit-learn	
	List of Practicals :	
	Merging several data sources into one data-set for	
Week 1 &	analysis	
week 2	• Identifying gaps or empty cells in data and either filling or	04
	removing them and deleting irrelevant or unnecessary	
	data	
	• Identifying severe outliers in data and either explaining	
	the inconsistencies or deleting them to facilitate analysis	
Week 3 to	Data Wrangling and Data Analysis	06
week 5	Feature selection and Data reduction	
	Covariance-based	
	Feature Selection using ANOVA F-Score	

Week 6	Introduction to Machine Algorithms	02			
Week 7 to Week 12	Regression And Classification Models and Tree Based12Models				
	Experiments using Linear and Multiple Regression				
	Experiments using Decision Tree				
	Experiments using Random Forest				
Week 13 to	Unsupervised Machine Learning and Association	06			
Week 15	Experiments using K-Means Clustering				
	Experiments using Dendrogram				
Pedagogy:	 At the start of course, the course delivery pattern, evaluation scheme, an prerequisites will be discussed. Lectures to be conducted with the aid of multimedia projector, black 				
	board, etc.	- , ,			
	 One internal written exam will be conducted as a part of ir evaluation. 	nternal theory			
	4. One assignment based on the course content for each unit w	vill be given to			
	the student and evaluated at regular intervals.				
	5. The course has a lab component as an integral part, where students hav an opportunity to build an appreciation for the concepts being taught Theory.				
	 Experiments to be performed in the laboratory as suggestimates syllabus. 	gested in the			
	7. Data Science Projects of basic level, if needed.				
	8. Data Science Methodology				
	Problem to Approach				
	Requirements to collection				
	 Understanding to preparation 				
	Modelling to Evaluation				
	Deployment to Feedback				
References:	1. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, 3rd Edition(2011). <i>Data Mi</i> and Techniques. Morgan Kaufmann.	ning Concepts			
	2. K.P. Soman, Shyam Diwakar and V. Ajay (2016). <i>Insight int</i>	o Data mining			
	Theory and Practice. Prentice Hall of India.				
	3. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar (2016). In Data Mining. Pearson Education.	ntroduction to			

Course		e end of the course, the students will be able to :
Outcomes:	CO1.	Demonstrate a solid understanding of the fundamentals of Machine
		Learning.
	CO2.	Apply Machine Learning algorithms proficiently to perform complex
		data analysis tasks.
	CO3.	Identify and interpret interesting patterns, correlations, associations,
		and causal structures within diverse datasets.
	CO4.	Solve data science problems using fundamental concepts through case
		studies.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA - 307 Title of the Course: Project Number of Credits: 4 Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To provide students with knowledge of practical skills for technological applications. To enable the student to develop an application with their re domain. Ensuring the formation of research thinking of students, forming idea of the main task and ways to solve them. Developing the basic skills for problem-solving that arise in the c research/development activities. 	espective g a clear
Units	Content	No of hours
I	1. The Project is to be carried out in a group of students (as mentioned in ordinance OA38) and is to be completed during the duration of semester VI in the field Study.	120
	 The Project shall include a set of the following activities (but not limited to) to develop confidence, aptitude, and skills during the course of the project a) Orientation on the process, conduct, and expected course outcomes. b) Topic Identification: A list of topics (social/ organizational/ academic/ any other area) may be prepared by the students. c) Identification of tools and technologies needed. d) Conduct a literature review and understand gap analysis. e) Getting trained in the area of gaps identified. 	
	3. The Project Guide in every college may decide to what extent to include and schedule the activities listed at point number 2 in the academic year as per the need. More activities may be conducted according to the need. This is to be done well in advance, in consultation with the Project Guide and the institute/organization where students are undergoing training.	
	The topic of the project shall be finalized by the student in consultation with the Project Guide.	
	5. The background work, group formation, assignment of guide, selection of project titles, problem definition formulation,	

	9. No student shall be permitted to submit the project report after		
	9. No student shall be permitted to submit the project report after the due date specified by the College/ University.		
	10. Project Report, Presentation, and Viva shall be the integral component of the evaluation jointly conducted by the Project Guide and External Examiner.		
	11. The final project report will be certified by the Project Guide, External examiner, and the head of the institution.		
	12. Students are instructed to refer to the Computer Applications Project Manual prescribed by the University for all necessary guidelines, instructions and formats.		
Pedagogy:	As per the specification mentioned in the Computer Applications Project Manual.		
References/ Readings:	Computer Applications Project Manual.		
Course Outcomes:	On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Understand the amount of complexity, effort, and planning needed in		
	solving real-world problems. CO2. Demonstrate the need for training, gap analysis, and self-		
	development, professional and ethical responsibility. CO3. Design and develop solutions to real-world problems adhering to coding		
	Cos. Design and develop solutions to real-world problems adhering to could g		
	learned during the course of study.		

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-323 Title of the Course: Social Media Marketing and Analytics Number of Credits: 4 (3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

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Pre-requisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the concept of Social Media Marketing platform. To acquire understanding of Facebook, Instagram, LinkedI Pinterest Marketing To understand video and mobile platform advertising and conce and google analytics To Measure, and Analyze Social Media Marketing Campaigns 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
	 Introduction to Social Media Marketing Evolution and significance of social media. Understanding the potential benefits of social media. Overview of different social media platforms. Managing Information – Aggregators Introduction to information aggregators. Effectively managing and curating content. Facebook & Instagram Marketing Creating and managing groups and pages on Facebook. Tips and guides for effective posts, paid promotions, and contests. In-depth exploration of Facebook Ads, Ad Manager, Power Editor, and targeting strategies. Utilizing Facebook tabs, apps, and understanding Facebook Page Insights. Twitter, LinkedIn, Pinterest Twitter setup, usage tips, and terminology. LinkedIn profile review and usage guides. Pinterest setup and management strategies. 	15
II	YouTube Video and Mobile Advertising	15
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	YouTube Channel Management	
	 Setting up a YouTube channel. Contact management and actimization 	
	Content management and optimization.	
	 Practical examples and strategies for effective channel 	
	management.	
	Video and Mobile Advertising	
	 Importance of YouTube in marketing. 	
	• YouTube formats, tools, and targeting.	
	• Video campaign creation, tracking, optimization, and analytics.	
	• Mobile advertising: Key objectives, ad formats, networks, site,	
	and app considerations.	
	Social Media Marketing Strategy	
	 Introduction to Social Media Marketing Strategy 	
	 Audience Identification and Persona Development 	
	 Platform Selection and Planning 	
	 Content Creation and Calendar Management 	
	 Paid Advertising Strategies 	
	 Monitoring and Analytics 	
III	Introduction to Analytics Tools	15
111	 Introduction to Analytics Tools Overview of Social Media Analytics 	15
111	_	15
111	Overview of Social Media Analytics	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound) goals for social media campaigns 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound) goals for social media campaigns Introduction to Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound) goals for social media campaigns Introduction to Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Connecting Instagram Business Account to Facebook 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound) goals for social media campaigns Introduction to Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Connecting Instagram Business Account to Facebook Accessing Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound) goals for social media campaigns Introduction to Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Connecting Instagram Business Account to Facebook Accessing Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Understanding Key Metrics on Facebook and Instagram 	15
111	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound) goals for social media campaigns Introduction to Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Connecting Instagram Business Account to Facebook Accessing Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Understanding Key Metrics on Facebook and Instagram Engagement Metrics (Likes, Comments, Shares) 	15
	 Overview of Social Media Analytics Importance of Analytics in Social Media Marketing Understanding key metrics (engagement, reach, impressions) Defining Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for social media Setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound) goals for social media campaigns Introduction to Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Connecting Instagram Business Account to Facebook Accessing Facebook Analytics and Instagram Insights Understanding Key Metrics on Facebook and Instagram Engagement Metrics (Likes, Comments, Shares) Reach and Impressions 	15
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IV	Practical Students are expected to have a valid account of following social media platforms: Google, YouTube, Facebook, Twitter, Pinterest, LinkedIn, Hootsuite	(30)
Week 1 & week 2	Comparison of Social Media Platforms: Analyze and compare different social media platforms, outlining their unique features, target demographics, and potential for marketing	04
	Information Aggregator Implementation: Set up an account on an information aggregator (e.g., Feedly) and curate relevant content for a specific industry or topic.	
Week 3 & Week 4	Facebook & Instagram Marketing Campaign: Plan and execute a marketing campaign on Facebook and Instagram, including creating engaging posts, running paid promotions, and analyzing results using insights.	04
Week 5 & Week 6	Twitter, LinkedIn, Pinterest Optimization: Optimize profiles on Twitter, LinkedIn, and Pinterest based on best practices.	04
Week 7 & Week 8	Pinterest Board Creation and Optimization: Create a Pinterest board for a specific business or topic, optimize it with relevant content, and implement strategies to enhance visibility.	04
Week 9 & Week 10	YouTube Channel Creation: Create a YouTube channel, upload a video, and optimize the channel for visibility. Discuss strategies for managing content effectively.	04
Week 11 & Week 12	Mobile Advertising Campaign: Develop and run a mobile advertising campaign, considering key objectives, ad formats, and targeting options. Evaluate the campaign's performance on both mobile sites and apps.	04
	Social Media Marketing Strategy Development: Develop a comprehensive social media marketing strategy, including audience identification, platform selection, content planning, and paid advertising strategies.	

Week 14 social media campaign. Evaluate the effectiveness of the campaign and propose improvements. Instagram Business Account Integration: Connect an Instagram Business Account to Facebook, explore analytics, and analyze key engagement metrics. Week 15 Hootsuite Analytics Practice: Explore Hootsuite Analytics features, generate reports on engagement and trends, and demonstrate social listening capabilities. 02 Pedagogy: • Course delivery pattern, evaluation scheme, prerequisite shall be discusse at the beginning. 02 • Conduct group activities to encourage collaboration and the exchange of ideas among students. • Practical Hands-On Sessions • Assign practical tasks related to creating and managing social media accounts, running campaigns, and analyzing results. References/ Main Reading: 1. Dave Chaffey & Fiona Ellis-Chadwick, Digital Marketing: Stratt Implementation and Practice, Pearson Education 2. Linda Coles Adams Media (2015). Marketing with Social Media. Ad Media. First Edition. 3. Sameer Deshpande, Nancy R. Lee. (2013). Social Marketing in India. S Response. First Edition. 3. Sameer Deshpande, Nancy R. Lee. (2013). Social Marketing Book. O'Reilly. Edition. 2. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busi 1. Dan Zarrella, (2009). The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busi	04	Social Week 13 & Use ar
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 Implementation and Practice, Pearson Education 2. Linda Coles Adams Media (2015). Marketing with Social Media. Ad Media. First Edition. 3. Sameer Deshpande, Nancy R. Lee. (2013). Social Marketing in India. S Response. First Edition. Additional Reading: Dan Zarrella, (2009). The Social Media Marketing Book. O'Reilly. Edition. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busing 		-
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 Media. First Edition. 3. Sameer Deshpande, Nancy R. Lee. (2013). Social Marketing in India. S Response. First Edition. Additional Reading: Dan Zarrella, (2009). The Social Media Marketing Book. O'Reilly. Edition. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busi 	Adams	
 3. Sameer Deshpande, Nancy R. Lee. (2013). Social Marketing in India. S Response. First Edition. Additional Reading: Dan Zarrella, (2009). The Social Media Marketing Book. O'Reilly. Edition. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busing 	, laarno	
 Additional Reading: 1. Dan Zarrella, (2009). The Social Media Marketing Book. O'Reilly. Edition. 2. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busing 	a. Sage	
 Dan Zarrella, (2009). <i>The Social Media Marketing Book.</i> O'Reilly. Edition. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busing 		
Edition. 2. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busi		Additi
2. Lon Safko, The Social Media Bible: Tactics, Tools, & Strategies for Busi	y. First	1.
	usiness	
Success, Brilliance Audio; Unabridged edition		
Course On completion of the course, students will be able to:		Course On cor
Outcomes: CO1. Understand social media marketing and analytics, the various channels	els	Outcomes: CO1.
through which it operates, and its role in marketing strategy.		
CO2. Develop effective ways of creating social media marketing strategy		
CO3. Analyze a Video Marketing Strategy and learn YouTube Advertising.		
CO4. Design Facebook Ads and Instagram Ads and understand how to effectively brand their Social Media Pages.		

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 324 Title of the Course: E- Commerce Applications Number of Credits: 4 (3T +1P) From AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites For the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the basic concept of e-commerce To develop an understanding of Web-based Commerce To understand marketing strategies for an online business To equip students to assess e-commerce requirements of a business 	usiness
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T+30P)
Ι	 Introduction to Electronic Commerce and Application of E-commerce Meaning, Nature and scope of e-commerce, History of e-commerce, Business applications of e-commerce, E-Commerce Models: - (B2B, B2C, C2C, B2G), Advantages and Disadvantages of e-commerce, Applications of M-Commerce E-Commerce Web-sites as marketplace, Role of web site in B2C e-commerce, Web site design principles, Alternative methods of customer communication such as e-mail. Applications of E-commerce Applications of e-commerce to Supply chain management Applications of e-commerce to digitization, Remote servicing 	15
II	 Online Marketing and Business to Consumer E-Commerce Applications Online marketing and advertising, Push and pull approaches, Web counters, Web advertisements, Content marketing, Need of Digital Marketing for an e-commerce Business, Search Engine Optimization (SEO), Search Engine Marketing (SEM), Social Media Marketing (SMM), Web Analytics Cataloging, Order planning and order generation, Cost estimation and pricing, Order receipt and accounting, Order selection and prioritization, Order scheduling, Order fulfilling, Order delivery, Order billing, Post sales service 	15

	1	
	 Business to Business E-Commerce, Electronic Payment System and Security Issues in E-Commerce Need and Models of B2B e-commerce, Using public and private computer networks for B2B trading; EDI and paperless trading, Characteristic features of EDI service arrangement, EDI architecture and standards, Reasons for slow acceptability of EDI, Value Added Networks Types of payment systems, credit cards, debit cards, mobile wallets, Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT), Operational credit and legal risk of e-payment, Risk management options for e- payment systems Risks of e-commerce, Types and sources of threats to e- commerce ; Protecting electronic commerce assets and intellectual property, Firewalls, Client server network security, Security tools, Digital identity and electronic signature; Risk management approach to e-commerce security 	15
IV	Practical Work.	30 Hours
Week 1 & Week 2	 Case study to understand e commerce model Practical on understanding the process of registering a business on the marketplace, listing your catalog. 	4
Week 3 & Week 4	Implement retargeting techniques.	4
Week 5 to Week 7	 Understanding implementing email advertising. Understanding and implementing video advertisement, reels, story creation and other visual advertisement strategies. 	6
Week 8 & Week 9	 Use different Tools for SEO (on page and off page) Case study on different tools 	4
Week 10 & Week 11	Implement different types of Content marketing strategies.	4
Week 12 & Week 13	• Use Social media marketing platforms to market the products e.g. : facebook, LinkedIn, Instagram	4
Week 14 & Week 15	 Practical to use Web analytics tools e.g. Google Analytics, crazy egg Implementing online payment for a website. Case study on EDI model and understand various EDI message passing. 	4

Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various
	course outcomes.
	1. Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture method, but
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
	2. Lectures preferably to be conducted with the aid of multimedia projector,
	black board, group activities, charts, cases, etc.
	3. Use of Case studies to illustrate concepts of Ecommerce
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
	5. Discuss how every concept is applied to the real world products
	6. Assignment based on the course content may be given to the students to
	evaluate how learning of objectives was achieved.
References/	Main Reading:
Readings:	1. Agarwala, Kales N., Amity All Deeksha Agarwala (2000). Business on the Net:
	An Introduction to the Whats and Hows of ECommerce. Macmillan India Ltd.
	2. Diwan, Prag and Sunil Sharma(2002). Electronic Commerce- A Manager's
	Guide to EBusiness. Vanity Books International Delhi.
	3. Fitzerald (1998). Business Data Communication Network. McGraw Hill.
	Additional Reading:
	1. Praveen Iyer (2020). Electronic Data Interchange - edi made simple
	Paperback
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes :	CO1 Recall the basics of e-commerce.
	CO2 Understand the design principles of e-commerce websites
	and different models of e-commerce.
	CO3 Apply the marketing strategies for an online business
	CO4 Analyze the modern ways of doing e-commerce and threats to e- commerce

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-325 Title of the Course: Modern Frameworks Number of Credits: 4(3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-requisite for the Course:	Knowledge of web designing using HTML, CSS, JavaScript, fundame application development and database queries.	entals of web
Course Objectives:	 To understand the Fundamentals of Modern Frameworks To design modern web interfaces using Tailwind CSS and VueJS To explore NoSQL Database Management with MongoDB To Build a simple web application using Tailwind CSS, VueJS and N 	ЛоngoDB
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
I	 Fundamentals of Modern Frameworks Introduction to modern frameworks Types of framework architectures - monolithic, microservices, serverless, three-tier, Model–view–controller (MVC), Client-side and Server-side features. 	10
	 Microservice Architecture Microservice Characteristics Understanding Microservices Microservice Architecture Adopting Microservices Issues with monolithic architecture REST Architecture principles Microservice Transaction Management. 	
11	Tailwind CSS FrameworkIntroduction to utility-first CSS frameworkFeatures of Tailwind CSSTailwind CSS installation with CLI@tailwind directiveCSS layoutCSS FlexboxCSS GridCSS effects and filtersCSS Transitions and Animation	20

	CSS Transforms	
	CSS Interactivity	
	VueJS Framework	
	Introduction to Vue.js	
	 Advantages of using Vue.js 	
	 Understanding the Vue.js ecosystem 	
	 Setting up a development environment 	
	Virtual DOM	
	Data Binding	
	Understanding Vue instance and data	
	 Vue directives and event handling 	
	Conditional rendering and loops	
	Vue components and props	
	Routing with Vue Router	
	Creating and managing forms	
	 Handling user input with v-model 	
	Validating form data	
	Consuming APIs with Vue.js	
- 11	Introduction to NoSQL Database	
	NoSQL Databases	15
	Difference between RDBMS and NoSQL	
	Benefits of NoSQL	
	JSON Introduction	
	JSON Structure	
	Introduction to MongoDB	
	History of MongoDB,	
	 Node Packaged Modules (npm), Installing MongoDB Locally, 	
	The Mongo Shell- Shell Collection Methods, MongoDB	
	Database Commands	
	MongoDB query language	
	 CRUD (Creating, Reading & Updating Data) Mongo Shell 	
	Query Operators	
	 Update Operators and a Few Commands 	
	Aggregation pipeline	
	Map-Reduce	
	MongoDB Cloud	
	 MongoDB Atlas (or any other platform) 	

	The Developer Data Platform	
	• Creating and Deploying an Cluster (Atlas or any other)	
IV	Practical Work	30
Week 1 & week 2	 Setting up a Tailwind CSS Project In this exercise, create a new web project and set up Tailwind CSS using the CLI. Utilize the @tailwind directive to integrate Tailwind into your HTML file and demonstrate basic utility-first styling principles. Building Responsive Layouts with Tailwind CSS Design a responsive web page layout using Tailwind CSS, incorporating Flexbox and Grid to create a visually appealing and adaptive interface suitable for various screen sizes. 	04
Week 3 & week 4	 Implementing CSS Transitions and Animation with Tailwind Enhance user experience by adding smooth transitions and animations to different elements of your webpage using Tailwind CSS. Experiment with various transition and animation classes provided by Tailwind. Introduction to Vue.js and Vue Instance Set up a Vue.js project, create a Vue instance, and explore the basics of data binding. Display dynamic content on the webpage by manipulating data properties within the Vue instance. 	04
Week 5 & week 6	 Vue.js Directives and Event Handling Implement Vue directives such as v-bind and v-on to handle events and dynamically update the DOM. Create interactive elements that respond to user actions through Vue.js. Routing with Vue Router Integrate Vue Router into your Vue.js project to enable navigation between different views or pages. Define routes, create navigation links, and demonstrate the seamless transition between components. 	04
Week 7 to week 9	 Creating Vue.js Components and Props Build modular and reusable components in Vue.js, passing data between them using props. Create a simple application with multiple components to demonstrate the power of Vue.js components. Form Handling and Validation in Vue.js Develop a form in Vue.js, implement two-way data binding using v-model, and introduce form validation techniques. Ensure that user input is processed and validated effectively within the Vue.js framework. 	06

	• Consuming APIs with Vue.js Fetch data from an external API using Vue.js and display it dynamically on your webpage. Explore the lifecycle hooks provided by Vue.js to manage the API request and response cycle.	
Week 10 & week 11	 Introduction to NoSQL and JSON Understand the basics of NoSQL databases and JSON data structure. Create a sample JSON document. MongoDB CRUD Operations Install MongoDB locally, interact with the Mongo Shell, and parform CRUD operations (Create Boad Update Delete) on a 	04
	 perform CRUD operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete) on a MongoDB database. Practice inserting, querying, updating, and deleting documents. MongoDB Query Operators Explore various query operators in MongoDB, such as \$eq, \$gt, \$lt, etc. Build queries that retrieve specific data from a collection based on different criteria using these operators. 	
Week 12		
Week 13 to week 15	• Building a Web Application Create a simple web application integrating Tailwind CSS for styling, Vue.js for dynamic web interface, and MongoDB cloud platform for cloud data storage.	06
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. 2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, 	

 and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, e generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encour students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and whe possible, it helps improve the students' understanding 6. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where the complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lectures their understanding through quizzes or presentations. 	age the en that's hey can
eferences Main Reading	
Readings: 1. Callum Macrae (2018). <i>Vue.js: Up and Running.</i> O'Reilly Publication.	
2. Kristina Chodorow (2014). MongoDB – The Definitive Guide (2nd	Edition).
O'Reilly Publication	
3. Noel Rappin (2021). Modern CSS with Tailwind: Flexible Styling with	hout the
Fuss. ISBN-13: 978-1680508185. The Pragmatic Programmers Publica	ition.
Additional Reading	
1. Nicholas Cloud (2019). JavaScript Frameworks for Moder	n Web
Development. APRESS Publication.	
2. Sam Newman(2021). Building Microservices: Designing Fine	-grained
Systems(2nd Edition). O'Reilly Publication	
Course On completion of the course, students will be able to:	
Dutcomes: CO1. Understand modern framework fundamental concepts.	
CO2. Apply Tailwind CSS for Stylish Web Design and VueJS for creating mo	dern
web interfaces.	
CO3. Manage Data Effectively with NoSQL database MongoDB.	
CO4. Design web applications using Tailwind CSS, VueJS and MongoDB.	

Fourth Year - Semester VII

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-400 Title of the Course: Statistical Tools Number of Credits: 4 (3T +1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Prerequisite for the Course :	None	
Course Objectives :	 To understand principles of sampling in data collection To learn the techniques of estimation To test hypothesis in problem solving To apply the regression techniques in solving real life problems (Case St 	
UNIT	Content	No of Hours 75 (45T + 30P)
1	 SAMPLING AND SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS Principles of Sampling, Sampling methods, Sampling Distributions: mean, difference and proportions ESTIMATION AND CONFIDENCE INTERVALS Point Estimation, properties and drawback, Confidence Interval Estimation of population mean and proportions 	15
II	HYPOTHESIS TESTING General Procedure, Errors in Hypothesis Testing, testing related to parametric test like Z test, t –test, nonparametric statistics: advantages and limitations, the Chi-Square Distribution, applications of Chi-Square Test Statistic, Mann Whitney U-Test	15
III	 MULTIPLE REGRESSION ANALYSIS Assumptions, the basics, testing the accuracy of models, robust regression: bootstrapping, reporting the regression results, regression with categorical data, dummy coding ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE One Way and Two-Way Classification, assumptions, logic of F Ratio, post hoc procedures and violations of test assumptions - Case Study related to the above discussed topics using R 	15
IV	Practical Work	30
Week 1	Getting Started with R environment : downloading , installing , using scripts , R workspace, installing packages in R	2
Week 2	Getting data into R workspace : creating variables, creating data frames , organizing data	2
Week 3	Manipulating Data : selecting parts of a data frame , data frames and matrices	2

Week 4	Exploring data with graphs in R	2
Week 5	Exploring the assumptions of normality in R	2
Week 6	Understanding Interval Estimation in R	2
Week 7	Parametric and Non-Parametric Tests in R	2
Week 8 & week 9	Testing the Regression models for accuracy	4
Week 10 &	Comparing means Using ANOVA	4
week 11		-
Week 12 to week 15	Case Studies	8
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies to use to accelerate the attainment of the valoutcomes: Lecture methods need not be only a traditional lecture malternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to outcomes. You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the opromotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Anal develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, and analyse information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and ence students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning give atleast one assignment (equivale assignment weightage) where they can complete atleast on (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their unthrough quizzes or presentations. One internal practical exam will be conducted as a part of internal equivalent practical exam will be conducted as a part of internal equivalent information. 	ethod, but attain the class, which lytical skills, generalize, ourage the when that's ent to 50% ne MOOCs derstanding evaluation. labus. maintained
References:	 Main Reading : 1. Douglas C. Montgomery.(2006) Introduction to Linear Regression Wiley india.3rd Edition. 2. Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani 	,
	Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R. Springer.	

3. P. J. Bickel and K. A. Docksum. (2015). Statistical Inference. Prentice Hall. 2nd	
edition	
Additional Reading :	
1. Andrie de Vries, Joris Meys (2006). R Programming for Dummies, Wiley;	
Second edition.	
2. Torsten Hothorn, Brian S. Everitt (2009).A Handbook of Statistical Analyses	
Using R, Second Edition , Chapman and Hall/CRC.	
At the end of the course, the students will be able to : -	
CO1. Demonstrate a thorough understanding of the principles of sampling in data	
collection	
CO2. Explain the concept of estimation and confidence intervals	
CO3. Perform hypothesis testing	
CO4. Develop competence in utilizing regression techniques to address real-life	
problems through case studies.	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-401 Title of the Course: DevOps Number of Credits: 4 (3P + 1 Tutorial) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Knowledge of OS, Programming, Networks and Web Development.	
Course Objectives:	 To learn Git fundamentals and version control. To install and utilise Docker for containerization and establish a Continuous Integration pipeline using Jenkins. To understand the Configuration Management using Ansible, Infrastructure as Code (IaC) principles with Terraform. To equip participants with the knowledge and skills to proficiently set up local Kubernetes clusters and deploy applications. 	
Units & Weeks	Content (Practical)	No of hours 105 (90P + 15 Tutorials)
Tutorial	1. Tutorial lecture of 1 hour duration to be conducted each week.	
Session	2. Concepts needed for the conduct of Practical Sessions to be disc	ussed.
Instructions	3. These sessions may also be utilized for doubt clearance	
I	Introduction to Version Control	28
Week 01	 The session this week is to be conducted as classroom teaching not in the lab to discuss the concepts mentioned below. From 2nd week onwards the sessions will be conducted in the lab setup in batches. 	07
	 Introduction to DevOps DevOps Principles in detail DevOps Engineer Skills in the market Knowing DevOps Delivery Pipeline Market trend of DevOps DevOps Technical Challenges Tools we use in DevOps Introduction to Version Control Version Numbering(Major,Minor & Patch) Semantic Versioning (SemVer) Revision Control 	
	 Branching and Merging Rollback Changelog Release Notes 	

Week 02	Git Basics	07
	• Essentials of Git in industry and in DevOps.	
	Install and configure Git	
	Set up a local repository	
	Perform basic Git commands (add, commit, push, pull)	
	Working with various commands in Git	
	Recording changes to the Repository	
	Working with Remotes Repositories	
Week 03	Git Branching and Merging	14
& 04	Basic in Branching and Merging	
	Branch Management in GIT	
	Branching Workflows and its usage	
	Remote Branches – create and delete	
	Rebasing	
	Resolve merge conflicts	
II	Containerization and Continuous Integration	35
Week 05	Docker Basics	21
to 07	Install Docker and create Docker images	
	Pull a pre-built Docker image from Docker Hub. Run the image	
	and explore its contents	
	• Write a simple Dockerfile to build a custom image. Run the image	
	and verify that it works as expected	
	 Run and manage Docker containers 	
	-	
	Learn how to use Docker volumes to persist data between	
	container restarts	
	Docker Compose	
	Define multi-container applications using Docker Compose	
Week 08	Jenkins for Continuous Integration	07
	Install and configure Jenkins	
	Create a basic Jenkins job for continuous integration	
Week 09	Jenkins Pipeline	07
Week 09	 Jenkins Pipeline Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application 	07
Week 09	•	07
Week 09	Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application	07
Week 09	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax 	07
III Week 10	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code Ansible Playbooks 	
111	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code 	28
III Week 10	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code Ansible Playbooks 	28
III Week 10	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code Ansible Playbooks Write Ansible playbooks to configure a sample environment 	28
III Week 10	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code Ansible Playbooks Write Ansible playbooks to configure a sample environment Use Ansible variables and loops to manage multiple servers with one playbook. 	28
III Week 10	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code Ansible Playbooks Write Ansible playbooks to configure a sample environment Use Ansible variables and loops to manage multiple servers with one playbook. Create Ansible roles to modularize your playbooks and make 	28
III Week 10	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code Ansible Playbooks Write Ansible playbooks to configure a sample environment Use Ansible variables and loops to manage multiple servers with one playbook. Create Ansible roles to modularize your playbooks and make them reusable. 	28
III Week 10	 Create a simple Jenkins Pipeline for a sample application Explore scripted and declarative pipeline syntax Use Jenkins plugins to integrate your pipeline with Git and Docker Configuration Management & Infrastructure as Code Ansible Playbooks Write Ansible playbooks to configure a sample environment Use Ansible variables and loops to manage multiple servers with one playbook. Create Ansible roles to modularize your playbooks and make 	28

Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Understand the concepts & fundamentals of using DevOps tools
	CO2. Apply DevOps tools for application development under different phases.
	CO3. Set up local Kubernetes clusters and effectively deploy applications.
	CO4. Analyze the implementation and use of all DevOps tools for the phases of
	software development.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 402 Title of the Course: Software Design Patterns Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	Object-Oriented Concepts	
Course Objectives:	 To understand patterns related to object-oriented design. To apply the design patterns that are common in software applicat To analyze a software development problem and evaluate alternation To create a module structure to solve a problem. 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T+30P)
I	 Introduction Definition- Design Pattern Describing Design Patterns Discussion on composition v/s inheritance basic rules of OO design The Catalog of Design Patterns Organizing the Catalog How Design Patterns Solve Design Problems How to Select a Design Pattern How to Use a Design Pattern 	15
II	 Creational Patterns Factory Method Singleton Prototype Abstract Factory Structural Pattern	15
	 Adapter Decorator Façade Proxy 	
111	Behavioral Patterns•Chain of Responsibility•State•Strategy•Command•Observer	15
	 Architectural Patterns Pipe & Filter layered MVC/MVVM 	

IV	 Practical: 1. Use of an object-oriented programming language for the concepts learnt in the units from I to III are required to be implemented practically. 2. The broad area of practical problems are mentioned below. 3. Most of the design pattern is to be covered during practical sessions as mentioned below. 4. The rest of the design patterns to be given to the students to implement as part of their assignments. 	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1	 Write a program to implement the following concepts: a. Method overriding, b. Interface c. Abstract class. 	02
Week 2 to 5	Write programs to implement Creational Patterns.	08
Week 6 to 9	Write programs to implement Structural Patterns.	08
Week 10 to 13	Write programs to implement Behavioral Patterns. (Any 4)	08
Week 14 to 15	Write programs to implement Architectural Patterns - MVC & MVVM.	04
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various coutcomes. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain to outcomes. You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class promotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analy and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, eva generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and w possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they or complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture their understanding through quizzes or presentations. 	but he ss, which tical skills, luate, the hen that's

References/	Main Reading:
Readings:	1. Freeman, E., Freeman, E., Bates, B., & Sierra, K. (2004). Head First Design
	Patterns. Shroff.
	2. Gamma, E. (2015). Design Patterns. Pearson Education.
	3. Gamma, E., Helm, R., Johnson, R., & Vlissides, J. (1994). Design Patterns:
	Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software. Wesley.
	4. Shalloway, A. (2006). Design Patterns Explained: A New Perspective on Object-
	Oriented Design (Software Patterns Series). Pearson Education.
	Additional Reading:
	1. Buschmann, F. (1996). Pattern-Oriented Software Architecture - A System of Patterns V 1 (Wiley Software Patterns Series). Wiley.
	2. Mark Grand, JAVA Enterprise Design Patterns, Wiley DreamTech, Vol
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to-
Outcomes:	CO1. Recall basic concepts of design patterns and its types
	CO2. Understand design patterns, types, and where to apply them
	CO3. Apply the design patterns that are common in software applications
	conceptually as well as practically.
	CO4. Analyze and justify the suitability of design patterns for the given problem
	and conceptually as well as its implementation.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-403 Title of the Course: Natural Language Processing Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites	1. Knowledge of standard concepts in artificial intelligence.	
for the	2. Basic familiarity with logic and probability.	
Course:	3. Adequate experience with programming.	
	4. Knowledge of using Python libraries.	
Course	1. Understand the fundamental concepts and ideas in Natural Language	ge
Objectives:	Processing (NLP).	
	2. To be familiar with natural language processing methods and tools.	
	3. Understanding both the algorithms available for processing linguist	ic
	information and the underlying computational properties of natura	l languages.
	4. Apply NLP techniques to real-world problems and datasets, and gai	n hands-on
	experience in implementing and evaluating NLP models.	
Unit	Content	No. of
		Hours
		75 (45T + 30P)
	Introduction to NLP What is NLP?, NLP vs. Computational Linguistics.	15
•	Levels of Linguistic Representation, Morphology, Lexical Analysis,	
	Syntax, Semantics, Pragmatics and Discourse.	
	Introduction to Machine Learning and Deep Learning	
	The evaluation of NLP applications	
	NLP Applications	
	Machine Translation, Question Answering and Information Retrieval,	
	Chatbots, and Dialogue Systems, Automatic Speech Recognition and Text-to-Speech	
II	NLP Algorithms	15
	Regular Expressions, Text Normalization, Edit Distance, N-gram Language Models,	
	Naive Bayes and Sentiment Classification, Logistic Regression, Vector	
	Naive Bayes and Sentiment Classification, Logistic Regression, Vector Semantics and Embeddings, Neural Networks and Neural Language	
	Semantics and Embeddings, Neural Networks and Neural Language Models, Sequence Labelling for Parts of Speech and Named Entities,	
	Semantics and Embeddings, Neural Networks and Neural Language	

III	Annotating Linguistic Structure	15
	Context-Free Grammar and Constituency Parsing, Dependency Parsing, Logical Representations of Sentence Meaning,	
	Computational Semantics and Semantic Parsing, Relation and Event Extraction, Time and Temporal Reasoning, Word Senses and WordNet, Semantic Role Labelling and Argument Structure, Lexicons for Sentiment, Affect, and Connotation, Coreference Resolution, Discourse Coherence, Phonetics	
IV	The broad area of practical problems are mentioned below.	(30)
week 1 to Week 4	 NLTK, Python 3, and the Jupyter Notebook similar IDE, Introduction to Keras, or the Natural Language Toolkit in Python for basic text processing tasks. 	8
	 Perform tokenization, stemming, and lemmatization on a given text dataset. Handle common text preprocessing tasks, such as removing stop words, punctuation, and special characters. 	
	 Train a basic language model (e.g., n-gram model) and generate text based on the learned language model. 	
Week 5 to Week 9	 Train word embeddings using Word2Vec or GloVe on a small corpus. Utilize pre-trained word embeddings and explore semantic relationships between words. 	10
	 APIs for Social Media Web Scraping, Implement a text classification task (e.g., sentiment analysis) using a machine learning algorithm (e.g., Naive Bayes, SVM) and evaluate its performance. 	
	 Build a simple named entity recognition model using a pre- trained model or a custom model on a labelled dataset. 	
Week 10 to Week 15	 Implement a part-of-speech tagging system using a rule-based or machine-learning approach. 	12
	 Build a basic information retrieval system using techniques like TF-IDF and evaluate its effectiveness on a dataset. 	
	• Fine-tune a pre-trained BERT model on a specific NLP task, such as text classification or named entity recognition.	
	 Create a text generation model using recurrent neural networks (RNNs) or transformers and generate coherent text based on a given prompt. 	

	 outcomes. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning etc. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning give at least one assignment where they can complete at least one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. One assignment in the form of a mini-project collecting data and using analytic tools may be given to the students. 	
References /	1. Allen, J. (1995). <i>Natural language understanding.</i> Benjamin-Cummings	
Readings	Publishing Co., Inc.	
	2. Bird, S., Klein, E., & Loper, E. (2009). <i>Natural language processing with Python:</i>	
	analyzing text with the natural language toolkit. O'Reilly Media.	
	3. Eisenstein, J. (2019). Introduction to natural language processing. MIT press	
	4. Jurafsky, Dan and Martin, James. (2008). Speech and Language Processing,	
	Second Edition. Prentice Hall.	
	5. McEnery, T. (2019). <i>Corpus linguistics</i> . Edinburgh University Press.	
Course	At the end of course students will be able to:	
Outcomes	CO1. Define fundamental concepts in NLP, including tokenization, stemming,	
	lemmatization, and syntactic and semantic analysis.	
	CO2. Interpret and compare representing and encoding language using various	
	techniques such as bag-of-words, TF-IDF, and word embeddings.	
	CO3. Use the necessary tricks for making their models work on practical problems.	
	CO4. Connect NLP techniques to real-world problems and datasets, demonstrating	
	the ability to choose appropriate methods and evaluate model performance.	

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 411 Title of the Course: Project Management Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre- requisites:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To remember Project management concepts To understand organizing a project To apply project management concepts and quality management concepts To analyze the use of appropriate Project Management Tools for doct the project. 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T +30P)
I	 Foundations of Project Management: -The Context of Project Management, The Project Life Cycle in the context of IT Project Management Process Stages & The Project Plan- Initiation, Planning, Execution, Monitoring and Controlling, Closing (Project Selection and Approval, Project Charter and Detailed Plan, Project Planning Framework, Project's Scope, Budget and Schedule) The Project Team :The Role of the Project Manager, Team Selection and Acquisition, The Project Environment and Team Performance 	15
11	 Defining and Managing Project Scope:- Project Scope Management Process, Scope Planning, Project Scope Verification, Scope Change Control The Work Breakdown Structure and Project Estimation:-Developing the Work Breakdown Structure, Deliverables and Milestones. Project Estimation Techniques, Software Engineering Metrics and Approaches. The Project Schedule, Budget and Risk Management:- Developing the Project Schedule and Budget, Gantt and PERT Charts, Project Network Diagrams, Critical Path Analysis, Project Management Software Tools. Identifying IT Project Risks, Risk Strategies, Risk Monitoring and Control 	15
111	 Project Communication, Tracking, and Reporting:- The Project Communication Plan, Project Metrics, Reporting Performance and Progress IT Project Quality Management:- Quality Tools, Quality Systems (ISO, Six Sigma, CMMI) Project Implementation and Evaluation, Project Procurement, Outsourcing, Project Implementation Methods, Project Evaluation, Literature review. 	15

IV	List of Practicals	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1 & 2	Gantt Charts - Project Tasks BreakDown, duration on each task, assignment to each task, task dependencies, meeting approvals and deadlines, work progression, full project schedules	04
Week 3 & 4	Network Diagram :- Drawing network to represent project, finding critical path, arrow diagrams for project analysis . (Based on Case Study)	04
Week 5 & 6	Kanban Board (Agile Board) :- Mapping of workflow, using swim lanes, creating sub teams, creating a project development and procurement board.	04
Week 7 & 8	Time Sheets : Creating a work schedule, assigning task to employees, tracking of employee work hours , reviewing and approving timesheets , sharing of time sheets and work load with stakeholders	04
Week 9 to 11	Project Dashboards for Activity Tracking (deadlines and resource availability), risk status, financials , strategic alignment (business objectives and key results), change requests, time tracking and budget, resource estimates, project deliverables and milestones (Based on Case Study)	06
Week 12 & 13	Stakeholder Mapping :- Creating a database of stakeholders, creating a grid map, determining level of involvement, connecting stakeholders.(Case Study Based)	04
Week 14 & 15	Project Management Documentation for a Case Study	04
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various of outcomes. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, b effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes use Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class promotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analyt develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage t to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world project - that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they can one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hours. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations. 	ut alternative s. You may , which ical skills, and generalize, he students and when
References/ Readings:	 Main Reading: Marchewka, J. (2018). Information Technology Project Management Wiley. Schwalbe, K. (2018). Information Technology Project Management (E Course Technology. 	

	 Additional Reading: 1. Ashfaque Ahmed (2012). Software Project Management: A Process-Driven Approach. CRC Press. Taylor & Francis Group.
Course Outcomes:	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Remember Project Management Concepts. CO2. Understand organizing a project. CO3. Apply project management and quality management concepts in the context of IT. CO4. Analyze the use of appropriate Project Management Tools for documentation of the project.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-412 Title of the Course: Dashboard Development Number of Credits: 4 (3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre- requisites for the Course:	Basic knowledge of data visualization concepts	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the concept of data visualization for dashboard design. To apply the design principles for developing effective dashboards. To create custom interactive dashboards for organizations. To develop and deploy dashboards for web applications. 	
Units	Content	No. of hours 45 (45T + 30P)
1	 Introduction to Data Visualisation and dashboard design Definition of data visualisation, Principles of effective data visualisation, characteristics of data visualisation, types of data visualisation techniques, tools used for data visualisation. 	15
	 Dashboard design and its principles Introduction to dashboards, architecture of dashboards, uses of dashboards Principles of dashboard design, methods for selecting the right dashboard Techniques and tools for dashboard development Dashboard Content 	
II	 Dashboard development process Dashboard development process and dashboard models Different aspects of dashboards Technologies used for dashboard development Roles and responsibilities in dashboard development Roles and responsibilities Variations in use of dashboards Typical dashboard data Characteristics of a well designed dashboard 	15
	 Dashboard creation, deployment and maintenance Power of visual perception Principles of visual perception Key goals in visual design process Select appropriate display media Design dashboards for usability Create interactive dashboards 	15

	Deployment and maintenance	
	 Dashboards development for web applications Case studies 	
IV	List of Practicals	30 Hours
Week 1	Practical exercise to analyse data using any data visualization tool tableau	2
Week 2	Create a static dashboard	2
Week 3	Create a dashboard to track Key Performance Indicators	2
Week 4 & Week 5	Dashboard of graphs and charts	4
Week 6 & Week 7	Design a dashboard for web using templates	4
Week 8 & Week 9	Design Custom dashboard	4
Week 10 to Week 12	Create dynamic dashboard	6
Week 13 to Week 15	Develop interactive dashboard	6
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various of outcomes. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, promotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytic develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, g and analyze information to develop dashboards. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage th come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and whe possible, it helps improve the students' understanding To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they car one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test understanding through quizzes or presentations. 	t alternative You may use which al skills, and generalize, e students to in that's

	Main Reading:
References/ Readings:	1. Few, Stephen. (2006). Information dashboard design: The effective visual
Reduiligs.	communication of data. O'Reilly Media, Inc
	2. Staron, M. (2015). Dashboard development guide How to build sustainable and
	useful dashboards to support software development and maintenance.
	3. Steve Wexler, Jeffrey Shaffer and Andy Cotgreave. (2017). The Big Book of
	Dashboards: Visualizing Your Data Using Real-World Business Scenarios.
	Additional Reading:
	1. Elias Dabbas. Interactive Dashboards and Data Apps 2. with Plotly and Dash.
	2. Nathan Yau. Visualize This: The Flowing Data Guide to Design, Visualization, and
	Statistics.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of data visualization concepts for
	dashboard design.
	CO2. Apply design principles to develop visually effective dashboards.
	CO3. Independently create custom interactive dashboards tailored to organizational
	needs.
	CO4. Successfully develop and deploy dashboards for web applications.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA - 413 Title of the Course: Introduction to Quantum Computing Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre- requisites for the Course:	Basic Knowledge of Boolean Algebra, Data Structures, Computational Con and Algorithm Analysis	nplexity,
Course Description	The feasibility of quantum computers remains uncertain, but if they be reality, they will revolutionize computational methods and have profor on various applications, including communication and computer securi the uncertainty, it is still fascinating to explore the principles of quantu computing.	und effects ty. Despite
Course Objectives:	 To introduce students to the fast-growing field of quantum computed. To create an understanding of the differences between quantum locassical bits To familiarize with the basic quantum logical operations and algor To provide an initial overview of quantum computing, emphasizing in paradigm from classical computing and introducing fundamenta algorithms. To equip students with future-proof skills, enable them to tackle c problems, enhance critical thinking abilities, and promote interdis learning. 	bits and ithms g the shift al quantum omplex
Unit	Content	No. of hours 75 45T + 30P
Ι	 Introduction to Quantum Computing One Quantum Bit Superposition- superposition, complex numbers Measurement- measurement in Z-basis, normalization, measurement on other basis, consecutive measurements Bloch Sphere Mapping- global and relative phases, Bloch sphere Physical qubits Quantum Gates- linear maps, classical reversible gates, common one-qubit quantum gates, General one-qubit gates Quantum Circuits 	15
	 Linear Algebra Quantum States- Column and row vectors Inner Products- Inner products, Orthonormality, Projection, Measurement, Change of basis Quantum Gates- Gates as matrices, Common one-qubit gates as matrices, sequential quantum gates, Circuit identities, Unitarity, Reversibility Outer Products- Outer products, Completeness relation 	

III E1	 States and Measurement- Tensor product, Kronecker product, Measuring individual qubits, sequential single-qubit measurements Entanglement- Product states, Entangled states Quantum Gates- One-qubit quantum gates, Two-qubit quantum gates, Toffoli gate No-cloning theorem Quantum Adders- Classical adders, Converting classical adder to quantum gate, Quantum setup, Quantum sum, Quantum carry, Quantum ripple-carry adder, Circuit complexity, Adding in Superposition Universal Quantum Gates- Definition, Components, Examples, Solovay-Kitaev theorem Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code Measurements- Product states, Maximally entangled states, 	15
III E1	 Quantum Gates- One-qubit quantum gates, Two-qubit quantum gates, Toffoli gate No-cloning theorem Quantum Adders- Classical adders, Converting classical adder to quantum gate, Quantum setup, Quantum sum, Quantum carry, Quantum ripple-carry adder, Circuit complexity, Adding in Superposition Universal Quantum Gates- Definition, Components, Examples, Solovay-Kitaev theorem Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code 	15
	 gates, Toffoli gate 4. No-cloning theorem 5. Quantum Adders- Classical adders, Converting classical adder to quantum gate, Quantum setup, Quantum sum, Quantum carry, Quantum ripple-carry adder, Circuit complexity, Adding in Superposition 6. Universal Quantum Gates- Definition, Components, Examples, Solovay-Kitaev theorem 7. Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code 	15
III E1	 No-cloning theorem Quantum Adders- Classical adders, Converting classical adder to quantum gate, Quantum setup, Quantum sum, Quantum carry, Quantum ripple-carry adder, Circuit complexity, Adding in Superposition Universal Quantum Gates- Definition, Components, Examples, Solovay-Kitaev theorem Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code 	15
III E1	 Quantum Adders- Classical adders, Converting classical adder to quantum gate, Quantum setup, Quantum sum, Quantum carry, Quantum ripple-carry adder, Circuit complexity, Adding in Superposition Universal Quantum Gates- Definition, Components, Examples, Solovay-Kitaev theorem Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code 	15
III E1	 quantum gate, Quantum setup, Quantum sum, Quantum carry, Quantum ripple-carry adder, Circuit complexity, Adding in Superposition 6. Universal Quantum Gates- Definition, Components, Examples, Solovay-Kitaev theorem 7. Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code 	15
III EI	 Universal Quantum Gates- Definition, Components, Examples, Solovay-Kitaev theorem Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code 	15
III EI	 Solovay-Kitaev theorem Quantum Error Correction- Decoherence, Bit-flip code, Phase-flip code, Shor code 	15
III EI	code, Shor code Intanglement and Quantum Protocol	15
III E1	-	15
	 Measurements- Product states, Maximally entangled states, 	
	Partially entangled states	
	Bell Inequalities- ERP paradox and local hidden variables, Bell inequalities and the CHSH inequality, Quantum processor	
	experiment, No-signaling principle	
	3. Monogamy and Entanglement- Classical correlations, Quantum	
	entanglement 4. Superdense Coding- The problem, Classical solution, Quantum	
	solution	
	5. Quantum Teleportation- The problem, Classical solution,	
	Quantum Solution	
	6. Quantum Key Distribution- Encryption, Classical solution: public	
	key cryptography, Quantum solution: BB84	
IV	List of Practicals	Practical Hours
		(30)
	Parity- The problem, Classical solution, Quantum solution: Deutsch's Algorithm.	06
	Constant vs Balanced Functions- The problem, Classical solution,	
	Quantum solution: Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm	
	Secret Dot Product String- The problem, Classical solution, Quantum	06
	solution: Bernstein-Vazirani Algorithm, Recursive problem	
	Secret XOR Mask: The problem, Classical solution, Quantum solution: Simon's Algorithm	
	Brute-Force Searching: The problem, Classical solution, Quantum	06
	solution: Grover's Algorithm Discrete Fourier Transform(DFT)- An Application, Classical	
	solution(DFT) and Quantum solution(QFT)	

Week 10 to week 15	Eigenvalue Estimation- The problem, Classical solution, Quantum solution Period of Modular Exponentiation- The problem, Classical solution, Quantum solution Factoring- The problem, Classical solution, Quantum solution(Shor's Algorithm)	12
References	 Main Reading Bernhardt, C. (2019). Quantum computing for everyone. Mit Press. Hidary, J. D., & Hidary, J. D. (2019). Quantum computing: an applied (Vol. 1). Cham: Springer. Nielsen, M. A., & Chuang, I. L. (2010). Quantum computation and quinformation. Cambridge university press. Additional Reading: Nielsen, M. A. (2005). Cluster-state quantum computation. Sutor, R. S. (2019). Dancing with Qubits: How quantum computing with Qubits. 	uantum
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to –	
Outcomes	CO1. Recall the basic concepts and characteristics of classical and quantu computing systems	m
	CO2. Understand the characteristics of classical & quantum computing sy quantum algorithms.	stems and
	CO3. Describe systems with qubits.	
	CO4. Perform basic quantum computing operations and quantum Fourier transform.	r

Fourth Year - Semester VIII

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-404 Title of the Course: Introduction to Functional Programming Number of Credits: 4 (3T +1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-	Basic Programming Knowledge	_
requisites	Basic understanding of mathematical concepts like functions and a	gebra.
Course	1. To understand the basics of lambda calculus	
Objectives	2. To study the concepts of functional programming	
	3. To learn the applications of modules, arrays and trees in	n functional
	programming	
	4. To apply the concepts to solve practical problems	I
		No. of
Unit	Content	Hours
		75
		(45T+ 30P)
I	Introduction to Lambda Calculus	15
	Motivation and Historical Context	
	Syntax of Lambda Calculus	
	Beta Reduction	
	Alpha and Eta reduction	
	Advanced Concepts in Lambda Calculus	
	Currying and Partial Application	
	Fix Point Combinator	
	Combinatory Logic	
	Types and Typing Rules	
	Functional Draggemening Concents	15
11	Functional Programming Concepts	15
	Computation as rewriting	
	 Polymorphism Higher-order functions: Map, Filter and Fold 	
	 Recursive functions: tail and general recursion. Pattern Matching for function definition 	
	 Guards for conditional expressions 	
	 Measuring Efficiency 	
	 Infinite Lists 	
	Conditional Polymorphism	
	 Defining functions in GHCii 	
111	Datatypes, Modules	15
	User-defined data types	
	Abstract data types	
	Recursive data types	
	Modules	
	Arrays, I/O	
	Arrays	
	Sorting	

	Input/ Output	
	Search trees	
	Binary search tree	
	Balanced binary search tree	
IV	Practical	30
Week 1	Haskell Programming	4
&	Haskell Programming Introduction to Haskell Programming	
Week2	Running Haskell Program	
	Basic Syntax: variables, functions, expressions	
Week3		4
weeks	Basics of Haskell Programming	4
م Week4	Define and use functions	
Week4	 Basic data types, List and tuples 	
	Currying	
Week5	Functional Programming Concepts	10
to	Computation as rewriting	
Week9	Polymorphism	
	Higher-order functions: Map, Filter and Fold	
	Recursive functions: tail and general recursion.	
	Pattern Matching for function definition	
	Guards for conditional expressions	
Week10		8
to	Array and Applications	
Week13	• Array	
	Sorting	
	Using Infinite lists	
	Conditional Polymorphism	
	Defining functions in GHCi	
Week 14	Datatypes, Modules	4
&	User-defined data types	
Week15	Abstract data types	
	Recursive data types	
	Modules	
Pedagogy	1. Lectures will be conducted with the aid of multimedia projector, black	board, etc
	2. Implement the concepts of functional programming using IDE like Visu	ial Studio
	Code	
Textbooks/	Main Reading:	
Reference	1. Revised Edition. (1985) . <i>The Lambda Calculus, Its Syntax and Semantic</i>	•
Books	Logic and the Foundations of Mathematics, Volume 103). North-Hollar	
	2. Simon Peyton Jones.(1987). <i>The Implementation of Functional Program Languages.</i> Prentice-Hall.	nming
	Additional Reading:	
	1. Hindley, J. R., & Seldin, J. P. (2008). Lambda-calculus and combinators:	an
	<i>introduction</i> . Cambridge University Press.	
	2. Hutton, G. (2016). <i>Programming in haskell</i> . Cambridge University Press	s.

Course	On completion of the course, students sho	Ild be able to
Outcomes	CO1. Recall the basics of lambda calculus	
	CO2. Understand the concepts of function	al programming
	CO3. Apply advanced concepts of function	al programming like Higher order
	functions, conditional polymorphism	etc
	CO4. Implement concepts of modules, arr	ays, sorting in functional programming
Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 405 Title of the Course: Information Systems Audit Number of Credits: 4 (3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	The student should have basic knowledge of computer technology.	
Course Objectives:	 To know the importance of the Information System Audit Process. To review the nature and demand of audits as well as the need for audit of computer-based IS. To assess the risk analysis to facilitate risk-based audits. To analyze the process of audit reporting and follow-ups. 	control and
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
	 Information System Audit: Role of Information System (IS) in Organization, Concept of Information Audit. IS Audit Function Knowledge: What is Information System Management? Understanding the Organization's Business Processes, Establishing the Needs of implementing IS, Identifying Key Activities, Establish Performance Objectives, Decide the Control Strategies, Implement and Monitor the Controls, Executive Management's Responsibility and Corporate Governance, Audit Role, Relationship of Internal IS Audit to the External Auditor, Relationship of IS Audit to Other Company Audit Activities. 	15
11	 IS Risk and Fundamental Auditing Concepts: Business process, Business Applications, Business Risk Assessment, Computer Risks and Exposures, Effect of Risk, Audit Evidence. Internal Controls Concepts Knowledge: Internal Controls, Elements of Internal Control, Manual and Automated Systems, Control Procedures, Control Objectives and Risks. Application Controls: What is application control, What is the relationship between application controls and general controls, Why rely on application controls, How to scope a risk-based application control review, What are the steps to conduct an application controls review. 	15

	Risk Management of the IS Function:	
	Nature of Risk, Elements of Risk Analysis, Computer System Threats,	
	Risk Management.	
	Information System Audit:	15
	Information System Audit: IS auditor's role in review of application controls (AI, Data	15
	warehouse, EFT, Point of Sale, DSS, ERP, etc.) Computer Assisted	
	Audit Techniques (CAATS). User controls, Database controls and	
	Preparation of IS audit programme. Practical aspects of validation of	
	reports from business application software.	
	Audit Reporting:	
	Regulations pertaining to IS audit, IS audit report format.	
IV	Practical Work	Practical
	The concepts learned in the units from I to III are required to be	Hours (30)
	implemented practically. Use of Open Source software to be used for	
	the practicals.	
Week 1	Case Studies on the Information Audit Process.	04
	Discuss and analyze real-world cases where the information audit	-
	process played a crucial role in identifying and mitigating risks. Tools:	
	Document management systems, audit trail tools.	
Week 2	Discuss and Analysis Information System Auditing Process, Key	04
Week 2	Discuss and Analyse Information System Auditing Process, Key	04
	Aspects Enterprise Governance of Information and	
	Technology, Information Systems Acquisition, Development and	
	Implementation, Business case and Feasibility Analysis.	
Week 3	Preparation of IS Audit Program and Online Footprints	04
	Analysis, Discuss the importance and components of an IS audit	
	program, Guide students in preparing a comprehensive IS audit	
	program for a hypothetical scenario, Emphasize the role of the audit	
	program in identifying and addressing security risks,Tools: Document	
	management systems, template tools for IS audit program.	
Week 4	To understand and apply Information Systems Operations,	04
	Maintenance and Support, End User Computing, Protection of	
	Information Assets, Privacy Principles, Factor of Authentication,	
	Virtual Private Network	
l		

Week 5	Demonstrate the use of network scanning, finding the open ports,	04
	finding the vulnerability from the network(Use of Nmap scanning	
	tool or any other similar software tool),Log Management and	
	Analysis, Tools: These tools collect, store, and analyze log data from	
	various sources to identify suspicious or anomalous activities.	
	Examples include Splunk, ELK Stack (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana),	
	and Graylog.	
Week 6	To identify and understand website vulnerability (Use of Netcat Tool	04
	or any other similar software tool)	
Week 7	To understand and apply Brute Force Techniques to check the login	04
	portal's security. To demonstrate tools for retrieving information of	
	organization website (Use of OWASP ZAP tool or any other similar	
	software tool)	
Week 8	To demonstrate the payload and the remote process. (Use of	02
Week o	Metasploit tool or any other similar software tool). Demonstration	02
	of a web-based information system and to check its vulnerability	
-	(Use of Burp Suite tool or any other similar software tool)	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies to use to accelerate the attainment of the various co	urse
	outcomes.	њ. I
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method	
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain	the outcomes.
	You may use:	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts	
	b. collaborative, peer, flipped learning etc.	
	2. Adopt Problem-Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Anal	
	and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, even	aluate,
	generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.	
	3. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage	e the students
	to come up with creative ways to solve them.	
	4. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world.	
	5. Assignments based on the course content shall be given to the stu	dent and
	evaluated at regular intervals.	
	6. Experiments to be performed in the laboratory as suggested in the	

References/	Main Reading:
Readings:	1. Cascarino, R. E. (2007). Auditor's Guide to Information Systems Auditing
	(Standard Edition 2007). John Wiley & Sons.
	2. Christine Bellino, Steve Hunt (2007).Global Technology Audit Guide 8: Auditing
	Application Controls. The IIA Research Foundation.
	3. Hemang Doshi, Hiral Patel. (2022). The Beginner's Guide to Information System
	Audit. Amazon Asia Pacific Holdings Private Limited.
	Additional Reading:
	1. Weber, R. (1999). Information Systems Control and Audit. Prentice Hall.
	2. Weber, R. (1988). EDP Auditing: Conceptual Foundations and Practice (2nd ed.).
	Tata McGraw Hill.
Course	On completion of the course the student will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Recall the concepts of the Information Audit System.
	CO2. Understand the different types of Information System Audits
	CO3. Apply an audit strategy for Information Systems based on risk
	management.
	CO4. Analyze Information Systems audit tools and techniques.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 406 Title of the Course: Internet of Things Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	The student should have basic knowledge of computer architecture ar	nd networking.
Course Objectives:	 Understand the basic concepts of IoT and its applications Manipulate sensors/actuators. Implement IoT Projects. 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T+30P)
	 Introduction to IoT Overview of Internet of Things (IoT) Characteristics of devices and applications in IoT ecosystem, Building blocks of IoT Technologies making up IoT ecosystem IoT levels, IoT design methodology Physical Design/Logical Design of IoT Functional blocks of IoT and Communication Models. Controlled Systems and Connectivity Models Working of Controlled Systems Real-time systems with feedback loop (e.g., thermostat in refrigerator, AC, etc.) Connectivity models – TCP/IP versus OSI model Different type of models using wired and wireless methodology Process flow of an IoT application 	15
II	 Sensors, Actuators, and Microcontrollers Sensor - Measuring physical quantities in digital world (e.g., light sensor, moisture sensor, temperature sensor, etc.) Actuator - moving or controlling system (e.g., DC motor) Different type of actuators Controller - Role of microcontroller as gateway to interfacing sensors and actuators Microcontroller vs Microprocessor Types of Microcontrollers in Embedded Ecosystem Embedded Programming Basics and Control Structures Embedded Programming Language- Basics Variables and Identifiers Built-in Data Types Arithmetic Operators and Expressions Constants and Literals, Assignment. Conditional Statements, Loops 	15

	 Decision making using Relational Operators, Logical Connectives, If-else statement Loops: while loop, do while, for loop, Nested loops, Infinite loops, Switch statement 	15
	 Embedded Programming Interfacing Sensors, Functions, and Practical Implementations Arrays – Declaring and manipulating single dimension arrays Functions - Standard Library of C functions in Arduino IDE Prototype of a function: Formal parameter list Return Type Function call Interfacing sensors – The working of digital versus analog pins in Arduino platform Interfacing LED, Button, Sensors-DHT, LDR, MQ135. Display the data on Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) Interfacing keypad Serial communication – interfacing HC-05 (Bluetooth module) Control/handle 220v AC supply – interfacing relay module. 	15
IV	List of practicals Using embedded C programming language , the concepts learned in the units from I to III are required to be implemented practically. The broad area of practical problems is mentioned/ suggested below.	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1 to week 5	 Design a simple IoT system using Arduino and sensors to monitor environmental conditions and communicate data to a centralized server. Develop an IoT application that controls the temperature of a simulated environment using a thermostat and provides real- time feedback. Interface a light sensor and a DC motor with an Arduino microcontroller to create a system that responds to changes in light intensity. 	10
Week 6 to week 10	 Write an embedded "C" program that utilizes conditional statements and loops to control the behavior of an LED based on input from a button. Create an Arduino program that interfaces with a DHT sensor to measure temperature and humidity. Use functions to display the data on an LCD. Implement a system that uses arrays to store and manipulate sensor data from multiple sensors. Create functions to perform specific operations on the array. 	10
Week 11 to week 15	 Develop a system that uses a relay module to control a 220v AC device (e.g., a light bulb) based on sensor input. Ensure safety measures are implemented. Mini project: Create a small IOT based project using the concepts learnt in previous weeks 	10

Pedagogy	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but			
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the			
	outcomes. You may use			
	i. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.			
	ii. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.			
	2. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when			
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical			
	skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design,			
	evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.			
	4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the			
	i. students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.			
	5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when			
	that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
References/	Main Reading			
Readings:	 Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti. (2014) Internet Of Things: A Hands-On Approach. Publisher Arshdeep Bahga & Vijay Madisetti 			
	2. Olivier Hersent and David Boswarthick. (2012) Internet Of Things: Key			
	Applications and Protocols. John Wiley & Sons Limited			
	3. Raj Kamal. (2017). Internet of Things Architecture and Design Principles. Mc			
	Graw Hill India			
	Additional Reading:			
	1. F. John Dian. (2022) Fundamentals of Internet of Things: For Students and			
	Professionals.Wiley-IEEE Press 2. Vinay Chowdary, Abhinav Sharma, Naveen Kumar, Vivek Kaundal(2023)			
	Internet of Things in Modern Computing Theory and Applications.CRC Press			
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:			
Outcomes:	CO1. Remember the characteristics of IOT , functional blocks, process flow ,			
	components and its uses.			
	CO2. Understand the basic concepts of IoT and how to interface sensors and			
	actuators with the microcontroller Arduino platform.			
	CO3. Develop IoT based applications using Arduino or Raspberry Pi.			

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA - 407 Title of the Course: Research Methodologies Number of Credits: 4 (3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre- requisites for the Course:	The student should have basic knowledge of Statistics.	
Course Objectives:	1. To identify characteristics of scientific method, foundations of research identification and problem formulation.	n, problem
	 To understand the design concepts for qualitative, quantitative researce concepts of measurements. 	ch, and
	3. To apply concepts of research reporting/publishing.	
	4. To use statistical techniques/tools for data analysis.	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T+30P)
1	Foundations of Research:	15
	Meaning, Objectives, Motivation, Utility. Concept of theory, empiricism,	
	deductive and inductive theory; Characteristics of scientific method,	
	Understanding the language of research – Concept, Construct, Definition,	
	Variable.	
	Problem Identification & Formulation, Research Question, Investigation	
	Question – Measurement Issues.	
	Research Design:	
	Concept and Importance in Research – Features of a good research	
	design; Exploratory Research Design – concept, types and uses;	
	Descriptive Research Designs – concept, types and uses;	
	Experimental Design: Concept of Independent & Dependent variables.	
	Qualitative and Quantitative Research:	
	Concept, Approach and Application: Qualitative research & Quantitative	
	research examples and problems.	

н	Data Collection Methods:	15
	Collection of Primary Data, Observation Method, Interview Method,	
	Questionnaires, Schedules, Other Methods of Data Collection, Collection	
	of Secondary Data, Case study method.	
	Measurement:	
	Concept of measurement– What is measured? Problems in measurement	
	in research – Validity and Reliability. Levels of measurement – Nominal,	
	Ordinal, Interval, Ratio.	
	Processing and Analysis of Data:	
	Processing operations, Elements/ types of analysis, Statistics in research-	
	measures of central tendency or statistical averages, measures of	
	dispersion, measures of asymmetry (skewness), measures of relationship,	
	Simple regression analysis, Multiple correlation and regression, Partial	
	correlation, Association in case of attributes.	
	Hypothesis:	15
	Qualities of a good Hypothesis –Null Hypothesis & Alternative	
	Hypothesis, procedure for hypothesis testing, flow diagram, Test of	
	hypothesis, procedure for hypothesis testing, Hypothesis for means,	
	difference between means, comparing two related samples, proportions,	
	difference between proportions, comparing a variance to some	
	hypothesized population variance, power of test.	
	Chi-square test: χ^2 test and their applications in research studies.	
	Analysis of variance: Basic principles of ANOVA, ANOVA technique,	
	setting up of analysis of variance table, one way, ANOVA, two way	
	ANOVA.	
	Research Reporting:	
	Scientific Writing Structure and components of Scientific Reports – types	
	of Report – Technical Reports and Thesis – Significance – Different steps	
	in the preparation – Layout, structure and Language of typical reports -	
	Illustrations and tables – Bibliography, Referencing and footnotes	
	Practical work	
IV	The broad area of practical problems is to be taken from the following	Practical Hours
	two heads:	(30)
Week 1 to	I. Data Analysis using statistical tools: Data Preparation – Univariate	16
week 8	analysis (frequency tables, bar charts, pie charts, percentages), Bivariate	
	analysis – Cross tabulations and Chi-square test including testing	
	hypothesis of association. Interpretation of Data and results.	

	II. Paper Writing – Layout of a Research Paper, Software for paper	14
Week 9 to week 15	formatting like LaTeX/MS Office.	
	✓ Explore Journals in Computer Science, Impact factor of Journals,	
	When and where to publish? UGC Care List, Scopus Indexed, Web of	
	Science.	
	✓ Explore ethical issues related to publishing, Plagiarism and Self-	
	Plagiarism.	
	 Explore softwares for detection of Plagiarism. 	
	✓ Use of Encyclopedias, Research Guides, Handbook etc., Academic	
	✓ Databases for Computer Science Discipline.	
	✓ Use of tools / techniques for Research: methods to search required	
	information effectively, Reference Management Software like	
	Zotero/Mendeley	
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various co	urse
	outcomes.	
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but	
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the	
	outcomes. You may use	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.	
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, w	hich
	promotes critical thinking.	
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical	skills,
	and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate	2,
	generalize, & analyze information rather than simply recall it.	
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the	
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.	
	6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when	tnat's
	possible, it helps improve the students' understanding	
	7. To promote self-learning give at least one assignment where they can	
	complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture he	our.
	Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.	

References/ Readings:	 Main Reading: Jain, R. K. (2021). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques (5th ed). Vayu Education of India. Kothari, C. R. (2004). Research Methodology (2nd ed.). New Age International Publishers. Additional Reading: Panneer Selvam. (2007). Research Methodology. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
Course Outcomes:	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Recall the characteristics of scientific method, foundations of research, research process and design. CO2. Understand the design concepts for qualitative, quantitative research, and concepts of measurements. CO3. Apply concepts of research reporting/publishing. CO4. Use statistical techniques to analyze data.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA - 414 Title of the Course: Interactive Media Number of Credits: 4(3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-requisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To learn interactive digital media concepts To understand to conceptualize, plan, and execute creative ideas using necessary tools/technology To apply appropriate learning and skills to create new digital and interactive media content. To create digital content for multimedia. 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
I	Interactive Digital Media: Introduction, Forms of Interactive Digital Media, Interactive Digital Media vs Other Forms of Media, Developing Interactive Digital Media, Essential Skills for the Interactive Digital Media Developer, The Impact of Interactive Digital Media, Career Opportunities in Interactive Digital Media	15
	Fundamental Components of Interactive Digital Media: Introduction, Analog vs. Digital Media, Bits and Bytes, File Formats, Analog to Digital, The Pros of Digital Media, Compression, Description vs. Command-Based Encoding of Media, Color on the Screen	
11	 Media Content: Introduction, Graphics, Pixel-based Images, Vector-based Images, 2D Animation, 3D Graphics and Animation, Audio, Video & Text in Interactive Digital Media. Aesthetics in Interactive Digital Media: Introduction, Typography, Color Theory, Design Principles, and Layout and Visualization. 	15
III	 Authoring Interactive Digital Media: Introduction, Multimedia Authoring, Making Video Games: Casual and Console, Building Apps, Building Interactive Media for Performance and Public Spaces, Building Websites Usability: Introduction, Importance of good usability, Guidelines for Good Usability, Usability and Play Testing 	15
IV	List of Practicals	Practical Hours (30)

Week 1 & week 2	 Interactive multimedia presentations and Story Boarding :- create engaging presentations using interactive power point features Use of Text Content, intended graphics , Audio/voice over/ Music or sound effects, Animation, Video, user interface Design(Tile bars, navigation buttons, Position of text and graphics) 	4
Week 3 to Week 5	 Social media interaction design:- Plan and execute a social media campaign with interactive content. Optimization of the campaign for better interaction after taking user feedback. 	6
Week 6 & week7	• Editing : audio & Video Editing, Colour Correction , visual effects and exporting	4
Week 8 to Week 10	• Video production :- planning / capturing videos , pre production and post production and rendering	6
Week 11 & Week 12	• Designing Interactive Interface : for web based application .	4
Week 13 to Week15	Design Interactive interfaces for mobile based applications	6
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. 2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, & analyze information rather than simply recall it. 4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding 7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they can complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their 	

References/ Readings:	 Main Reading: Julia V. Griffey.(2020). Introduction to Interactive Digital Media: Concept and Practice. A Focal Press book. Roy Rada,(2012) A. Michailidis. Interactive Media. Springer New York. Thakur, D. (2005). Interactive Multimedia: Concepts and Practices. I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd
	Additional Reading:
	1. Yue-Ling Wong. (2012). <i>Digital Media Primer</i> . Pearson Education.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Understand audio, video and animations that demonstrate both technical
	knowledge and design principles.
	CO2. Apply knowledge of software applications and tools/emerging technologies to
	create digital media
	CO3. Analyze and Implement critical thinking skills by solving challenges related to
	multimedia creation.
	CO4. Design user friendly interactive interfaces.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA-415 Title of the Course: Game Design Number of Credits: 04 (3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course:	None	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the different types of games and navigations To become creative and competent to work with 2d characters and vegraphics. To create storyboards, paper prototype of the game and design the data. To understand the different UI Patterns. 	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
	 Introduction to Game Design Game development Different types of game and use cases - FPS, RPG, Racing, Fighting, Casual, Money, Spinner, Casino, Massively Multiplayer Online (MMO). Game Simulations. Adventure - Real Time Strategy (RTS) - Puzzle, Action - Stealth Shooter, Combat. Revert Settings - Launching Your First Project - Importing a Project - Switching Between Projects - Customizing the UI – Navigation - Manipulating Objects - Position Game Objects - Place Light Probes. 	15
II	 Working With 2D 2D characters Characters from Different Countries and Styles Asian characters vs. Western characters Making sprites Working with vector graphics. 2D Game Design Pipeline The market - The audience - The platforms where to publish the game - The competitor - Define the story - Create timelines - Storyboards - Level Design - Game play mechanics - Costs of the game - Making and maintenance- Create a game design document.	15

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	2D Environment and 2D Background	15
	• 2D environment - Form and Shape, Anatomy and Proportions,	
	Perspective, Breaking Down Color, Lighting and Shading.	
	• 2D background - Form and Shape - Anatomy and Proportions	
	Perspective - Breaking Down Color - Lighting and Shading - 2D	
	Character Design – Primitives – Textures - creating face –	
	expressions – anatomy - body parts - cartoon making.	
	Different UI Patterns	
	 Introduction - UI and UX - What Does a Good UI Do? - Case study 	
	 – Games - With Poor UIs bad and good cases - Success rates and 	
	compilation - Oblivion- case study - Far Cry 3 - case study - Mortal	
	Kombat X- Case Study - Fight of the legends - case study. 2D	
	Platformer – Build with assets.	
IV	List of suggested Practicals	Practical
		Hours (30)
Week 1	Create a design for a puzzle game.	6
to 3		
Week 4 to 6	 Creating Storyboard for a racing game. 	6
Week 7	Create a prototype of a tic tac game.	6
to 9		
Week 10 to 12	Create a 2D toy character with suitable animation effects.	6
Week 13	Create a test plan for testing a board game.	6
to 15		
Pedagogy:	Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various	course
	outcomes.	
	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture me	thod, but
	alternative, effective teaching methods could be adopted to	attain the
	outcomes. You may use	
	a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.	
	b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.	
	2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the cl	ass, which
	promotes critical thinking.	
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analy	rtical skills.
	and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design,	
	generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.	
	4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.	
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and enco	urage the
	5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and enco	שומצר נוור

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	 students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding 7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment (equivalent to 50% assignment weightage) where they can complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their understanding through quizzes or presentations.
References/ Readings:	 Main Readings: Adams. (2015). Fundamentals of Game Design. Third edition, New Riders Publication. Alan Thorn. (2007). Introduction to Game Programming with C++. BPB Publications, First Edition. Chris Solarski. (2012). Drawing Basics and Video Game Art: Classic to Cutting-Edge Art Techniques for Winning Video Game Design. First Edition, Watson – Guptill
	 Publication. Additional Readings: Crawford, C. <i>The Art of Computer Game Design</i>. Berkeley, California: Osborne/McGraw-Hill. Gibson, J. <i>Introduction to Game Design</i>, <i>Prototyping</i>, and <i>Development: From Concept to Playable Game—with Unity® and C#</i>. Rouse III, R. <i>Game Design: Theory & Practice</i> (2nd ed.). Illustrations by S. Ogden. Foreword by N. Falstein.
Course Outcomes:	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1. Understanding gaming concepts and different gaming components. CO2. Demonstrate the flow of 2D game designing. CO3. Applying 2D environment and background for designing Characters. CO4. Preparing different case studies on UI patterns.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA 416 Title of the Course: Educational Technology Number of Credits:4 (3T+1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

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Prerequisite for the Course :	The student should have basic knowledge of the use of computer technology	Ι.
Course Objectives :	 To understand the basic concepts of Educational Technology, Systems Approach to planning lessons and instructional materials To understand the concept, functions and elements of Communication, types of instructional media and materials To apply the knowledge to develop skill in preparing and using different instructional materials. 	
UNIT	Content	No of hours 75 (45T +30P)
I	Introduction to Educational Technology	15
	a. Understanding Educational Technology:	
	Meaning and definition of Educational Technology; Objectives of	
	Educational Technology; Types of Educational Technology - Teaching	
	Technology, Behavioural Technology, Instructional Technology;	
	Components of Educational Technology - Hardware approach and	
	Software approach.	
	b. System approach in Educational Technology:	
	Definition of System Approach, Components of Educational	
	Instructional System, Stages of System Approach in Teaching,	
	Importance of system approach, Role of teacher in system approach.	
	c. Classroom Applications of Educational Technologies:	
	Survey of educational hardware and software. Technology in Education:	
	Meaning, Evolution and Development Traditional Educational	
	Technology/Materials. ICT in Education: Computer, Internet, Multimedia/Hypermedia.	

II	Communication and Learning Experiences	15
	a. Communication Process:	
	Definition, Characteristics and Importance of Communication;	
	Communication Cycle; Principles of Communication; Classroom	
	communication -Verbal and Non-Verbal communication; Factors	
	affecting Classroom Communication; Barriers to effective Classroom	
	Communication and methods to overcome these barriers; Flanders	
	Interaction Analysis Categories System (FIACS).	
	b. Edgar Dale's Cone of Experiences:	
	Direct and Purposeful (Games & Experiments), Contrived Experiences	
	(Three Dimensional, Mock up, Diorama), Dramatised Experiences	
	(Pageant, Socio-Drama), Demonstration Boards (chalkboard, peg board,	
	flipped classroom and MOOCs), Field Trips, Exhibits, Still Pictures	
	(drawings, graphs, cartoon etc.)	
	Trends in Educational Technology:	15
	a. Teaching Aids:	
	Principles of selecting Teaching Aids; Types of Teaching Aids - Non-	
	Projected (Chalkboards Electronic Marker Boards, Flip charts,	
	Dioramas, flipped classroom), Projected (Slide Projector, Film Strips,	
	Epidiascope, Microfilm), Audio-Visual Materials (Motion picture,	
	Videos); Online tools (LMS, MOOCs, Content Creation and	
	Collaboration, Assessment and Feedback, Virtual Classroom, Web	
	Conferencing, Interactive Whiteboard, Coding, Note Taking, Adaptive	
	Learning Platforms).	
	b. Flipped Classroom:	
	Introduction, Types of Flipped learning: Standard Inverted Classroom,	
	Group based Flipped Classroom, Debate-Focused Flipped Classroom,	
	Discussion Focused Flipped Classroom, Micro-Flipped Classroom, Faux	
	Flipped Classroom, Virtual Flipped Classroom, and Flipped Teacher	
	Approach. Advantages and disadvantages of flipped Classroom.	
	c. Technology and Student Assessment:	
	Difference between Evaluation and Assessment, Types of Evaluation:	
	Product, Process, Formative and Summative Assessment, Objective-	
	based evaluation, Rubrics, Checklist, Blogs, Polls, Discussions, Quiz.	

IV	List of Practicals The concepts learned in the units from I to III are required to be implemented practically.	Practical Hours (30)
Week 1 & week 2	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit I (Multimedia/Hypermedia/Presentations)	04
Week 3 & week 4	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit II (Verbal and Non-Verbal communication, Effective Communication)	04
Week 5 & week 6	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit II (Games & Experiments, peg board).	04
Week 7 & week 8	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit II(Digital Exhibits, Still Pictures)	04
Week 9 & week 10	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit III (LMS, MOOCs)	04
Week 11 & week 12	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit III (MOOCs, Rubrics, Checklist)	04
Week 13 & week 14	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit III (Flipped Classroom,Blogs, Polls, Discussions, Quiz)	04
Week 15	Based on concepts and techniques learnt in Unit III (Quiz)	02
Pedagogy:	 Suggested strategies for use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. You may use a. Video/Animation to explain various concepts. b. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc. 2. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, & analyze information rather than simply recall it. 4. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding 7. To promote self-learning, give at least one assignment where they can complete one MOOCs (certificate or equivalent) course out of lecture hour. Test their 	

References:	 Main Reading: 1. Kanvaria, V. K. (2014). A comprehension on educational technology and ICT for education. New Delhi: GBO. 2. S.K. Mangal, Uma Mangal (2009). Essentials of Educational Technology. PHI Learning
	Private Limited, New Delhi. ISBN : 978-81-203-3727-7.
	Additional Reading:
	3. Chetna Jathol, Sonal Chabra (2005). Educational Technology. Vikas publishing house.
	4. Dr. Vikram Sharma, Dr. Amandeep Chaulia. Educational Technology & ICT. Iterative International Publishers (IIP). ISBN:9789393364180
	5. Kanvaria, V. K. (2014). A comprehension on educational technology and ICT for education. New Delhi: GBO.
	6. M. D. Roblyer, Aaron H. Doering, (February 25, 2012) Student Value Edition 6th Edition. Integrating Educational Technology into Teaching. Pearson.
	7. Mishra, S. & Sharma, R.C. (eds) (2005). <i>Interactive Multimedia in Education and Training</i> . London: Idea Group Inc (IGI).
	8. Roblyer, M.D. (2007). Integrating Educational Technology into Teaching, (Edn 4). Delhi: Pearson Education India.
	9. Shelly Cashman Gunter, (2006), 2nd Edition. <i>Teachers Discovering Computers,</i> Integrating Technology in the Classroom.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Recall the concepts of Educational Technology, and its systems approach to
	planning lessons and instructional materials
	CO2. Understand the foundations of communication and the different types of instructional media and materials
	CO3. Apply the knowledge to develop skill in preparing and using different instructional materials.

Name of the Programme: Bachelor of Computer Applications Course Code: CSA- 417 Title of the Course: Blockchain Technology Number of Credits: 4 (3T + 1P) Effective from AY: 2024-25

Pre-requisites for the Course: Course	The student should have basic knowledge of Information technology and Programming . 1. To understand blockchain technology and its applications.	Python
Objectives:	 To demonstrate the implementation of blockchain solutions. 	
Objectives.	3. To apply insights of blockchain across applications.	
Units	Content	No of hours 75 (45T + 30P)
	 Introduction to Blockchain Technology Overview of blockchain concepts, Decentralized systems, Consensus algorithms Blockchain types: Public, Private, and Consortium Cryptography fundamentals for blockchain Blockchain Development Platforms and Tools Introduction to blockchain development frameworks (e.g. Ethereum, Hyperledger and Polygon) Setting up the blockchain development environment 	10
II	 Solidity Programming Introduction to Solidity, Solidity Syntax and Structure Data Types and Variables, Control Structures, Functions and Modifiers, Mappings and Arrays, Error Handling Smart Contract Deployment (Eg. Polygon Network) Blockchain Security and Privacy Blockchain security challenges and attacks. Cryptographic techniques for securing blockchain transactions. Privacy and anonymity considerations in blockchain systems. Types of Smart contract attacks. 	15

	Decentralized Applications (DApps)	20
	 Smart contract development and testing on DApp 	
	 Interacting with smart contracts using web interfaces and APIs 	
	 Building and deploying decentralized applications (DApps) 	
	Blockchain Applications and Industry Use Cases	
	 Blockchain applications in finance, supply chain, healthcare, and 	
	other domains.	
	 Regulatory and legal considerations for blockchain adoption. 	
	 Evaluating the potential impact of blockchain on various industries 	
	List of Practicals	Practical
IV	The concepts learned in the units from I to III are required to	Hours
	be implemented practically. The broad area of practical problems is	(30 Hours)
	mentioned/ suggested below.	
Week 1 to week	 Set up a basic private blockchain using a platform like Hyperledger 	10
5	Fabric. Explore the consensus algorithms and configure a	10
	decentralized system.	
	 Install and configure development environments for Ethereum OR 	
	Polygon.	
	 Develop a simple smart contract in Solidity and deploy it on the 	
	Polygon network.	
Week 6 to week	Create a sample smart contract using Solidity, incorporating data	10
10	types, control structures, and functions.	
	 Implement cryptographic techniques in a smart contract to 	
	enhance security.	
	 Create a smart contract practicing Self Destruction contract. 	
	 Develop a basic decentralized application (DApp) that interacts 	
	with a smart contract. Use web interfaces and APIs to showcase	
	the functionality of the DApp.	
Week 11 to	 Explore real-world blockchain applications by developing a 	10
week 15	prototype for a specific industry (e.g., finance, supply chain).	
	 Exploring Reentrancy attack on smart contract. 	

Podagogy	1 The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but
Pedagogy	1. The lecture method need not be only a traditional lecture method, but
	alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the
	outcomes. You may use
	i. Video/Animation to explain various concepts.
	ii. Collaborative, Peer, Flipped Learning, etc.
	2. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's
	possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
	3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills,
	and develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate,
	generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
	4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the
	students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
	5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's
	possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
References/	Main Reading
Readings:	1. Bashir, I. (2020). Mastering Blockchain: Unlocking the Power of Cryptocurrencies,
	Smart Contracts, and Decentralized Applications.
	2. Chris Dannen(2017). Introducing Ethereum and Solidity: Foundations of
	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Programming for Beginners
	3. Drescher, D. (2017). Blockchain Basics: A Non-Technical Introduction in 25 Steps.
	4. Modi Ritesh(2022).Solidity Programming Essentials.
	Additional Reading:
	1. Elad Elrom(2019).The Blockchain Developer
	2. Jitendra Chittoda(2019). Mastering Blockchain Programming with Solidity.
Course	On completion of the course, students will be able to:
Outcomes:	CO1. Recall the underlying concepts and principles of blockchain technology.
	CO2. Understand the usage of blockchain applications using appropriate
	frameworks and tools.
	CO3. Apply smart contracts and decentralized applications (DApps) in blockchain
	development.
	CO4. Analyse the potential use cases and implications of blockchain technology.